

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LIII] No 36 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA - FRIDAY

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Farmers' Sale Notes Collected

It is more convenient to have the Dominion Bank collect your Sale Notes, than to try to do so yourself.
When you have a sale, have the Notes made payable at the Dominion Bank, and deposit them here for collection.
Such collections are made on most favorable terms.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

PATRIOTIC PRAYER

By A. L. H.

O God, the prophets "Lord of Hosts," Thou art "our Father," and our God in peace or war. Our souls are disquieted within 'us and our sensitive civilization, born of Thee, is shocked at the noise of battle. Duty calls us to defend not alone our civilization, but our Christianized civilization. Surely we have interpreted Thy will to defend Britain's cause. Thy Blessed trinity of Honor, Truth and Integrity has implemented our action in defence of freedom for and responsible government by thy people. During this unmitigated blasphemy of war thrust on Thy sons and daughters of the British Empire, forgive us if we call amiss on the name of Christ who gave us, in a "goodly warfare" man's true freedom—the source of British liberty and British justice.

Our Father and Protector of our King—of our Parliaments—of our Navy and Freedom's domains, we thank Thee now for the heroism that must face danger and death, that neither Britain nor Britain's neighbors be enslaved. And do Thou spare, in Thy providential ruling the blood of Christian men. Thy name is dear to our men at the front. May Gideons arise and Caleb wait—wait even to do the hard task because it is hard—to break the despots claim that now lashes the unconquered sea—God's highway ever to be free. And may we soon hear that cancelling call, "peace be still." Amen.

FLORIDA.

Rain is needed very much in this locality, as pastures and crops are drying up.

Miss Georgina Ferguson, Kingston, and Miss Anna Thompson, Inverary, were the guests of Mrs. W. L. Storms a few days last week.

Miss Vera Bell, of Kingston, is visiting at J. Davey's.

Mr. Jeffrey and sister, Bertha, of Hardington, spent Friday evening at J. E. Peter's.

W. L. Storms has purchased a fine horse for which he paid a very fancy price.

The most of the wells of this locality are dry.

Visitors: W. Clark and family, of Havelock, at E. Martin's; M. Martin, Yarker, at E. Redden's; Mrs. Garrison, of Yarker, at H. Carroll's.

CANADA'S BANKING SYSTEM SHOWS UP WELL IN CRISIS.

GOVERNMENT BEHIND THE BANKS IN EFFECTIVE PREPARATIONS

The Armies of Drawing

A Big Battle May 1

NAPANEE'S CONTINGENT FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE.

The following have passed the medical examination as volunteers for service in the Canadian contingents and their names have been forwarded:

Jas. G. Pollard.
Percy G. Lucas.
Stanley Yorke.
J. W. Johnston.
Chas. McCabe.
Wm. Lott.
John Bentley.
Geo. O'Neill.
John O'Neill.
John Davidson.
More than twice as many applicants were rejected.

WEDNESDAY'S NEWS.

London, Aug. 11, 10.30 p.m.—The Admiralty and War Office Information Bureau gave out the following tonight:—

"There is good reason to believe that the German cruisers Breslau and Goeben have taken refuge in the Dardanelles, and will be dealt with according to international usage."

London, Aug. 11.—The Cunard line Lusitania, which sailed from New York early Wednesday morning, arrived safely in the Mersey this evening.

London, Aug. 11.—The War Office press bureau to-day confirmed the report that the Russian invasion of Austria is in progress. It states that a Russian army is advancing through the Styria River valley toward Lemberg.

Despatches on Monday from Paris and St. Petersburg, in discussing the movement said that the force comprised more than 300,000 Russian troops, with every branch of the service represented. It was because of this movement by Russia that Austria withdrew her army which was attacking the Servians.

Paris, Aug. 11, via London, 9 p.m.—According to late advices the German made a determined attempt to take the positions occupied by the French outside Muehausen, but failed. The Germans did not re-enter the town.

The War Office announces that the French and German troops are in contact for twenty miles along the frontier, and that engagements are taking place at Longwy, Longueval and Murville, in France, and at Vion, in Belgium.

Paris, Aug. 12, 12.30 a.m.—The French troops along the entire front are in contact with the Germans. Mangiennes, northeast of Verdun, the Germans attacked the French on Monday.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up\$7,000,000
Ret and Undivided Profits..... 7,248,134
Total Deposits50,256,044
Total Assets.....\$81,207,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch, L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

CHIROPRACTIC

If you are sick and wish to get well have the nervous system put to rights and nature will do the rest.
Try Chiropactic, the natural method of relieving sickness and pain.

DR. G. C. ALBRIGHT,
CHIROPRACTOR

In Napanee Tuesday and Saturday of each week, at the home of Miss Anderson, Thomas Street, near Centre Street.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Farmers are rushing harvesting operations.

Among recent visitors were Mr. and Mrs. James Gowdy, Moscow, at A. Gowdy's; Miss Marie Watson the guest of Mrs. George Hughes; Miss Violet Sigsworth the guest of Miss Elsa Craig, at Verona; Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Barr, Harrowsmith, guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. Barr; Miss Hazel Burgess, Moscow, spent a few days the guest of Miss Lizzie Watson.

Miss Annie H. Watson and Mrs. Harry Watson spent a few days at Parham.

Misses Nina and Madeline Cowdy, Murvale, at Elmer Hughes'.

Mrs. G. Ball and Miss Sybil Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., were week end guests of Mrs. G. Hughes; Mrs. A. Barr, Walton, Mrs. P. Monck and Mrs. A. Le Heup, Kingston, guests of Mrs. G. Barr; Mrs. S. Sigsworth and Mrs. J. A. Hughes at Verona; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bradford spent Wednesday in the city.

Miss Marie Watson called on Mrs. E. Hughes; Miss Sybil Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., the guest of Miss Barre; Mrs. C. Switzer visited friends at Wellington; Clifford Cowdy, Murvale, at Elmer Hughes'; Joseph Watson, E. Goodberry and Miss Laura Bradford and Miss Marie Watson at Yarker; Lord at E. Hughes'; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lukins, Harrowsmith, at A. Gowdy's.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 12.—The two Canadian submarines have returned from their cruise along the coast, and will, it is understood, be stationed in this port for its defence. The two vessels acting remarkably well on their cruise, which was rather a severe test of their capabilities, and

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

The RIGHT RANGE is
... the ...

Peerless Pennisular

The RIGHT RANGE is
... the ...

Peerless Pennisular

Ask your neighbor about it.

Easily operated.

Economical on fuel.

A perfect baker.

The Peerless, with high and low closets, with tile back, and enameled oven door, is the handsomest stove on the market

We have a few Wood
Cook Stoves, and up-
right Coal Stoves.

Every one a bargain

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 18

Fred A. Perry

All accounts now due must be settled by cash or note within Thirty days, if not will be placed in other hands for collection. One per cent. interest per month added to all past due accounts.

The very best Flours all guaranteed at the same old low prices.

No order too small or too large to receive our prompt and careful attention.

Frost Fencing and Gates.—Coiled and Baling Wire on hand and guaranteed the best.

I want your Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Wheat, Peas, Rye, Potatoes, Hay and Straw.

Be sure you see me before you buy or sell and profit thereby.

A couple of choice farms for sale.

Also pleasant, cosy rooms and apartments with steam heat, hot and cold water. Electric light and gas for cooking, to rent cheap.

Write or Phone, using Bell or Ernestown Rural Lines.

FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET,
Opposite Campbell House.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Mrs. C. C. Switzer visited friends at Wellington; Clifford Cowdy, Murvale, at Elmer Hughes'; Joseph Watson, E. Goodberry and Miss Laura Bradford and Miss Marie Watson at Yarker; Ford at E. Hughes'; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lakins, Harrowsmith, at A. Gowdy's.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 12.—The two Canadian submarines have returned from their cruise along the coast, and will, it is understood, be stationed in this port for its defence. The two vessels acting remarkably well on their cruise, which was rather a severe test of their capabilities, and their officers and men express themselves delighted with the craft. It is understood that the submarines did not catch a glimpse of the German cruisers of which they were sent in search, but on that point officers and men are silent to press correspondents.

SEALER RINGS—Best quality at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

THE Great War

In order to keep posted in the Great European War, subscribe for one of the Great Toronto Dailies.

The Globe \$1 for 4 months

10c Per Week.

The Mail \$1 for 4 months

10c Per Week.

Get your Subscriptions in early and be sure of your news.

A card indicating your choice—will be attended to at once.

Paul's Bookstore.

A. E. PAUL, General Subscription Agent.



The Time

to attend to eye troubles is when you first notice a failure in vision. In reading you first notice it. Don't neglect it.

The Place

and the best place to have your eyes attended to is at SMITH'S. Every modern convenience for prompt and accurate optical work.

The Glasses

Our advice is buy the best. You get satisfaction, and satisfaction is worth much.



city are dry. Visitors: W. Clark and family, of Havelock, at E. Martin's; M. Martin, Yarker, at B. Redden's; Mrs. Garrison, of Yarker, at H. Carroll's.

CANADA'S BANKING SYSTEM SHOWS UP WELL IN CRISIS.

GOVERNMENT BEHIND THE BANKS IN EFFECTIVE PREPARATIONS TO MEET ALL DEMANDS.

The financial strain of threatened and actual war, which has been so severely felt in other countries, is being admirably met in Canada.

At a conference early this week between the Finance Minister and representatives of the Canadian Bankers' Association, the whole situation was carefully considered, and effective arrangements made to meet any unusual demands on the Canadian currency and banking system.

The provision of most importance to the general public is the announcement of the Minister of Finance authorizing payments in Bank Notes instead of in gold or Dominion Notes.

In other words, the public may continue the usual custom of paying money in "bills" as we call them, of \$10, \$20 or other denominations, issued by our Chartered Banks, as well as in bills issued by the Canadian Government. Tradesmen, transportation companies and all public offices will continue to accept these bills, as they have always done, and so far as our currency is concerned the war will have no effect.

The Government's readiness to give the Banks any support they may require, coupled with their own exceptionally strong position in reserves of ready cash, should allay any uneasiness which might be felt by the depositors. In times of war, as in times of peace, the safest place for private savings is undoubtedly in the hands of our Banks.

WHAT SAMPLING REVEALS.

A herd owner may ascertain from the creamery that his average is 40 pounds of fat per cow for the month and yet have a dim idea that some of his cows are better producers than others, but probably few men are prepared for the veritable surprises encountered when they commence regular weighing and sampling. To take the case of two 2-year-old heifers that freshened this spring, last month one gave 30 pounds of fat, the other gave 46 pounds. One 5-year-old in the same herd of grade Jerseys gave 67 pounds of fat, and another 5-year-old gave only 36 pounds. The owner would scarcely believe that one mature cow is thus earning, with fat at 27 cents per pound, eight dollars and thirty-seven cents more than her stable mate in just onemonth. What will the difference be for the whole year? That is the crucial test.

Between two 2-year-olds in the same herd, that both freshened in March, there was a difference last month of 19 pounds of fat, worth over five dollars. Similar differences are to be found in many herds, illustrating very clearly that it is palpably unfair to take a general average of the herd unless they are decidedly more even in production than those cited above. Records of individual production alone can give this valuable information to the owner. Milk and feed records may be obtained free on application to the dairy commissioner, Ottawa.

The latest thing in candy manufacture, "Nylol Chocolates" in the double decker or combination pieces. You will like them. At prices to suit all purchasers, at Hooper's, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

According to late advice the German made a determined attempt to take the positions occupied by the Fre outside Muelhausen, but failed. Germans did not re-enter the town. The War Office announces that French and German troops are in contact for twenty miles along frontier, and that engagements taking place at Longwy, Longv and Murville, in France, and at town, in Belgium.

Paris, Aug. 12, 12.30 a.m.—French troops along the entire front are in contact with the Germans. Mangeries, northeast of Verdun, Germans attacked the French on 3 day evening. The French, reinforced by reserves, then took the offensive and repulsed the Germans with considerable losses. A German battery was destroyed by the French artillery, and another was captured, with three gatling guns and ammunition. A regiment of German cavalry succeeded seriously. Near Moncel a German battalion with artillery was repulsed. The German losses are said to have been heavy.

The village of Lagarde, in German territory, was taken by the French the point of the bayonet.

German forces appeared at Longv and demanded the surrender of the town, which was refused.

If its anything for hardwood floors or linoleums, we have it. Floor finishes, oils, wax and polishers at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

SOME CRITICISMS.

Once more has the Ontario Attorney General's Department been brought unfavorably before the public—this time in reference to the Blarney case.

This makes the fourth in the series of cases which have been handled very unfavorably by the Department lately after by the Hon. J. J. Foy. At there was the vanishing of Dr. Bea Nesbitt, who was ultimately located in Chicago—not by the City of Toronto police. Then Pollman, Esq., Manager of an Insurance Company, "wanted" disappeared from local J. W. Moyes, "financier" has been missing for the past few weeks, still the Provincial Police Department is showing its usual lethargy. Even the Conservative press is roiling the Government for its dilatory action in Ontario's latest mystery. Dr. C. K. Robinson, in the cella whose Tamworth house the body of Miss Yorke was found a few days ago, was allowed to leave unmolested, the United States. Inspector Miller Superintendent Rogers and other the Attorney General's aides were "let the job" in plenty of time, talked Robinson by the hour, but let him through their fingers. The Toronto News says in part:

"Remarkable circumstances surrounded the discovery of Blarney Yorke's remains. Dr. Robinson allowed to disappear and weeks elapsed before the real facts were unfolded. Even then the discovery was result of an accident rather than vigilance of the authorities. The Attorney General's Department should take all the facts and circumstances under serious consideration."

Dr. Beattie Nesbitt—Pollman Esq.—J. W. Moyes—Dr. C. K. Robinson Next?

NEWBURGH.

Miss Bessie Paul has been engaged as teacher in the junior room of Public school and with her mother will reside in Mr. Aylsworth's house opposite the Methodist church.

Rev. Mr. Farnsworth and family camping for two weeks at Varty L. Mr. T. B. Wilson, of Port Colborne and his daughter, Jessie, of Goshawk, are home for a few weeks.

Rev. Mr. Chant is removing to the village. Mr. Chant will be grateful.

NANANEE EXPRESS

50c Box of Fresh
Assorted Chocolates
37 cents.

The Napanee
Drug Company.
The Store with the Yellow
Front.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, AUGUST 14th. 1914

The Armies of Europe Drawing Closer Together

Big Battle May Take Place Any Time

NAPANEE'S CONTINGENT FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE.

The following have passed their medical examination as volunteers for service in the Canadian contingent and their names have been forwarded: Jas. G. Pollard. Percy G. Lucas. Stanley Yorke. W. Johnston. Chas. McCabe. Wm. Lott. John Bentley. Geo. O'Neill. John O'Neill. John Davidson. More than twice as many applicants were rejected.

WEDNESDAY'S NEWS.

London, Aug. 11, 10.30 p.m.—The Admiralty and War Office Information Bureau gave out the following to-day:—

There is good reason to believe that the German cruisers Breslau and others have taken refuge in the Dardanelles, and will be dealt with according to international usage.

London, Aug. 11.—The Cunard liner Britannia, which sailed from New York early Wednesday morning, arrived safely in the Mersey this evening.

London, Aug. 11.—The War Office press bureau to-day confirmed the report that the Russian invasion of Austria is in progress. It states that the Russian army is advancing through the Styria River valley toward Lemberg.

Despatches on Monday from Paris and St. Petersburg, in discussing this movement, said that the force consisted more than 300,000 Russian troops, with every branch of the service represented. It was because of this movement by Russia that Austria withdrew her army which was attacking the Servians.

Paris, Aug. 11, via London, 9 p.m.—According to late advices the Germans made a determined attempt to take positions occupied by the French side of Muelhausen, but failed. The Germans did not re-enter the town. The War Office announces that the French and German troops are in contact for twenty miles along the frontier, and that engagements are being placed at Longwy, Longueville, Murville, in France, and at Viry, in Belgium.

Paris, Aug. 12, 12.30 a.m.—The French troops along the entire frontier in contact with the Germans. At Verdun, northeast of Verdun, the Germans attacked the French on Monday evening. The French reinforced

London, Aug. 13, 2.30 p.m.—A Paris despatch says that despite reports of Belgian victories the German army of the Meuse is slowly advancing into the heart of Belgium and its front now extends from Hasselt on the north west of Liege through Joliense, Marche and Houffalize all south of Liege.

Another Paris despatch reports the Germans at Pont a Houssen in the Department of Meurthe St. Moelle, 16 miles south west of Metz. This is regarded as indicating that the fighting in Belgium is secondary in importance to the Germans and that what they are attempting is the main invasion of France.

A Dover despatch reports heavy cannonading was heard there early this morning, the report coming from the north-east. The firing lasted an hour. A Russian force has taken the town of Sokal, Austrian Galicia.

London, Aug. 12.—The Official Press Bureau of the British War Office and Admiralty says to-day:—

"Of the 26 German army corps the bulk has been located, and it is evident that the mass of German troops is concentrated between Liege and Luxembourg.

"The number of German troops known to be on the western side of that country proves that in the eastern theatre of war, the Russo-German frontier, so far as Germany is concerned, is comparatively lightly guarded unless by reservists."

The Admiralty has sent out cruisers which will ply the Atlantic for the purpose of protecting trade routes. The French Government also has sent out warships to search for the German cruisers known to be in the Atlantic, and said to number five.

"The enemy's ships," says the official Admiralty report, "will be hunted continually, and, although some time may elapse before they are run down, they will be kept too busy to do much mischief."

"There is good reason to believe that the forts surrounding Liege, Belgium, are still intact."

Paris, via London, Aug. 12, 8.07 p.m.—The French Minister of War explains that the engagements on the Franco-German frontier are no more than outpost skirmishes.

"The best denial that can be given to the report that the French lost 20,000 men at Altkirch," says the Minister, "is that the total effective French troops did not reach that number."

It is further explained that the advance of the French infantry on Muelhausen was to cut the centre of German communication, and it is added that this was successfully carried out.

AUTO AND MOTOR BOAT SUPPLIES

We carry a complete line of all Motor supplies including

Gasoline,
Polarine Oil,
Mobioloil Oil,
Autolene Oil,
Packard Oil,
Neatsfoot Oil,
Goodrich Tires,

Independent Tires,
Pullman Tires,
Simplex Tubes,
All types Spark Plugs,
Batteries,
Pumps,
Electrical Supplies.

Fairbanks Morse Marine and Stationary Engines and Pumping Outfits.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Co.,

Agents for "OVERLAND" Cars.

GARAGE—Mill street, old Rock Drill Building.

DR. C. E. WILSON PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation :

11 a. m. to 1 p. m. ; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. ;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 93, Residence 152.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accrucheur.

(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)

East St., Napanee. Phone 60. 40

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College.

B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61.

A. S. ASHLEY,

DENTIST

Rooms over Northern Crown Bank.

20-2m

FOR SALE — Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont. 421f

WANTED—Intelligent young man or woman, married or single, whole or part time, for Child Welfare Work. \$1.50 a day upwards. References, apply M. G. R. Express. 35f

TEACHER WANTED — With Normal Certificate for S. S. No. 18, North Fredericksburg. Apply to J. W. UNGER, Sec'y., R. R. No. 4, Napanee. 35f

FOR SALE — Residence of H. B. Sherwood, on Piety Hill; add the three

DOXSEE & CO.

Wed. Mid-Summer Sale Now On

All Trimmed Hats at less than half price.

Untrimmed Shapes in colors at 50c. each.

Regular price from \$1.50 to \$3.50.

BLOUSES

Fine White Cotton Voile Blouses, in popular styles. Open front, kimono sleeves. Daintily trimmed and well made, at reduced prices to clear.

GLOVES

We still have a few pairs of Silk and Lisle Gloves in black and colors, from 50c to \$1.00.

Sale Price, 25c.

The Leading Millinery House

ICE

The season for Ice is now here. We are prepared to supply all demands. Private house rates are:—

\$1.75 and \$2.00 per month

For 15 lbs. of Ice Daily.

According to late advices the Germans made a determined attempt to take the positions occupied by the French inside Muelhausen, but failed. The Germans did not re-enter the town. The War Office announces that the French and German troops are in contact for twenty miles along the frontier, and that engagements are taking place at Longwy, Longueuil and Murville, in France, and at Virn, in Belgium.

Paris, Aug. 12, 12.30 a.m.—The French troops along the entire frontier in contact with the Germans. At Angennes, northeast of Verdun, the Germans attacked the French on Monday evening. The French, reinforced by reserves, then took the offensive and repulsed the Germans with considerable losses. A German battery is destroyed by the French artillery, and another was captured, with its galling guns and ammunition. A regiment of German cavalry suffered seriously. Near Moncel a German battalion with artillery was repulsed. German losses are said to have been heavy.

The village of Lagarde, in German territory, was taken by the French at the point of the bayonet. German forces appeared at Longwy and demanded the surrender of the town, which was refused.

If its anything for hardwood floors, linoleums, we have it. Floor varnishes, oils, wax and polishers at Hoop's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

SOME CRITICISMS.

Once more has the Ontario Attorney General's Department been brought unfavorably before the public—this time in reference to the Blanche Burke case.

This makes the fourth in the serious cases which have been handled with credit to the Department looked after by the Hon. J. J. Foy. At first there was the vanishing of Dr. Beattie Shitt, who was ultimately located in Chicago—not by the City of Toronto police. Then Pollman Evans, manager of an Insurance Company, "disappeared" from local ken. W. Moyes, "financier" has been missing for the past few weeks and the Provincial Police Department showing its usual lethargy. Now the Conservative press is roasting the Government for its dilatory action in Ontario's latest mystery. C. K. Robinson, in the cellar of Joseph Tamworth house the body of Miss York was found a few days ago, is allowed to leave unmolested, for the United States. Inspector Miller, Superintendent Rogers and others of the Attorney General's aides were "on the job" in plenty of time, talked to Robinson by the hour, but let him slip through their fingers. The Toronto says in part:

"Remarkable circumstances surrounded the discovery of Blanche Burke's remains. Dr. Robinson was allowed to disappear and weeks elapsed before the real facts were uncovered. Even then the discovery was the result of an accident rather than the vigilance of the authorities. The Attorney General's Department should take all the facts and circumstances under serious consideration."

Dr. Beattie Nesbitt—Pollman Evans—W. Moyes—Dr. C. K. Robinson! What?

NEWBURGH.

Miss Bessie Paul has been engaged as teacher in the junior room of the public school and with her mother reside in Mr. Aylsworth's house opposite the Methodist church. Mr. Farnsworth and family are spending for two weeks at Varty Lake. R. T. B. Wilson, of Port Colborne, his daughter, Jessie, of Govan, N. J., are home for a few weeks. Mr. Chant is removing from village. Mr. Chant will be great-

According to late advices the Germans made a determined attempt to take the positions occupied by the French inside Muelhausen, but failed. The Germans did not re-enter the town. The War Office announces that the French and German troops are in contact for twenty miles along the frontier, and that engagements are taking place at Longwy, Longueuil and Murville, in France, and at Virn, in Belgium.

Paris, via London, Aug. 12, 8.07 p.m.—The French Minister of War explains that the engagements on the Franco-German frontier are no more than outpost skirmishes.

"The best denial that can be given to the report that the French lost 20,000 men at Altkirch," says the Minister, "is that the total effective French troops did not reach that number."

It is further explained that the advance of the French infantry on Muelhausen was to cut the centre of German communication, and it is added that this was successfully carried out.

The communication concludes: "We are placing in upper Alsace a considerable number of troops."

London, Aug. 12.—The Foreign Office announces that a state of war exists between Austria-Hungary and Britain as from midnight, and official arrangements have been made for the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador and staff to leave London tomorrow.

London, Aug. 13, 1.30 a.m.—The Exchange Telegraph's Brussels correspondent, telegraphing Wednesday says:

"The Belgians have routed the Germans in a fierce encounter between the Belgian left wing and massed German cavalry, infantry and artillery. The Belgians displayed wonderful control under the fierce fire, and their victory has aroused the liveliest enthusiasm along the whole line of the allied troops."

ly missed in the Methodist Church where he was such an efficient helper in the work of the church.

The C. N. R. have had a gang of men at work making some improvements in the road between Church and Maine streets.

Mr. Perry, the cheese maker, is busy these days owing to the extra supply of milk coming in, as the result of the burning of the factory on the Palace Road.

Dr. and Mrs. McNauley are settled in the home lately occupied by the late M. L. Beeman.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Ryan and family are home after a two weeks' vacation at Sydenham Lake.

Mr. J. W. Courtney is on a trip to Ottawa this week.

Mr. E. Stickney was in the village last week overseeing the work of removing the machinery from the foundry.

Mrs. J. Shorey and family are enjoying the summer at 12 o'clock Point.

GRETNA.

Each day the daily papers are eagerly scanned for the latest war news, and are hoping for a speedy termination of war.

Quite a number from here attended the Anderson S. S. picnic last Thursday and report a small attendance.

Miss Laura Mellow is visiting friends at Forest Mills for a few days.

Misses Jessie and Lizzie Sills are spending a few days at Hawley with Mrs. A. Simmons.

Misses Elleda Young and Ethel Howell are visiting relatives and friends at and near Picton.

Mrs. Ross Sills and Mrs. B. Lloyd and daughter, Hazel, have returned home after a few weeks visit with friends at McLean.

A service for the L. O. L., No. 870, was held in the church here Sunday afternoon, conducted by our pastor, Rev. Geo. Nickle.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Storey have moved to Newburgh.

Mr. Jas. Ronson and daughter, Maude, are visiting at C. W. Hough's. Our schoolhouse is being improved by a new siding.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Frost, Chicago, are visiting her mother, Mrs. A. D. Sills.

Rooms over Northern Crown Bank, 20-21

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont. 421f

WANTED—Intelligent young man or woman, married or single, whole or spare time, for Child Welfare Work, \$1.50 a day upwards. References, apply M. G. R. Express. 35a

TEACHER WANTED—With Normal Certificate for S. S. No. 18, North Fredericksburgh. Apply to J. W. UNGER, Sec'y., R. R. No. 4, Napanee. 35f

FOR SALE—Residence of H. B. Sherwood, on Piety Hill; and the three building lots west of residence, one corner lot and two intermediate ones. Apply at residence, H. B. SHERWOOD. 23f

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Canada. All good land, seed to hay and pasture, 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Desmond. 31f

LOST STRAYED OR STOLEN—A New Umbrella, with Black Square Cut Oak Handle, with initial "E" upon it. Finder kindly return to C. P. R. office in time for next rain and oblige. 36ap

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED—in all localities by Large Canadian Mail Order House, to show samples to their friends and neighbors. Position will pay \$15 weekly for a few hours work in spare time. Sample case free. THE CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION, Windor, Ontario. 36a



CANADIAN NORTHERN

FAST SERVICE TO MUSKOKA

Leave Napanee..... 5.55 a.m.
Connections at East Don and at Bala Park and Lake Joseph for all points on Muskoka Lakes.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Leave Napanee for Toronto 5.55 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.

(Connections for Picton and Trenton)

For Yarker..... 12.00 Noon
(Daily except Sunday)

Leave Napanee for Ottawa... 6.20 a.m.
(Daily except Monday)

E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent,
or R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent

Wallace's Drug Store, sole agents of the world wide famous Eastman photo supplies! Bring your films to be finished. We have secured the services of a first-class photographer. Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

ICE

The season for Ice is now here. We are prepared to supply all demands. Private house rates are:—

\$1.75 and \$2.00 per month

For 15 lbs. of Ice Daily.

Please do all your ordering through the office.

Ice is not sold off the wagon.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North. Phone 101

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Vegetable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package

3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

WE WANT NOW

A GOOD SALESMAN

For every town and district where we are not represented.

Fruits are bringing higher prices, and nursery stock is in demand.

MAKE BIG MONEY NOW by taking an agency. BEST TIME for canvassing is during the summer months.

Experience not necessary.

Free equipment. Exclusive territory.

Highest commissions paid.

Write for full particulars.

Fonthill Nurseries

STONE & WELLINGTON

TORONTO, - ONTARIO

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.

Capital, (Authorized) \$6,000,000.

Capital, (Paid Up) \$2,860,000

DIRECTORS:

President - Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.

Vice-President - Capt. Wm. Robinson

Jas. H. Ashdown A. McTavish Campbell W. J. Christie

Sir D. C. Cameron, K.C.M.G., H. T. Champion, John Stovel

General Manager - Robt. Campbell

Supt. of Branches - L. M. McCarthy

Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all Countries bought and sold.

Canadian Bankers' Association Money Orders sold.

Collections made in all parts of Canada, and in foreign countries.

Branches distributed throughout all Canada.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager Napanee Branch

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery Store

ICE CREAM

Toronto CITY DAIRY Ice
Cream.

We are again sole agents for Napanee and under contract for year 1914 with this firm, the largest and best Ice Cream manufacturers in the Dominion

If It's City Dairy it's
Good, it's Pure
That's Sure

We have a tasty assortment of all
Flavors now on hand, delivered daily.
Special attention to receptions and
parties. Prompt delivery.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Phone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
convenience.
Our patrons have confidence and look
on.

V. KOUBER, - **Napanee**

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

President Wilson yesterday issued a proclamation of neutrality.

Gen. Francisco Villa has proclaimed his independence from the Carranza Government, and has begun reorganizing his army.

John Sharpe, Kingston, son of Major Sharpe, who mysteriously disappeared from Rochester as the result of a sunstroke, has returned home.

The U. S. armored cruisers Tennessee and North Carolina will be used in sending gold to Europe for the use of American tourists stranded there.

George S. Bale, modern master of the Kingston Collegiate Institute, has been appointed principal of the Collegiate Institute at Niagara-on-the-Lake.

A bill to exclude from readmission into the United States all aliens who leave to engage in a foreign war was introduced yesterday in Congress by Representative Harrison of Mississippi.

Ismael Bourret, who is charged with the murder of Constable Bourdon on the Cote des Neiges road last March, along with three other suspects, one of whom, Poucault, is still at large, has confessed.

A political club with three hundred members has been organized by the Slavs of Welland, Ont., Russians, Poles and Croats, who are subjects of Austria-Hungary, and every member has agreed not to answer Austria's call to arms.

THURSDAY.

One million six hundred thousand dollars gold was engaged for shipment to Canada in New York yesterday afternoon.

Fire destroyed a barn, shop and shed at Port Carling, Ont., yesterday afternoon, belonging to the Wm. Davies Co. of Toronto.

Of the bodies of 12 men found in the Empress of Ireland wreck Tuesday almost all were those of members of the crew, and were all found at their posts.

At a meeting of the council of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association, held at Ottawa last evening, it was decided to abandon the prize meeting for 1914.

Geo. B. McLeod, aged 17, of Kingston, a wireless operator, and son of P. C. McLeod, is on some unknown German steamer and his parents are worrying over his safety.

When he drove his car at a fast clip against the sides of a street car Tuesday night, Jean Gagnon, of Quebec, chauffeur for Dr. Robert Larue, sent three occupants of the vehicle to their death.

There is every likelihood the Dominions Royal Commission will cancel entirely its engagements in Canada until the present condition of European affairs, in which Great Britain is involved, are cleared.

FRIDAY.

The opening of the Dominion Parliament on Aug. 18 is not to be a social event as usual. No special invitations are likely to be issued.

Alexandre Millerand, former French Minister of War, volunteered yesterday to serve as lieutenant, the



suffering from serious injuries as the result of a runaway accident. The horse she was driving took fright at a passing automobile occupied by four militia officers of the Militia Department.

TUESDAY.

The funeral took place yesterday of Mrs. Wilson, wife of the President of the United States.

An I. C. R. man guarding a railway bridge at Quebec yesterday shot and killed a trespasser below.

A son was born yesterday to Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, who was formerly Duchess of Fife.

The former Empress Eugenie of France yesterday sent to Queen Mother Alexandra a subscription of \$1,000 for Red Cross work.

The British steamer Epsom, from Sydney, N.S., June 25, and St. Lucia, July 6, for Victoria, B.C., has gone ashore at Carrera Point, Chile. The vessel is badly damaged.

Frosts were recorded in various points in Saskatchewan Sunday night, Kamsack records four degrees, Humboldt three degrees, Moosejaw two, Regina one and Moosemin three.

Thomas Cornell, of Belleville, yesterday afternoon had his throat slashed with a razor in the hands of Patrick Gihoe. The affray arose out of an argument over the war.

Richard Coulson, grain shoveller, was struck with a steam shovel while unloading grain from the steamer Stormount at Kingston, and is in the hospital in a serious condition.

On moving the adjournment of the House of Commons for a fortnight Premier Asquith last evening intimated he was hopeful that in the interval he might be able to make proposals regarding Irish Home Rule.

WANTS 100,000 MORE MEN.

British War Office Issues Call—
Report of Battle Near Canaries.

LONDON, Aug. 11. — Great Britain will raise a new volunteer army of 100,000 men for the war.

This announcement came yesterday afternoon from Premier Asquith, in the House of Commons, and is interpreted as signifying that the entire available British army is under orders for continental service, and that a considerable portion of it is already on the ground.

It is reported that a great army, composed of British and French soldiery, is being mobilized to help the Belgians retain Namur.

The previous published announcement that the British battleship fleet had sunk the German submarine U15, definitely locates the fleet, which must be somewhere off the German naval base at Heligoland, since the U15 was designed for coast defensive work exclusively, and therefore has a limited steaming area. As the Germans apparently are utilizing their coast defence submarines, it is taken to mean that the British fleet must have closed up on them and has them bottled. It is also probable that the British fleet is now subject to continuous attacks by submarines, destroyers and torpedo boats.

Reports from Madrid insist that a naval engagement has occurred near the Canary Islands, in which a German battleship was sunk and another

FRENCH ARE ADVANCING

Fan-Shaped Movement Into
space Sweeps the Country.

Terrible Battle Is Believed to Have Occurred Yesterday in the Vicinity of Neu Breisach — Muhlhausen, Ferny, Colmar and Altkirch Occupied by French—Austrians in Rear.

LONDON, Aug. 11. — A terrible battle is believed to have been progress during the day between German and French forces near Neu Breisach for the control of Alsace Lorraine. Neu Breisach is strongly fortified, and it is said that a decision of the second German army has been concentrated there to check the advance of the French, who have already swept through Fer Muhlhausen, Altkirch and Colmar.

French reinforcements are reported to be rushing through pass east of Belfort, in an effort to prevent a force of 40,000 Austrians from cutting the French line of advance between Altkirch and Muhlhausen. The Austrians, it is said, are in force near Basle, Switzerland.

The Germans, it is reported, are hurrying reinforcements to Neu Breisach from Strassburg.

The French War Office reports an important engagement pending between the French and German troops in Lorraine, below Saarbrücken. It is believed the French artillery is supporting an attacking column engaging Germans coming on from Saarbrücken.

Muhlhausen, Ferny and Colmar are now in the possession of French troops. Alsace is inflamed against the Germans, whose army now concentrating on the front. Gen. Joffre, the French commander.

Neu Breisach, east of Colmar and Strassburg, on its north, are centre of the German advance. The German army of the lower Rhine meanwhile, is proceeding against the French, whose lines extend across to the Rhine along the Swiss border.

The French cavalry patrol has been driven from the border town Longuyon, in the department of Meurthe et Moselle by German Horse, supported by infantry and artillery.

After wrestling, in desperate counters, the passes of Bonhom and Sainte Marie, on the frontier low Muhlhausen, from the German troops, the French now occupy village of Sainte Marie, Aux Min. The fighting continues along the line.

Spread out in fan-fashion, the French army in Alsace, led by Gen. Joffre is moving from the Jura Mountains on the Swiss border through all of Alsace, to a point east of Colmar, now held by the French. This is the second mobilization centre of the French army which has its headquarters at Langres. The Germans, according to War Office report, after making their first stand at Altkirch, retreated rapidly and it was not until Colmar was reached that Gen. Joffre's army encountered any serious opposition. Muhlhausen fell without any continued fighting.

At Colmar there was considerable sharp fighting, wherein the French are reported to have beaten back the Germans in a succession of brilliant bayonet charges. Many hand-to-hand encounters took place in the battle. The German forces are now

Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and commission.
Our patrons have confidence and look on.

V. KOUBER, Napanee

Who is Your Druggist?

Is quality taken in consideration when making your choice?

It Should Be.

There is nothing quality counts for more than in Drugs.

It Often Means a Life.

At Wallace's Drug Store the equipment is second to none in Ontario. Graduates in attendance. Bring your prescriptions here. We can guarantee you purity of Drugs, accurate dispensing, and reasonable prices.

WALLACES'

Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.



Fishing For Dollars

Are you satisfied with the catch?
Are you using the best bait?
Classified Want Ads. in this paper bring results.

Illustrated by W. W. Mather.

sent three occupants of the vehicle to their death.

There is every likelihood the Dominions Royal Commission will cancel entirely its engagements in Canada until the present condition of European affairs, in which Great Britain is involved, are cleared.

FRIDAY.

The opening of the Dominion Parliament on Aug. 18 is not to be a social event as usual. No special invitations are likely to be issued.

Alexandre Millerand, former French Minister of War, volunteered yesterday to serve as lieutenant, the rank he formerly held in the French army.

The Canadian Postoffice Department has received notice that the money order service with Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium and Egypt, has been entirely suspended.

One of Germany's big Zeppelin airships was destroyed by Belgian gunners as it was flying over the fortifications on the Herve plateau yesterday and its crew of 26 men killed.

President Wilson yesterday directed that all officers of the U. S. army and navy, whether active or retired, refrain from discussing publicly either the military or the political situation in Europe.

Mrs. Dan Leitch, of Stony Creek, and her son were instantly killed, and Mrs. Webster, her mother, severely injured, three miles from Stony Creek, yesterday morning, when the fast Buffalo express, west-bound, ran them down.

A young foreigner, name unknown, was discovered by the police early yesterday morning in Scott's jewelry store in Montreal. When the police broke in the youth stabbed himself in the breast with an oyster knife. He is in a serious condition.

SATURDAY.

The British rifle team's Australian trip has been abandoned.

The death occurred yesterday in London, Eng., of Bells Greene Ashe, wife of Frederick Webber Ashe, London manager of the Union Bank of Canada.

At the C.P.R. construction camp near Woodstock yesterday Peter McIntyre, aged 31, fell under the wheels of a donkey engine and was almost instantly killed.

As a result of the war the matches of the Ontario Rifle Association, which were to have been held at the Long Branch ranges on Aug. 17, have been cancelled.

Foreign merchant ships converted for war purposes, or carrying foreign reservists in organized manner, will not be permitted to clear from ports of the United States.

While crossing Irwin avenue, two-year-old Freddie Hall, 22 Inkerman avenue, Toronto, was killed yesterday afternoon by being run over by a horse and wagon driven by Charles Gillespie.

MONDAY.

A gay automobile outing near Morristown, N.Y., ended in a tragedy when a car plunged into a ditch and S. Rogers was instantly killed.

J. H. Kuckuk, a German, committed suicide in New Orleans, as the

result of the war early Saturday, after writing a letter to his mother in Koenigsburg, Germany, that he could not return.

Commissioner Lee of the T. & N.O. Railway, announced last night that from Latchford to Dana, a distance of seventy miles, the country is being swept by one of the fiercest bush fires ever experienced.

More than 100 fights have occurred in different parts of New Orleans during the past week, as the result of the war, men of all nations being mixed up. While none was seriously hurt, a number are in the hospital.

Mrs. H. A. Emery of Lyn is a patient in a Brockville local hospital.

German naval base at Heligoland, since the U15 was designed for coast defensive work exclusively, and therefore has a limited steaming area. As the Germans apparently are utilizing their coast defence submarines, it is taken to mean that the British fleet must have closed up on them and has them bottled. It is also probable that the British fleet is now subject to continuous attacks by submarines, destroyers and torpedo boats.

Reports from Madrid insist that a naval engagement has occurred near the Canary Islands, in which a German battleship was sunk and another captured. A message from Corfu reports heavy firing in the vicinity, which, if true, would indicate an engagement between the two elusive German cruisers and some British or French men-of-war.

While it is known that many British troops are on the continent, the closest secrecy is being maintained here regarding the soldiers' movements.

LID ON HALIFAX.

No Ships May Leave Until Further Notice Says Order.

HALIFAX, N.S., Aug. 11.—The port of Halifax has been temporarily closed. Naval officials announced no ships now in port will be allowed to sail until this order is countermanded. Any British ships arriving off the harbor will be convoyed in after the regular examination, but once in port they will not be allowed to take their departure. Customs house officials have been ordered not to clear any more vessels. One vessel which had been given her clearance yesterday morning was hastily recalled. Coastwise ships now in port will be seriously affected by this order. Fishing vessels and others from ports along eastern and western shores are not allowed to sail.

The fog signal at Meagher's beach will be discontinued on and after Tuesday morning according to orders given. No reason is given for the order.

GIVES HALF MILLION.

Montreal Man Will Pay For Machine Guns For Canada.

OTTAWA, Aug. 11.—An offer of \$500,000, to be applied for defence purposes in any way that the Government deems fit, was received yesterday by the Minister of Militia from a prominent Montreal millionaire, whose name is not yet divulged. The offer has been accepted, and it is probable that this splendid donation will be devoted to the purchase of some quick-firing guns, this being considered the chief need of the Canadian forces at the present juncture.



CLARK'S POTTED MEATS—

Full flavored and perfectly cooked make delicious sandwiches.

The child's delight.
The picnic's choice.
Everybody's favorite.

W. CLARK, Ltd., Montreal.

which has its headquarters at La Gr. The Germans, according to the War Office report, after making their first stand at Altkirch, retired rapidly and it was not until Colmar was reached that Gen. Joffre's men encountered any serious opposition. Muhlhausen fell without any loss of continued fighting.

At Colmar there was considerable sharp fighting, wherein the French are reported to have beaten back the Germans in a succession of brilliant bayonet charges. Many hand-to-hand encounters took place in the battle. The German forces are now said to be trying to dam the Saver river, which forms part of the boundary of Lorraine, being a tributary of the Mosel. This move is said to be intended to prevent the French from assaulting Metz.

German troops are said to be moving on France by way of Luxembourg, the main column being reported at Esch.

Eight Austrian regiments are said to have violated the neutrality of Switzerland, according to a British report, and they are now said to be on the Alsace border, preparing to attack the French in the rear in the face. These are said to be the choice of the Austrian Tyrol soldiers, hardy mountaineers capable of giving vigorous battle to the French. The Foreign Office is said to have demanded from the Austrian Ambassador a declaration regarding the intentions of Austria.

At the capture of Muhlhausen the French seized a big aeroplane factory, in which they found a number of machines intended for the German army. As they are not complete, they will be finished and then confiscated.

Both the French and German aerial force, in the fighting along the ridges of the Vosges Mountain range, have been most active.

Into upper Alsace yesterday came detachments of the famous Turkish or native troops from the French colony of Algeria. They are a bold and well-trained body of fighting men.

British Fleet Moving To Tsingtau

SHANGHAI, Aug. 11.—A British fleet proceeding toward Tsingtau passed Shanghai yesterday. Cannadoing was reported by an incoming ship. It is believed that German warships are bottled up in Tsingtau harbor.

British merchant steamers will resume their voyage along the Chinese seaboard to-day.

French reservists left Hong Kong for France Saturday on the Peninsular and Orient steamer Syrira.

France Wants To Know.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The Foreign Office has demanded a statement of intentions from Austria, following report that eight Austrian regiments have violated Swiss neutrality by sending eight regiments of Austrian Tyrolese to the Salsatian border to harass the French rear. It seems obvious Austria is trying to provoke French declaration of war, so it can be dragged in, an unwilling ally.

Spirituos Liqueurs Go Up.

MONTREAL, Aug. 11.—War prices went into effect yesterday in the spirituous liquors and struck a hard blow to the many patrons. Beer and ales alone were retailed at the old price.

It was in whiskies, brandies, gin and all kinds that the change was felt. Certain drinks have been practically eliminated, the many brands which retailed at ten cents being now fifteen cents or two for a quarter, and some places fifteen cents straight. In the more expensive brands, which retailed at fifteen cents, there has been an increase also of five cents.

FRENCH ARE ADVANCING

n-Shaped Movement Into Alsace Sweeps the Country.

terrible Battle Is Believed to Have Occurred Yesterday in the Vicinity of Neu Breisach — Muhlhausen, FERNY, Colmar and Altkirch Occupied by French—Austrians In Rear.

LONDON, Aug. 11. — A terrific battle is believed to have been in progress during the day between the French and German forces near Neu Breisach for the control of Alsace-Lorraine. Neu Breisach is strongly fortified, and it is said that a division of the second German army has been concentrated there to check the advance of the French, who have already swept through FERNY, Muhlhausen, Altkirch and Colmar. French reinforcements are reported to be rushing through the east of Belfort, in an effort to prevent a force of 40,000 Austrians from cutting the French line of advance between Altkirch and Muhlhausen. The Austrians, it is said, are in force near Basle, Switzerland.

The Germans, it is reported, are trying reinforcements to Neu Breisach from Strassburg. The French War Office reports important engagement pending between the French and German troops in Lorraine, below Saarburg. It is believed the French artillery supporting an attacking column against Germans coming on from Strassburg.

Muhlhausen, FERNY and Colmar are now in the possession of the French troops. Alsace is inflamed against the Germans, whose army is concentrating on the front of the Joffre, the French commander. Neu Breisach, east of Colmar, in Strassburg, on its north, are the front of the German advance. The French army of the lower Rhine, meanwhile, is proceeding against the French, whose lines extend west to the Rhine along the Swiss border.

The French cavalry patrol has been driven from the border town of Muhlhausen, in the department of the Moselle, by German troops, supported by infantry and artillery.

After wrestling, in desperate encounters, the passes of Bonhomme, Sainte Marie, on the frontier between Muhlhausen, from the German troops, the French now occupy the village of Sainte Marie, Aux Mines. Fighting continues along the border.

The French army in Alsace, led by General Joffre, is moving from the Jura mountains on the Swiss border through all of Alsace, to a point east of Colmar, now held by the French. This is the second mobilization centre of the French army. The French has its headquarters at Lunel. The Germans, according to the War Office report, after making their first stand at Altkirch, retired and it was not until Colmar was reached that Gen. Joffre's men encountered any serious opposition. Muhlhausen fell without any long continued fighting.

At Colmar there was considerable fighting, wherein the French reported to have beaten back the Germans in a succession of brilliant counter charges. Many hand-to-hand encounters took place in this battle. The German forces are now reported to be trying to break the

TO MOBILIZE IN WEST

Military Base Is to Be Established in B. C.

Col. Hughes Also Announces That a Whole Regiment of Servians in Detroit Want to Join Canadian Force — Russians and French Would Enlist—Atlantic Ports Are Closed—Patriotic Fund.

OTTAWA, Aug. 11.—Col. the Hon. S. M. Hughes stated last night that mobilization would start at once on the Pacific coast. He also announced that Servians resident in the United States had asked to be allowed to enlist with the Canadian troops. A whole regiment of Servians in Detroit wish to be allowed to join the contingent which will sail from Canada. The mobilization points in British Columbia will be Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster. While no definite reason was given for the mobilization out there it is known that there has been some anxiety at the coast on account of the presence of German cruisers on the Pacific.

The closing of all the Canadian Atlantic ports, including Montreal, simultaneously with the closing of the British ports has started speculation here about the possibility of a big naval battle having taken place and some German warships having escaped. There has been no report of any such conflict, however, and the closing of the ports is generally taken as only a precautionary measure. When the German cruisers on the Atlantic have been removed, there will be no danger to British ships and the ports can open again.

The requests from the Servians in the U. S. who want to join the Canadian troops come from various parts of the country. They are reservists and are anxious to join in the fight in defence of their country against the Austrians and Germans but find it impossible now to cross the Atlantic. The Detroit regiment has drilled and is all ready to leave. The request of the Servians is being considered by the Government and the advice of the Imperial authorities will be obtained. French reservists especially in the west, are also anxious to join the Canadian contingent also and their case is being considered as well as that of the Russian reservists.

A suggestion which is being made, and which has support in very important circles, is that it would be well to establish a patriotic fund for the relief of the families of men who go to the front and for the men who are taken sick or wounded, the same as was done during the South African war.

During the South African war, a fund of some \$500,000 was secured and \$150,000 of this was never paid out. This would do as a beginning of the new fund, it is suggested.

The expectation now at militia headquarters, is that some of the Canadian troops will begin to assemble at Valcartier, near Quebec, about the end of this week, while the first contingent will all be there in two week's time and it will sail for the scene of the war in the first week of September. There will be about 24,000 in all, including the first army division of 20,000 men, the regiments of a thousand men each to be equipped by New Brunswick and Manitoba. Hamilton Gault's regiment, the automobile battery, which has been offered and accepted, and the battalion of 500 mounted men offered by the City of Calgary.

The One Dish That Agrees With The Aged



Kellogg's

CORN FLAKES

Get the Original

BESIEGERS WITHDRAW

Germans at Liege Are Now Fighting at Long Range.

They Are Now Bombarding Ring of Forts With Siege Guns — Allies Are Threatening to Cut German Force Off From Base of Supplies — Kaiser's Officers Commit Outrages on Civilians.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 11.—(Via Paris) —According to the War Office, the fighting at Liege has now narrowed down to exchanges of shots between the German siege guns, which have been thrown about the unyielding forts, and the artillery of the forts themselves, which are picking off points in the German position at long range. Evidently the Germans have for the time abandoned their efforts to take the forts.

The commander of the forts at Liege, according to an official announcement, reports that all the forts are intact. The soldiers manning them are in fine health and spirits, and are amply supplied with provisions and munitions. There is no cause for alarm.

The population of Liege maintains its calm, and the official view is that the situation is quite satisfactory.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
East and Robert Streets, Napanee. 5117

DEROCHE & DEROCHÉ.
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.;
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Town
worth every Wednesday.

has its headquarters at Lan-
is. The Germans, according to the
Office report, after making
first stand at Altkirch, retired
idly and it was not until Colmar
is reached that Gen. Joffre's men
counted any serious opposition.
ihlhausen fell without any long
continued fighting.

At Colmar there was considerable
arp fighting, wherein the French
reported to have beaten back the
rmans in a succession of brilliant
yonet charges. Many hand-to-
nd encounters took place in this
tle. The German forces are now
id to be trying to dam the Seille
er, which forms part of the bound-
ry of Lorraine, being a tributary
the Mosel. This move is said to
intended to prevent the French
om assailing Metz.

German troops are said to be
oving on France by way of Lux-
burg, the main column being re-
rtered at Esch.

Eight Austrian regiments are
id to have violated the neutrality
Switzerland, according to a Basle
port, and they are now said to be
the Alsace border, preparing to
ack the French in the rear in Al-
ce. These are said to be the
oice of the Austrian Tyrol sol-
ery, hardy mountaineers capable
giving vigorous battle to the
ench. The Foreign Office is said
have demanded from the
strian Ambassador a declaration
garding the intentions of Austria.

At the capture of Muhlhausen,
e French seized a big aeroplane
story, in which they found a num-
er of machines intended for the
rman army. As they are near
npletion, they will be finished
d then confiscated.

Both the French and German aer-
force, in the fighting along the
ges of the Vosges Mountain
age, have been most active.

Into upper Alsace yesterday came
achments of the famous Turcos,
native troops from the French
ony of Algeria. They are a bold
d well-trained body of fighting
n.

British Fleet Moving To Tsingtau.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 11.—A British
et proceeding toward Tsingtau
sed Shanghai yesterday. Cannon-
ing was reported by an incoming
p. It is believed that German
rships are bottled up in Tsingtau
rbor.

British merchant steamers will re-
ne their voyage along the Chinese
board to-day.

French reservists left Hong Kong
France Saturday on the Penicu-
a and Orient steamer Syrira.

France Wants To Know.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The Foreign Of-
has demanded a statement of in-
tions from Austria, following a
ort that eight Austrian regiments
are violated Swiss neutrality by
ding eight regiments of Austrian
esele to the Salsatian border to
ass the French rear. It seems ob-
us Austria is trying to provoke a
ch declaration of war, so Italy
be dragged in, an unwilling aid.

Spirituous Liquors Go Up.

MONTREAL, Aug. 11.—War prices
nt into effect yesterday in all
rituous liquors and struck a hard
w to the many patrons. Beers
ales alone were retailed at the
price.

It was in whiskies, brandies, gins
all kinds that the change was felt.
tain drinks have been practically
minated, the many brands which
ailed at ten cents being now fifteen
ts or two for a quarter, and in
e places fifteen cents straight. In
more expensive brands, which
ailed at fifteen cents, there has
n an increase also of five cents.

Canadian troops will begin to assem-
ble at Valcartier, near Quebec, about
the end of this week, while the first
contingent will all be there in two
week's time and it will sail for the
scene of the war in the first week of
September. There will be about 24,-
000 in all, including the first army
division of 20,000 men, the regiments
of a thousand men each to be equip-
ped by New Brunswick and Mani-
toba. Hamilton Gault's regiment, the
automobile battery, which has been
offered and accepted, and the batta-
lion of 500 mounted men offered by
the City of Calgary.

The Government has closed the
port of Montreal as well as the port
of Quebec, and as far as any invading
ships entering the St. Lawrence are
concerned there is not felt to be
much danger. If they came up to
Quebec they would meet the battery
of heavy guns of the embankment,
which have a range of ten to twelve
thousand yards. Then if they turned
to leave again, they would find them-
selves trapped by British cruisers,
four of which are now on the North
Atlantic and can be often reached by
wireless. Invading ships would be
trapped in the same way in the Bay
of Fundy if they tried to reach St.
John, and as for Halifax the entrance
of the harbor is well protected by
powerful guns. In addition the St.
Lawrence and the maritime ports are
protected by mines.

BRITAIN IS PLEASED.

Canada's Gift Keenly Appreciated— Alberta to Send Oats.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—(C. A. P. Ca-
ble.)—Lady Strathcona has subscrib-
ed \$25,000 to the Prince of Wales' relief fund, which reached half a mil-
lion pounds sterling yesterday.

Several Canadians engaged in
business here, are enrolling as spe-
cial constables.

Canada's gift of flour is naturally
received with greatest pleasure. The
Westminster Gazette remarks that
the offer shows that Canadians re-
gard the Atlantic as practically safe
for the transport of so valuable a
gift, which will have a great effect
in steadying the feeling regarding
food supply.

Hon. Mr. Perley has summoned a
meeting of Canadians for Friday to
consider the best means of assisting
in the present crisis.

Alberta Gives Oats.

CALGARY, Alta., Aug. 11.—Al-
berta's gift to the Motherland will
be 500,000 bushels of oats to be de-
livered f. o. b. any port on the At-
lantic coast.

Keep Cecillie's Treasure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Guarded
by express messengers and detectives
\$10,000,000 in gold coin and \$3,700,-
000 in silver bars, the treasure with
which the steamer Kronprinzessin
Cecillie put into Bar Harbor, Maine,
to avoid capture by English or French
warships, arrived in New York yester-
day by train. The money now goes
to the sub-treasury to be held for New
York bankers, by whom it was to
have been sent to Paris and London.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the
diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way
to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional
remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed
condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian
Tube. When this tube is inflamed you
have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing,
and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the
result, and unless the inflammation can be
taken out and this tube restored to its normal
condition, hearing will be destroyed forever.
nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh
which is nothing but an inflamed condition of
the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any
case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can-
not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for
circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

themselves, which are picking off
points in the German position at long
range. Evidently the Germans have
for the time abandoned their efforts
to take the forts.

The commander of the forts at
Liege, according to an official an-
nouncement, reports that all the
forts are intact. The soldiers man-
ning them are in fine health and
spirits, and are amply supplied with
provisions and munitions. There is
no cause for alarm.

The population of Liege main-
tains its calm, and the official view
is that the situation is quite satis-
factory. All the approaches to Brus-
sels are well guarded, to prevent
anything in the nature of a surprise
from reconnoitering parties of Ger-
man cavalry. Small bodies of Uh-
lans have been signalled in all di-
rections. Generally they had lost their
bearings and surrendered immedi-
ately on being challenged.

The German army corps at Liege
are in danger of being cut off from
all sources of supplies. The German
army invasion north of the River
Meuse is being sharply attacked by
the French and Belgian cavalry,
mounted infantry and field artillery,
and are said to have broke through
the German line of communication
at a number of points, having blown
up bridges, torn up railroad tracks,
and in other ways seriously interfered
with transportation.

The German base toward the Dutch
border is now being harassed by the
French and Belgian cavalry, and
their supports, all of which have
pushed, by a series of dashes, far
north of the River Meuse. The Ger-
mans already have relinquished the
attack along the River Ourthe,
which joins the Meuse about a mile
from Liege, and are assembling to re-
buff the oncoming French and Bel-
gian forces.

There is considerable probability
that the allied army is planning to
assume the offensive.

The garrison of Liege, with its re-
inforcements, has retreated, accord-
ing to the War Office, for "strategic
reasons," and is retiring to Namur,
where the French, Belgian and Brit-
ish armies are collected.

The check that Germany has re-
ceived at the hands of the French and
Belgians renders France able to place
in position her reinforcements, and
now Germany will be obliged to con-
test every inch of the way as she
proceeds south.

It is reported that following their
arrival at Warsage, in the Province of
Liege, the German soldiers assembled
all the inhabitants, and after select-
ing fourteen from among them, shot
eight and hanged two of this num-
ber. The mayor was arrested, but
was liberated by some German offi-
cers who had been his guests the pre-
vious day. Other instances of alleged
outrages by German troops are cited
in the Belgian Government press.

That patriotism is rampant is
shown by the fact that the Belgian
Minister of War has announced that
40,000 volunteers have presented
themselves for service.

Hundreds of German spies swarn
through Belgium. More than five
hundred have been arrested, and one
hundred were shot yesterday.

Captured spies were dressed in
every conceivable sort of garb, in-
cluding uniforms of soldiers and offi-
cers of the Belgian army, gendarmes,
civic guards, etc. Some were found
armed with bombs and revolvers,
and others were caught while riding
in automobiles carrying false num-
bers. Letters and telegrams bearing
the counterfeit signature of the Bel-
gian Minister of War were found on
the person of some of the spies.

Kaiser Calls Out Last Reserves.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 11.—Advices
reported here from Berlin say that

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., U.C.P.E. Physician Surgeon, J.C.C.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
A and Robert Streets, Nanawac. 5-17

D. DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. J.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tam-
worth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of
Express Printing Office, where he may be
consulted on all diseases of Domestic
Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.
Residence: West Street, near
Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College

(Limited)
Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business
School offers superior courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Ser-
vice and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best posi-
tions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

the Kaiser has ordered the mobiliza-
tion of another million men for the
French invasion. The call includes
the Landsturm, the last line of re-
serves.

Queen's Will Send Engineers.

KINGSTON, Aug. 11.—Prof. Alex-
ander Macphail, M.P.P., is called
home from Prince Edward Island to
recruit his corps of Canadian engi-
neers associated with the school of
mining at Queen's University. He is
calling the students by telegram and
expects to have a large contingent
ready to go to the front on very short
notice. In addition to the military
training they are trained as a depart-
ment in engineering work.

Major H. Y. Hughes has gone to
Valcartier for the purpose of laying
out a camp ground where the Canadian
volunteers will gather before sailing.

City of the Dead.

Close by Canton, China, is the hill
called Queen of Heaven mountain, on
the lower slopes of which is the fa-
mous City of the Dead. Their bodies
wait in their coffins sometimes several
years before the priests are able to de-
termine an auspicious day for inter-
ment.

Bluffed and Won.

"What is the meaning of this?"
"My dear," he murmured, "I got to
thinking about women being denied the
right of suffrage, and I took a few
drinks."

And he got away with it that time—
Louisville Courier-Journal.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

Nervous Emotional Dizzy Depressed



Mrs. Addie Cartisger of Cedar St., Cairo, Ill., writes Dr. Pierce as follows:

"I send 31 cents for your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser' for my daughter who has recently married and I know the book will be of much value to her. I have read and used for 25 years the valuable treatments contained in the 'Medical Adviser' and have taken many bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and have been restored to health each time I used it. It is a great remedy for women as a strength builder, fine for the nerves and general health."

WOMEN who are restless, with constant change of position, "fidgetiness," who are abnormally excitable or who experience fainting or dizzy spells, or nervous headache and wakefulness are usually sufferers who can be helped.

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription

is the soothing, cordial and womanly tonic that brings about an invigorating calm to the nervous system. Overcomes the weakness and the dragging pains which resemble the pains of rheumatism. Thousands of women in the past forty years can bear witness to its benefits.

Your dealer in medicines sells it in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form; or you can send 60-cent stamps for a trial box of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription tablets. Address Dr. V. M. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets Regulate and Invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Sugar-Coated Tiny Granules.

NERVOUS?

All run down? Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a strong nerve tonic. No alcohol. Sold for 60 years.

Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Montreal, Canada.

REED'S WITTY THRUST.

It Silenced For the Time the "Great Objector," Holman.

There are many stories of the caustic wit of Thomas B. Reed, the famous speaker of the house of representatives. One of his most amusing thrusts was delivered at William S. Holman, a member of congress from Indiana. It was perhaps the keenest witicism ever uttered in debate on the floor of the house.

Holman was a constant objector to the expenditure of money by congress and had honestly earned the title of "Watchdog of the Treasury." One day, when the committee was perfunctorily putting through a number of bills for the erection of government buildings in various cities, Holman was constantly on his feet, objecting to their consideration. But when Indiana was reached and the committee began to propose appropriations for buildings in the towns of that state Holman's objections came with much less spirit and finally ceased altogether. When at length a bill was offered that carried a generous appropriation for a building in Holman's own town, he rose and expressed hearty approval. Hardly had he taken his seat when Mr. Reed was on his feet. "Mr. Speaker," he shouted; and then, in gently sentimental tones, he recited Byron's familiar lines:

"Tis sweet to hear the watchdog's honest bark
Bay deep mouthed welcome as we draw near home!"

And the "great objector" forgot to object any more that day!—Youth's Companion.

THEY PLAYED MARBLES.

One Street Game In Which Lincoln Took a Hand.

An elderly gentleman now residing in Washington tells this story about Abraham Lincoln:

"I was about ten years of age and given violently to the game of marbles. One cold March day my companions and I were playing on the sidewalk before my father's shop when I slipped on a piece of ice and fell, cut-

DAINTY SANDWICHES.

They Are the Popular Thing to Serve at Afternoon Tea.

A cup of tea and a sandwich or two constitutes quite enough of "a bite" to tide one over until dinner time, when the bridge games breaks up, and less and less do bridge hostesses feel compelled to offer elaborate lunches in the way of salads, ices and sweet cakes so late in the afternoon. Some women are afraid of spoiling the dinner occurring soon thereafter and other women are in mortal terror of growing fat, so the elaborate lunch is little appreciated and, though everybody nibbles politely, most of the dainties are left on the plates.

Tea and buttered "ruffs" always offered by a certain hostess after the bridge meeting at her home make her afternoons especially popular. Coffee and sandwiches are also relished, but sweets are better avoided, for few women really want to eat them just before dinner and are sorry when they do, though the keen appetite of late afternoon makes sweets especially palatable.

Celery stalks chilled and stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts is a toothsome delicacy for after bridge serving. Coffee and tiny rolled sandwiches may accompany the stuffed celery. To make rolled sandwiches cut the bread in thin slices in the morning, having first shaved off all the crust from the loaf. Pack the slices, one on another and wrap in a wet napkin. In an hour's time have ready some melted butter, a pastry brush and squares of oiled paper. Brush each slice of bread with melted butter, roll and wrap firmly in oiled paper. Set the rolls of paper in the icebox and just before serving remove the papers. The sandwiches will retain their rolled up shape.

Cooked sausage meat put through a chopper makes delicious filling for sandwiches. So does chopped apple and celery. Cream cheese with chopped nuts cannot be excelled. Chopped onions and green peppers are relished by some people as a sandwich filling, but there should always be other sandwiches without the onion filling.

He Fooled Them.

Mrs. Odell had a caller one afternoon and invited her to remain to dinner. The invitation was accepted, and the hostess said:

"I am so glad you can stay, Mrs. Parker. There is to be a joke on Mr. Odell. He is always criticising my cooking. To-day his mother came in, and I persuaded her to make some cakes. Won't it be funny when he

TRUTH ABOUT MEXICO

LONDON TIMES CORRESPONDENT GIVES A VIVID PICTURE.

General on Trial Says He Could Not Fight Rebels in the Open Because of He Let His Soldiers Scatter They Would Desert—Officers Would Be Shot Down by Their Own Men.

A timely and gripping book, "The Real Mexico," has just been written by H. Hamilton Fyfe, the special correspondent for The London Times. A chapter devoted to the federalist army has a particular interest at this time. Among other things, Mr. Fyfe says:

"Torreon, the prosperous centre of the cotton-growing district, was taken by the revolutionaries in September. After denying for a week that it had fallen the War Office admitted the truth, but said that it would be retaken in a few days. For a month or so nothing happened. Then it was announced that a blow would be struck. Gen. Velasco would start at once, and the rebels would be driven out of Torreon. The Government had been urged to act vigorously, because in the cotton district a record crop was in need of being picked. They responded by putting a new tax upon cotton 'to meet the cost of the warlike operations' and by doing—nothing.

"For six weeks after I saw Gen. Velasco's brigade in its five trains Torreon remained in the hands of the rebels. The forces which were to retake it advanced and retreated, chased and set to partners, marched this way and marched that. Gen. Velasco was frequently reported to be not with his command, but in Saltillo. Not until the 10th of December was Torreon retaken and then only because the rebels had drawn off and left the garrison very weak.

"After the evacuation of Torreon by the Federals, Gen. Munguia was tried by a court of inquiry. The intention was to shoot him. This was his defence: 'How could I meet the rebels in the open?' he asked. 'They fight in loose formation. I was obliged to keep my troops together. If I did not they would melt away. Desertion is the idea uppermost in almost every soldier's mind. Again, how could I order my officers to lead their men to the attack? I knew their men would shoot them down as soon as they got the chance.'

"The best generals would find it hard to do anything with such an army as this until they had disciplined it and discovered a certain number of men whom they could trust. Mexican generals have unfortunately very little talent for war, and they make, as a rule, no attempt to 'lick their men into shape.' Officers in command are to our minds incredibly slack. At a small battle in the State of Morelos the Federals by use of machine guns forced the rebels to retire. The nature of the country made it easy for their retreat to be cut off. But the Federal colonel looked at his watch. 'It is time for dinner,' he said and told his bugler to sound the 'Cease fire.' The rebels leisurely went away.

"That kind of incident, which happens daily, helps to keep current the belief that Federal officers do not wish to bring the war to an end. They do not take soldiering seriously.

"The Mexican army has no army service corps, no medical department to speak of. It carries no camp equipment, no supplies. Watch a field force break camp at dawn. First

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

ENGLAND'S PREMIERSHIP.

A Coveted Office That Brings Misery to Its Incumbents.

The lot of the British premier is that of the policeman in the Gilbert ballad—not a happy one. After Lord Derby had been prime minister said that he had had only two happy days in office, one being the day entered it and the other the day retired from it.

Peel wrote: "It is impossible for not to feel that the duties are above all human strength; at least, above mine." Peel also once made the curious statement that if his nose had bled every night during his premiership he could not have borne the loss of his position.

Lord Palmerston was so much affected by his work that he had a special high desk built, which necessitated a standing position. He explained that if he fell asleep while trying to keep up with his work the fall would awaken him.

Disraeli frequently stated that man could have any notion of the dreary life, and when Gladstone was released from the duties of prime minister he leaped head over heels down a grass bank at Lord Evans' thorough enjoyment.

THEY PLAYED MARBLES.

One Street Game In Which Lincoln Took a Hand.

An elderly gentleman now residing in Washington tells this story about Abraham Lincoln:

"I was about ten years of age and given violently to the game of marbles. One cold March day my companions and I were playing on the sidewalk before my father's shop when I slipped on a piece of ice and fell, cutting my chin. The other boys seized as many of my marbles as they could and made off. Wild with anger, I started after them, calling their names and threatening to annihilate them, and so on. Suddenly a hand on my collar stopped me, and a deep voice said:

"We've got enough ill feeling going on in this country these days without you boys catching it!"

"A big man swung me around and wiped my wounded chin and then went on:

"I saw what they did, son. Have you any agates left? Good! I'll put up three chiny alleys, and we'll see who'll win."

"He drew from his pocket three marbles.

"I got them from my boy Tad," he explained, and then I knew who he was.

"There on the street I played marbles with the president for five minutes, and he let me win. Here are the marbles—a precious possession!"—Exchange.

Fed the Brute.

Sir Charles Tupper in his book, "Recollections of Sixty Years," recalls an experience of his daughter in Canada during the Riel rebellion in the northwest. She was in the region of trouble, and on a day when she happened to be alone in her home "in walked a strapping Indian, all war paint and feathers. She thought the best thing she could do was to feed him. She cooked everything in the house—potatoes, meat and bread. When all was consumed—and these Indians will eat at a meal enough to lost for three weeks—he had grown to a very large size. As he could not speak a word of English or French, he evinced his gratitude by patting his protuberant stomach, with a guttural "Ha, ha, ha," and left.

Plague of the Black Death.

That terrible plague the black death, originating somewhere in the east, passed by way of Armenia into Asia and thence to Egypt and north Africa. Reaching Sicily in 1346, it spread over Italy, France and nearly all of the countries of Europe, including the British isles. The mortality was appalling, some 25,000,000 of people dying from the dread epidemic. The nature of the great pestilence has been a matter of much controversy, but it is generally conceded that it was closely related to what is known today as the "bubonic plague."—New York American.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful
Marvel Whirling Spray Douche

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

which filling, but there should always be other sandwiches without the onion filling.

He Fooled Them.

Mrs. Odell had a caller one afternoon and invited her to remain to dinner. The invitation was accepted, and the hostess said:

"I am so glad you can stay, Mrs. Parker. There is to be a joke on Mr. Odell. He is always criticising my cooking. To-day his mother came in, and I persuaded her to make some cakes. Won't it be funny when he finds fault with the cakes and I tell him that his mother made them herself?"

When the cakes were served at dinner that evening Mr. Odell exclaimed: "My dear Maude, you are certainly becoming a perfect cook. These cakes are as fine as my mother makes."

Brides and Wet Weather.

A Breton bride rather likes to have a wet wedding. It is held to signify that all her tears are now shed and that she will therefore have a happy married life.

The Ezra of Simbirsk call the day before the wedding the weeping day, and the bride and her girl friends weep all they can, with the idea, it would seem, of getting the mourning of life over so that only joy may remain.

The Badagas of the Neilgherries attain the same end by sousing the bride with water. Some Greek tribes have a similar belief in the virtue of a drenching bringing good fortune.—London Globe.

A Tiny Farm For a Dime.

Land is cheap. For easy figuring let us say it is worth \$160 an acre. A square rod, then, is worth only \$1, and 10 cents' worth will be a little more than twenty-seven square feet, or a little farm slightly more than five feet on a side.

How often a boy will waste a dime and think nothing of it. For a dime he can buy land enough to hold a flower bed, four hills of clover or a peach tree! The boy who can save a dime can become rich. Make a dime look like a tiny farm. The boy who learns to save a dime and to know values will some day come into his own.

The Cricket's Chirp.

The variation of speed in the chirping of crickets depends so closely on temperature that the height of the thermometer may be calculated by observing the number of chirps in a minute. At 60 degrees F. the rate is eighty chirps a minute, at 70 degrees F. 120 per minute, and the rate increases four chirps to the minute with a change of one degree. Below a temperature of 50 degrees F. the cricket is not likely to make any sound.

Nearer Home.

"An astronomer is exploring space to study other worlds," said the man of scientific tastes.

"Yes," said Senator Sorghum. "I suppose they're doing great work, although there's a whole lot about this world that we haven't found out yet."—Washington Star.

Wholesale Wealth.

"He is not rich as wealth is measured today."

"Measured, eh?" murmured an elderly philosopher. "I guess that's a modern term. They used to count the money in the old days."—London Telegraph.

As money increases the love of it increases.—German Proverb.

made it easy for their retreat to be cut off. But the Federal colonel looked at his watch. "It is time for dinner," he said and told his bugler to sound the "Cease fire." The rebels leisurely went away.

"That kind of incident, which happens daily, helps to keep current the belief that Federal officers do not wish to bring the war to an end. They do not take soldiering seriously.

"The Mexican army has no army service corps, no medical department to speak of. It carries no camp equipment, no supplies. Watch a field force break camp at dawn. First there go pattering off a horde of women laden with pots and pans, blankets, sometimes babies. These are the soldaderas, the camp followers, the commissariat of the force. That they move as quickly as they do is a miracle. Whatever the day's march may be, they are always on the camping ground before the men arrive. They rig up shelters, they cook tortillas and frijoles (maize cakes and beans), they make coffee. You see them mending their husbands' coats, washing their shirts, roughly tending flesh wounds. Without these soldaderas the army could not move. While President Huerta was seizing hundreds of men by night in Mexico City and other cities in order to swell his forces to 100,000 he also had women 'pressed' to go with the new soldiers and take care of them. Criadas (maidservants) were positively afraid to be out after dark.

"The difficulty of an invasion would lie in suppressing guerrilla warfare among the mountains, in the jungles, wherever the country offered good cover for 'sniping' and sudden attacks upon small detachments. It would be necessary to put in force a measure like the crimes act in Land League Ireland, which would make it a serious and if necessary a capital offense to possess arms."

Mr. Fyfe attributes Mexico's troubles largely to the rise of a middle class where before there were only the upper and "peon" classes. This new group foments discontent in the breast of the "peon" against those to whom his fathers had been accustomed to bow meekly ever since the Spanish conquest.

As to the future, he sums up as follows:

"Madero was an accident. It is unlikely that the Mexican people will be deceived again in the same way. But the man who is to rule Mexico successfully must have something of Madero's good will and sympathy, as well as a great deal of Don Porfirio's ruthlessness and strength."

In a Bad Way.

"You seem much upset, my good man," remarked the curate, who happened to call when Murkie was laying down the law somewhat emphatically to his family circle.

"Hupset?" bellowed Murkie. "I should think I am hupset! Our blessed kid's just set 'isself on fire, an' blowed if the missus 'ere ain't bin an' put 'im out with my pot o' beer, an' me stony broke too!"—London Telegraph.

Satin Ashes.

Little Lura—Mamma, what kind of ashes is sat'ly ashes? Mamma—I never heard of them, dear. Little Lura—Well, in my Sunday school lesson it says, 'And the king of Nineveh covered himself with sackcloth and sat in ashes!'—Chicago News.

For Himself, Yes.

Tramp—One moment, boss; can you spare de price of a meal? Accosted Party—Certainly! I'm on my way to get it now."—Boston Transcript.

fected by his work that he had a civil high desk built, which necessitated a standing position. He explains that if he fell asleep while trying to keep up with his work the fall would awaken him.

Disraeli frequently stated that man could have any notion of the duos life, and when Gladstone released from the duties of prime minister he leaped head over heels down a grass bank at Lord Evans' through sheer delight.

Lord Rosebery once wrote the following concerning the duties of a minister: "He has to deal with sovereign, with the cabinet, with parliament and with public opinion in various kinds and degrees. Some of his colleagues he must convince, some he may have to humor, some he may have to cajole. It is a harassing, laborious, ungracious task."—New York Times.

A PAIR OF SLIPPERS.

Story of an Eccentric Man and a Curious Monument.

There stands in a church in Amsterdam an ancient and curious monument of white marble which always attracts the attention of visitors, and their curiosity is usually heightened by its inscription. On the monument are carved two slippers of a singular shape with the inscription "Effen Nijmegen" which in English would be "evening," or, more colloquially put, "nig else." The story that is told of this strange device is as follows:

A certain rich man who was extravagant in his tastes became possessed of the idea that he had just many years to live and no more, he calculated that if he spent a proportion of his principal every year of his life and his property would expire with him.

He was lavishly generous to others as well as indulgent of his own wishes, and it so happened that he died very early he had prophesied would his last. He had furthermore brooded his fortune to such a low ebb that his few debts were paid nothing remained of all his possessions except the clothes in which he was buried but a pair of curious slippers.

Some of his relatives to whom he had been kind during his life erected this strangely decorated monument to mark his burial place.—Washington Star.

NURSED A HOT TEMPER.

Something Had to Give Way With William Morris Broke Loose.

Though explosive tempers may be admirable and temperamental explosions are not always harmlessly postponed, they are always preferable to soreness, sullenness, brooding resentment or cold anger. Arthur Comp Rickett in his study of William Morris—that "jolly vivid man," as he tells him—relates several new instances of Morris' violent thunderclaps of temper and swiftly ensuing sunshine and sweetness.

Once while he was painting he called from the room, and presently startled model heard him furiously anathematizing some one out of whom he dismissed or ejected, then returned a moment later still full of sweetness.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Lord Palmerston was so much affected by his work that he had a special high desk built, which necessitated a standing position. He explained that if he fell asleep while trying to keep up with his work the fall would wake him.

Disraeli frequently stated that no man could have any notion of the arduous life, and when Gladstone was released from the duties of prime minister he leaped head over heels down grass bank at Lord Evans' through sheer delight.

Lord Rosebery once wrote the following concerning the duties of prime minister: "He has to deal with the sovereign, with the cabinet, with parliament and with public opinion in its various kinds and degrees. Some of his colleagues he must convince, some may have to humor, some even to jole. It is a harassing, laborious and ungracious task."—New York Times.

A PAIR OF SLIPPERS.

Story of an Eccentric Man and a Curious Monument.

There stands in a church in Amsterdam an ancient and curious monument of white marble which always attracts the attention of visitors, and their curiosity is usually heightened by its inscription. On the monument are engraved two slippers of a singular shape, with the inscription "Effen Nyt," which in English would be "even nothing," or, more colloquially put, "nothing else." The story that is told of this strange device is as follows:

A certain rich man who was very extravagant in his tastes became possessed of the idea that he had just so many years to live and no more, and calculated that if he spent a stated portion of his principal every year his life and his property would expire together.

He was lavishly generous to others as well as indulgent of his own whims, and it so happened that he died the very year he had prophesied would be his last. He had furthermore brought his fortune to such a low ebb that after his few debts were paid nothing remained of all his possessions aside from the clothes in which he was to be buried but a pair of curious old slippers. Some of his relatives to whom he had been kind during his life erected this strangely decorated monument to mark his burial place.—Washington ar.

NURSED A HOT TEMPER.

Something Had to Give Way When William Morris Broke Loose.

Though explosive tempers may not be admirable and temperamental explosions are not always harmlessly expended, they are always preferable to meanness, sullenness, brooding resentment or cold anger. Arthur Compton-Skett in his study of William Morris has "jolly vivid man," as he terms him—relates several new instances of Morris' violent thunderclaps of temper and swiftly ensuing sunniness and contentment.

Once while he was painting he was led from the room, and presently his startled model heard him furiously athematizing some one outside whom he dismissed or ejected and then returned a moment later still boiling.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

If it were not for favor we should not digest our food properly. Epicureanism in eating is the handmaid of good health. Flavor has been called the soul of food. The viands that are most agreeable to our sense of taste, those we enjoy most, are those we are most likely to digest well and from which we are most likely to derive the maximum of nourishment.

A book was devoted to this subject by Henry T. Finck of New York. He called it "Food and Flavor." In a review of it the Scientific American says: "The psychic factor of desire must precede ingestion or results will be unpropitious. To each cent spent for nutriment we add five more for flavor. Flavor, in short, has an appetizing value, a health value, a commercial value."

"The evolution of a discriminating appetite and the education of the cook must go hand in hand. But your glutton is never an epicure. Rational mastication must accompany the highest enjoyment of food, and in this enjoyment lie perfect assimilation and health. It is flavor that stimulates the flow of the digestive juices; it is the digestive juices that prepare the food for the extraction of nutriment."

The Professor Was Wrong.

Several decades ago a learned professor delivered a course of lectures, in one of which he proved to his own satisfaction that the Atlantic ocean could never be crossed by steam. Steam power had been discovered and applied on land, but he was confident it could never be applied to the ocean. Under the peculiar conditions of the heaving tides, the danger of storms, the rolling of the tide, and so forth you could never apply steam to navigation across the Atlantic. The book in which that lecture was published was on the first steamer that crossed the Atlantic. The captain took it along as a sort of curiosity. That book did not have a very large sale, but there has been quite a run of steamers ever since, and the professor ceased to argue that steam could not be utilized on the ocean.—Christian Herald.

Salting One's Smoke.

The strangest way of taking his salt was probably Dr. Parr's. Telford records that he used to fill his pipe half with the finest tobacco and half with salt. After that it is not very surprising to learn that he smoked "with a philosophical calmness." On one occasion when the two met Charles Lamb's furious smoking of the strongest tobacco filled Dr. Parr with astonishment. Gently laying down his pipe, he inquired how Lamb had arrived at his power of smoking at such a rate. "I toiled after it, sir, as some men toil after virtue," was Lamb's reply.—London Graphic.

Strychnine.

Strychnine is one of the most powerful vegetable poisons known, but it has very odd effects. Up to about one thirty-second of a grain it is often used in medicine as a stimulant. Very little more is required to bring on that peculiar state known as "tetanus," in which the muscles lock themselves up into such hard masses that they are as rigid as bone. An overdose, however, has been known in at least one instance to cure itself.—Exchange.

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Origin of the Postal Card.

In 1869, while Professor Emanuel Herrmann of Vienna was seeking a vast amount of information by correspondence for his notable book, "The Guide to the Study of National Economy," the thought occurred to him that many advantages would result from the adoption of a means of correspondence cheaper than the sealed letter. On Jan. 26 he went before the Austrian post director with his idea, an open stamped card, and his suggestion was almost immediately adopted. Within a month the Austrian postal authorities printed and sold 1,000,000 postal cards and thus established this indispensable means of communication.—London Tatler.

To Plant Shade Trees.

The Meaford Board of Trade and Town Council have made an interesting arrangement for planting shade trees and any ratepayer can have maple trees planted in front of his property inside the corporation at 50 cents a tree, by making application to any member of the Town Council or a committee of the Board of Trade. The work will be under the supervision of the Town Council, and the trees will be carefully selected and transplanted to ensure their growth.

A Trick of the Trade.

"Stop!" thundered the client at the barber, who was cutting his hair. Then he continued, in somewhat milder tones:

"Why do you insist upon telling me these horrible, blood curdling stories of ghosts and robbers while you are cutting my hair?"

"I'm very sorry, sir," replied the barber, "but, you see, when I tell stories like that to my clients their hair stands on end, and it makes it ever so much easier to cut."

He Believes In Dreams.

Never be vindictive, even in your sleep.

Mr. Miggs, a well-known citizen of the north end, was chased by a bull in his dreams the other night. Across the pasture dashed Miggs, the bull gaining at every jump. Breathlessly Miggs reached the fence at last and, safe astride the top, turned and kicked the bull in the nose, breaking one of his toes on the wall beside the bed.

He is out on crutches this week.

White Turkeys.

Did you ever hear of a white turkey? There is such a bird, though he is not often found. Perhaps you would imagine he would make extra good eating because of his being different from the general run of turkeys. But his flesh tastes no better than that of his bronze brothers. His feathers, however, are worth three times as much as the brown ones.

Amiable.

"Daughter, is your husband amiable?"

"Well, ma, he's just exactly like pa. When he gets his own way about everything he's just perfectly lovely."

Regularity

of the bowels is an absolute necessity for good health. Unless the waste matter from the food which collects there is got rid of at least once a day, it decays and poisons the whole body, causing biliousness, indigestion and sick headaches. Salts and other harsh mineral purgatives irritate the delicate lining of the bowels. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills—entirely vegetable—regulate the bowels effectively without weakening, sickening or griping. Use

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

any. Are you sure you haven't anything that would do?"

"There isn't a thing in the place that I would care to sell you, ma'am. Hold on, though. There's a half dozen fresh rolls on my own supper table right now. I could let you have those if you think they would do. My kids can eat crackers instead. They'd rather, anyway."

"Those will do very nicely, Mr. Owens. Will you send them over soon, please?"

"Right away, ma'am. The boy has gone for the night, but I'll take them to you myself."

In a minute or two, he stood on her front steps ringing the bell and feeling well pleased with himself that he could do some one a kindness.

Mrs. Jimley opened the door and took the packages from his hands. Then she said in icy tones:

"The next time you bring any goods here, Mr. Owens, I wish you would remember to ring the basement bell. I can't have tradesmen coming to the front door."—Newark News.

He Knew.

"If I were you," his wife said, "I'd go to that man and tell him exactly what I thought of him. He told you, and you ought to tell him that you know it. If I were you I'd let him know just how I despised him. I'd have the satisfaction of making him feel ashamed of himself."

"No, my dear," he replied, "you wouldn't do anything of the kind. If you were me you'd do just as I'm doing. This fellow weighs fifty pounds more than I do, and they tell me he's one of the best boxers in this town."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Her Library.

It is clear that the young women who figure in this little conversation from the New York Telegraph were no blue stockings:

Amy—I don't know what to give Gladys for a birthday. She has a gold mesh bag, she has a wrist watch, she has a silver toilet set—oh, she has everything!

Pearl—Well, give her a book.

Amy—No; she has a book too.

Her Father's Car.

"Where were you last night?" asked one girl of another.

"I was out riding with father in his car."

"But I did not know your father has an automobile."

"He hasn't; he is a motorman."—Indianapolis News.

There Are Others.

Maud—You used to think that Jack was one in a thousand. Ethel (who broke engagement)—I do still, but I've discovered he isn't the only one in a thousand.—Boston Transcript.

Making It Worse.

Dubbleigh—Miss Sharp called me a fool. Do I look like a fool? Dawson—No, you do not. She couldn't have judged you by your looks.—Boston Transcript.

The avarice of the miser may be termed the grand sepulcher of all his other passions.

Why, the Very Ideal

"I had to pay \$17 for a ticket to Chicago," said one woman.

"It seems expensive," commented the other.

"Terribly. And there wasn't more than a yard and a quarter of the ticket, at that."—Washington Star.

AUCTION SALES

On Saturday, August 22nd, and each following Saturday, and every evening

we will sell by Auction the balance of our stock (\$2,000.00 worth) consisting of

Fancy Goods, Fancy China, Glassware, Toys, Dolls, Games and Household Furniture

Sale starts 10 a.m. Saturday and 7 p.m. each evening.

MRS. A. PRATT, Owner. H. W. HUFF, Auctioneer.

N. B.—Regular Sales as usual daily.



Many Thousand Farm Laborers Wanted

FOR HARVESTING IN WESTERN CANADA

"GOING TRIP WEST."
\$12.00 TO WINNIPEG

"RETURN TRIP EAST."
\$18.00 FROM WINNIPEG

GOING DATES

- August 11th—From all stations, Kingston, Sharbot Lake, Renfrew and west to Ashtabula and Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., to all points in Manitoba.
August 14th—From all stations east of Kingston, Sharbot Lake and Renfrew, in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, to all points in Manitoba.
August 18th—From all stations, Kingston, Sharbot Lake, Renfrew and west to Ashtabula and Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., to all points in Manitoba and to certain points in Saskatchewan and Alberta.
August 21st—From all stations east of Kingston, Sharbot Lake and Renfrew, in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, to all points in Manitoba and to certain points in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

For full particulars regarding transportation west of Winnipeg, etc., see nearest C.P.R. Agent, or write—
E. F. L. STURDEE, Asst. D.P.A. M. G. MURPHY, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

OUR RATES ARE REASONABLE

We guarantee to our students thorough instruction at reasonable rates in the subjects or courses that they may select. Beyond the regular collegiate courses.

Albert College

specializes in commercial, music, art and educational courses. 60 years of successful teaching under the co-educational system has proved its value upon the minds and morals of the young men and women passed through our hands.

Albert College is located on the out-skirts of Belleville—an ideal spot for the invigorating, outdoor life necessary to all students.

Full term commences on Sept. 7, 1914.

Write to-day for illustrated, descriptive calendar and terms.

ALBERT COLLEGE

60 YEARS AS SUCCESSFUL EDUCATORS.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

E. N. BAKER, D.D., Principal.

GREAT NEED FOR CHRIST'S KINGDOM

Bible Declares That World Needs a Strong Monarchy.

Earth the Rebellious Province of the Divine Empire—Not Ready For Autonomy—Selfishness and Discontent About to Bring a World-Wide Crash—"The Hope Set Before Us In the Gospel."



(PASTOR RUSSELL)

August 2.—The Photo-Drama of Creation continues to draw large crowds wherever presented. Many have voluntarily acknowledged that the Drama's reasonable explanations have restored their faith in the Bible as the Word of God.

Pastor Russell's text to-day was, "I will shake all nations, and the desire of all peoples shall come."—Haggai 2:7.

The discourse was introduced with the declaration that the only proper contentment is that which is combined with godliness and which sees from the Scriptural standpoint the Divine Power able to correct the difficulties of humanity. The godly believer, Divinely instructed, is able to appropriate to himself the Divine promises of providential care, and rests contented with conditions which are not satisfactory.

On the other hand, the speaker declared, those who do not know of the Divine Power or who lost faith in Divine Wisdom chafe under present conditions. The more discontented they become, the greater is their tendency toward ungodliness—doubt of Divine Love, Wisdom and Power. Self-dependence is a poor substitute; and as disappointments come, those inclined to combativeness find anger, malice, hatred, envy and strife surging through their minds. Then they become rabid Socialists, and are in a fair way to become rabid anarchists.

The Pastor then discussed Christian Socialists, so-called. These, he said, are well-meaning souls who perceive the situation of their brethren and then declare that all Christians should immediately set about to secure for the world a just division of God's bounties. While approving the love and zeal of this class, he could not commend their course; for, although they seek to apply the principles of Divine Justice, they forget that they lack the Divine Wisdom necessary to a proper application.

The Scriptural View of Affairs.

This class were then reminded that Divine Wisdom has not yet seen fit to establish Divine Justice amongst men. Those who think that this evidence neglect on the part of the Almighty are in error. Those who believe that the time has come for the establishment of justice in all the earth should be able to find Scriptural evidence to that effect and point it out to us—evidence authorizing them to take their stand for Socialism.

Next the world was discussed from the Bible standpoint. Earth is the one rebellious province in the Divine Empire—one in which sin, selfishness and death constitute the ruling

HOMES OF THE NAVAJOS.

Stuffy Winter Hogans and Light a Airy Summer "Cottages."

The Navajos are the least gregarious of native American tribes, never congregating in towns and villages, a never forming permanent communities. Their homes, called hogans, are mere hovels, built of stones or tree trunks and limbs of trees, with rounded roofs thickly covered with earth. A smoke vent in the roof and a doorway in the side are the only means of ventilation. In cold weather the cavellike structures are kept tightly closed, so that no one but an Indian could live in them at all.

But when springtime comes the Navajo squaw constructs a summer cottage, sometimes consisting of more than a windbreak of sagebrush around a circular clear space. Sometimes the summer hogan is a shabower under a desert cedar tree, with leafy branches piled around as a measure of protection against winds and sandstorms. Sometimes it is a shelf formed by the utilization of old piece of canvas, sheet iron and other cheap away material picked up around refuse dumps of the railroad town. In any event, the dwellers in the summer hogans are practically in the open all the time. Fresh air is never for moment excluded.—Christian Herald.

NAILS IN STONE WALLS.

Easy Method of Placing Them So They Will Remain Firm.

Few women know how to drive a nail into a brick wall, and yet it is what they often need to do for themselves if there is no man about.

The following method is easy and has been found entirely satisfactory: Having decided upon the exact spot in which the nail is desired to be driven which must be in the plaster between the bricks, provide yourself with hammer and screwdriver. With these tools commence working out the plaster by tapping the handle of the screwdriver. As the plaster turns to dust it must be blown or dusted out so that the size of the hole may be seen.

When a space about one inch long and nearly one inch deep has been worked out get a small piece of wood about the same size and with the hammer wedge it tightly into the space. When it seems firm take the nail and drive it into the wood. It will go in nicely without bending, and remain firm a indefinite length of time. This same method was used at one time when it was decided to hang a hammock between the fence and the wall, with the exception that the hole was dug out a little longer and deeper than for an ordinary nail.—Minneapolis Journal.

Homemade Barometer.

Those who love experimentation may try the following method of making cheap barometer practiced in France. Take eight grams of pulverized camphor, four grams of pulverized nitrate of potassium, two grams of pulverized nitrate of ammonia and dissolve in sixty grams of alcohol. Put the whole in a long, slender bottle closed at the top with a piece of bladder containing a pinhole to admit the air. When rain is coming the solid particles will tend gradually to mount, little star crystals forming in the liquid, which otherwise remains clear. If high winds are approaching the liquid will become thick as if fermenting, while a film of solid



Carriage REPAIRING

We are at it "hammer and tongs"

Steamer Lamonde

PICTON-NAPANEE SERVICE.

TIME TABLE

Leave Napanee	6.00 a.m. daily
" Deseronto	7.00 a.m. daily
" Picton	9.00 a.m. daily
" Deseronto, for Picton	1.45 p.m. daily
" Picton, for Napanee	4.00 p.m. daily

SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

TIME TABLE

Leave Napanee 6.00 a.m. daily
 Deseronto 7.00 a.m. daily
 Picton 9.00 a.m. daily
 Deseronto, for
 Picton 1.45 p.m. daily
 Picton, for Napanee 4.00 p.m. daily

SUBJECT TO CHANGE.



We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM At Normile's Garage.

Eaton's in Napanee.

What Eaton's is to Toronto and the surrounding country, we are to Napanee in all goods usually sold in a first class drug store. You get it right at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

DATES OF FALL FAIRS, 1914.

Ardan—October 6.
 Belleville—Sept. 7-9.
 Brockville—Aug. 30-Sept. 2.
 Centreville—Sept. 12.
 Harrowsmith—Sept. 10, 11.
 Kingston—Sept. 30 and Oct. 1.
 Madoc—Oct. 6, 7.
 Napanee—Sept. 15, 16.
 Odessa—Oct. 2.
 Ottawa—Sept. 11-19.
 Picton—Sept. 22-24.
 Roblins Mills—Oct. 2, 3.
 Shannonsville—Sept. 19.
 Stella—Sept. 20.
 Tamworth—Sept. 10.
 Toronto, (Can. National)—Aug. 28-Sept. 12.
 Tweed—Sept. 30-Oct. 1.
 Wolfe Island—Sept. 22, 23.

Empty Bags.

Andrew Carnegie once gave a clergyman a donation for his church and at the same time another gift for a brother clergyman who had fallen into destitution.

"But I doubt if he will take this money, Mr. Carnegie," the clergyman said doubtfully. "He is very proud."
 "Oh, he'll take it," said the ironmaster. "Poverty destroys pride. How can an empty bag stand upright?"

Mean Man.

Stamp Clerk—This letter is over weight, madam. Woman at Window—Well, of all the mean people! Why, I've mailed hundreds of letters that weren't anywhere near full weight, and now that I'm sending one just a little bit over you want to charge extra for it.—Boston Transcript.

A Safe Background.

A man rather untidy in his personal habits was discussing the question of a new waistcoat with a friend.

"What color would you advise?" he asked the friend.

"Why," said the friend, "I'd get one of soup color!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Rowel Laxative

Divine Wisdom has not yet seen fit to establish Divine Justice amongst men. Those who think that this evidence neglect on the part of the Almighty are in error. Those who believe that the time has come for the establishment of justice in all the earth should be able to find Scriptural evidence to that effect and point it out to us—evidence authorizing them to take their stand for Socialism.

Next the world was discussed from the Bible standpoint. Earth is the one rebellious province in the Divine Empire—one in which sin, selfishness and death constitute the ruling elements. The Bible declares that the world needs a monarchy—a strong, centralized Government, in which the masses will have no voice, because in their fallen condition they know not what is for their highest good. Furthermore, the Word of God shows that present institutions under the power of selfishness will terminate in a world-wide crash—anarchy. They will be succeeded, however, by the Kingdom of God.

The Pastor showed that the Messianic Reign of Righteousness alone will bring mankind the joy and peace which all classes crave, but which none are wise enough to know how to bring about. The part of wisdom, he declared, is to look to God, not for Him to approve our methods, but for us to be informed respecting His Plan and to co-operate to the extent of our ability.

Different Gospels Offered Humanity.

It was next pointed out that no one will ever succeed in making the world happy by preaching the Gospel of Discontent. To-day Labor is a hundred-fold better fed, clothed and housed than were our immediate forefathers and, safe to say, a hundredfold more discontented. Our Lord was surrounded by conditions of sickness, poverty, etc.; and yet, it was asked, have we any evidence that he or His Apostles attempted to "break the chains of Labor"? Most assuredly not! He came to redeem mankind, and left the important work of social uplift until God's due time—the Millennial Kingdom.

Next was discussed the assertion that Socialists cry that they do not find Heavenly hopes satisfactory; that they desire earthly riches and comforts, and intend to have them. The Pastor holds that the real difficulty is that the Gospel is not properly presented to the people. The Message taught by Jesus and His Apostles is consistent; whereas that from the majority of pulpits to-day is inconsistent.

After setting forth the Divine Plan for human salvation centering in the death of our Lord as our Redeemer, the Pastor concluded with the statement that Socialism will doubtless be the Divine arrangement for humanity in the ages following the Messianic Age, during which the race will be restored to perfection and made capable of self-government—all unworthy of life having been destroyed in the Second Death.

Duplicate Words.

German has 60 words for "horse," the Arabian has 500 for "lion" and 1,000 for "sword."

The Dependable Film.

The Eastman non-curling film is universally considered to be the best film manufactured. If you have not already used it try and be convinced. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Success Guaranteed!

Use nothing but Eastman's films. Azo and Velox paper and Eastman's chemicals and your success in photography is absolutely sure—accept no substitute. The Eastman goods are sold in Napanee, only at Wallace's.

Take eight grams of pulverized calcium, four grams of pulverized nitrate of potassium, two grams of pulverized ammonia and dissolve sixty grams of alcohol. Put the whole in a long, slender bottle closed at the top with a piece of bladder containing a pinhole to admit the air. When rain is coming the solid particles will gradually to mount, little star crystals forming in the liquid, which otherwise remains clear. If high winds are approaching the liquid will become thick as if fermenting, while a film of solid particles forms on the surface. During fair weather the liquid will remain clear and the solid particles will re- at the bottom.

Reading Music.

The literary man, writes a correspondent, may very well, when he is lying on his back, console himself with literature. But what is the scientific man, with no particular interest in literature, to do? A certain professor of my acquaintance once got through a month of painful convalescence by the aid of another kind of reading. He read through the scores of his favorite composers. He had no ear for the rhythms of literature, but a fine ear for the rhythms of music, and he assured me that he heard the music as he read the scores. He said that during that month he really came to understand Beethoven and that no performance of his work ever satisfied him afterward.—London Spectator.

A Bit of Blarney.

An Irishman who was begging in the street was asked by a lady how it was that such a fine, strong man as he should be asking for alms. With native blarney he replied:

"Lady, begging is the only profession I know in which a gentleman can address a beautiful woman without having an introduction."

The remark was quite profitable.—London Answers.

Moss Bread.

Along the shores of the Columbia river a kind of bread is made by the Indians from a moss that grows on the spruce fir tree. This moss is prepared by placing it in heaps, sprinkling it with water and permitting it to ferment. Then it is rolled into balls as big as a man's head, and these are baked in pits.

On a High Horse.

Howell—He's usually on his high horse. Powell—Yes; he is a sort of equestrian statue of himself.—New York Times.

Megalomania.

"Egotistical, isn't she?"

"Yep—thinks if she borrowed some dishes of a neighbor that next day there'd be an article in the papers on the China loan."—New York Times.

Her Name.

She was round, and she was ruddy.

And her cheeks were like the rose.

And she weighed at least one-eighty.

As the hay scale record shows.

She was sound as any dollar.

And no stronger girl you've met.

Yet this big and robust creature

Had been christened Violet.

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Speaking of Settlements.

Bill—This paper says that Clayton, Mo., is about to annex nine small settlements on its borders. Jill—Well, the lady I board with is trying to do the same thing.—Yonkers Statesman.



In making jams and jellies the least expensive item is the sugar

YET the sugar is the most important ingredient because if its quality is not right, your confections will ferment, spoil, not be sufficiently sweet or be flavourless.

With St. Lawrence Sugar results are always satisfactory.

St. Lawrence Extra Granulated Sugar is sold in 2 lb. and 5 lb. sealed cartons, and in bags of 10 lbs., 20 lbs., 25 lbs., 50 lbs., and 100 lbs.

Order a bag of St. Lawrence Extra Granulated Sugar Blue Tag—the Medium Size Grain—This size suits most people best; good grocers everywhere can supply you.

St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, Limited, Montreal.



HOMES OF THE NAVAJOS.

uffy Winter Hogans and Light and Airy Summer "Cottages."

The Navajos are the least gregarious native American tribes, never congregating in towns and villages and never forming permanent communities. Their homes, called hogans, are mere hovels, built of stones or the trunks and limbs of trees, with round roofs thickly covered with earth. Smoke vent in the roof and a doorway in the side are the only means of ventilation. In cold weather these wattle structures are kept tightly closed, so that no one but an Indian could live in them at all.

But when springtime comes the Navajo squaw constructs a summer hogan, sometimes consisting of no more than a windbreak of sagebrush around a circular clear space. Sometimes the summer hogan is a shady arbor under a desert cedar tree, with its branches piled around as a measure of protection against winds and dust storms. Sometimes it is a shelter formed by the utilization of old pieces of canvas, sheet iron and other cast away material picked up around the refuse dumps of the railroad towns. In any event, the dwellers in the summer hogans are practically in the open all the time. Fresh air is never for a moment excluded.—Christian Herald.

NAILS IN STONE WALLS.

My Method of Placing Them So They Will Remain Firm.

Few women know how to drive a nail into a brick wall, and yet it is not that they often need to do for themselves if there is no man about.

The following method is easy and has been found entirely satisfactory: Having decided upon the exact spot into which the nail is desired to be driven, a hole must be in the plaster between the bricks, provide yourself with a hammer and screwdriver. With these commence working out the hard plaster by tapping the handle of the screwdriver. As the plaster turns to dust it must be blown or dusted out so that the size of the hole may be seen. When a space about one inch long and nearly one inch deep has been worked out, get a small piece of wood about the same size and with the hammer wedge it tightly into the space. When it seems firm take the nail and drive it into the wood. It will go in nicely, without bending, and remain firm an indefinite length of time. This same method was used at one time when it was decided to hang a hammock between the fence and the wall, with the exception that the hole was dug out a little longer and deeper than for an ordinary nail.—Minneapolis Journal.

Homemade Barometer.

Those who love experimentation may use the following method of making a barometer practiced in France: Weigh eight grams of pulverized camphor, four grams of pulverized nitrate of potassium, two grams of pulverized nitrate of ammonia and dissolve in five grams of alcohol. Put the whole in a long, slender bottle closed at the top with a piece of bladder containing a hole to admit the air. When rain is coming the solid particles will tend gradually to mount, little star crystals rising in the liquid, which otherwise remains clear. If high winds are approaching the liquid will become thick, and if fermenting, while a film of solid



Make Father Play The "Blue Danube" To-night

Of course Father's not much of a musician in his fingers, but in his soul he can play the "Blue Danube" or any other waltz, so that you forget it's only Brother John you're dancing with. The

Williams' Player Piano

With the "Meister-Touch—most human of all."

makes Father's fingers as expert as his soul is musical.

The treasure house of music is unlocked through this marvelous instrument. Dances, operas, concertos, overtures, or the newest of popular airs, are at your command as mood or occasion dictates. And when Father and Mother are alone—he'll play her some of those almost for-

gotten melodies, that stirred their hearts long before you were even thought of.

Tell him it's as easy on his purse as it is to buy theatre tickets for the family—and a thousand times more enduring a pleasure. Get him to meet you at noon and find out for yourselves by a visit to our warerooms what a joy you are all missing.

SOLD BY—

C. A. WISEMAN, Nanawee, Ont.

J. A. HUNTER, Tamworth, Ont.

Makers—The Williams' Piano Co. Ltd., Oshawa, Canada.

We sell direct where not represented. Write for Catalogue.

THE COMING MAN.

By ANGELA MORGAN.

A man cries out in the wilderness,
And he has a terrible thing to tell;
He cries aloud to age and youth—
His words are hot with the sting of truth
And fierce as the bite of hell!

A man cries out in the wilderness,
For his heart is raw to the world's distress;
His soul is seared with the people's shame,
And his message brands like flame.

Canadian National Exhibition

PEACE YEAR

America's Greatest Livestock Show
Acres of Manufactures

four grams of pulverized nitrate potassium, two grams of pulverized rate of ammonia and dissolve in ty grams of alcohol. Put the whole a long, slender bottle closed at the with a piece of bladder containing inhole to admit the air. When rain coming the solid particles will tend dually to mount, little star crystals ming in the liquid, which otherwise mins clear. If high winds are ap-aching the liquid will become thick, If fermenting, while a film of solid ticles forms on the surface. During weather the liquid will remain r and the solid particles will rest the bottom.

Reading Music.

he literary man, writes a corre-ndent, may very well, when he is g on his back, console himself with ture. But what is the scientific a, with no particular interest in ture, to do? A certain professor my acquaintance once got through outh of painful convalescence by aid of another kind of reading. read through the scores of his fa-e composers. He had no ear for rhythms of literature, but a fine ear the rhythms of music, and he as-ed me that he heard the music as ead the scores. He said that dur-that month he really came to un-stand Beethoven and that no per-nance of his work ever satisfied afterward.—London Spectator.

A Bit of Blarney.

Irishman who was begging in the et was asked by a lady how it was : such a fine, strong man as he id be asking for alms. With na-blarney he replied: andy, begging is the only profession ow in which a gentleman can ad-a beautiful woman without hav-an introduction." ie remark was quite profitable.—on Answers.

Moss Bread.

ong the shores of the Columbia a kind of bread is made by the ans from a moss that grows on the ce fir tree. This moss is prepared placing it in heaps, sprinkling it water and permitting it to fer-t. Then it is rolled into balls as as a man's head, and these are d in pits.

On a High Horse.

well—He's usually on his high e. Powell—Yes; he is a sort of strian statue of himself.—New Times.

Megalomania.

gotistical, isn't she?" ep—thinks if she borrowed some as of a neighbor that next day d'd be an article in the papers on China loan.—New York Times.

Her Name.

ie was round, and she was ruddy. And her cheeks were like the rose, and she weighed at least one-eighty. As the hay scale record shows. ie was sound as any dollar. And no stronger girl you've met. At this big and robust creature Had been christened Violet. —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Speaking of Settlements.

—This paper says that Clayton, is about to annex nine small set-ments on its borders. Jill—Well, the I board with is trying to do the thing.—Yonkers Statesman.

By ANGELA MORGAN.

A man cries out in the wilderness,
And he has a terrible thing to tell;
He cries aloud to age and youth—
His words are hot with the sting of truth
And fierce as the bite of hell!

A man cries out in the wilderness,
For his heart is raw to the world's distress;
His soul is seared with the people's shame,
And his message brands like flame.
Oh! his breast is scarred and his hands are torn!
He has blazed the trail through hate and scorn!

Vice and ignorance, wrong and wrack—
These are the foes he has beaten back;
These are the beasts he holds at bay!
And he cries, "Make way! make way!
Make way for the race that is to be—
The conquering race, the coming Man,
Clean, courageous, intrepid free,
Pure as the Great God's plan!

Dreams of the ages—a vision dim—
Martyrs have burned and died for Him;
Prophets have preached Him unafraid,
For Him we have wept—"we have prayed."

A man cries out in the wilderness,
And the lightning's wrath is in his face.
A man cries out in the wilderness
And he pleads for the human race.
For I tell you a race shall come to birth—
Godlike, glorious, upon this earth,
Far in advance of present man,
As the Heavens that we only scan!

Did we dream it could breed from low desire?
Did we dream it could rise from festal mire?
Could the beautiful celestial thing
From lust and lechery spring?

A man cries out in the wilderness,
And his heart is raw to the world's distress!
With terrible truth his feet are shod—
"Make way—make way—make way for the Sons of God!"

Wanted to Be Safe.

Tom Jackson had participated in a narrow escape from death, due to an accident which happened while he was crossing to Liverpool. It was, therefore, with much fear and hesitancy that he decided to return home.

Approaching the porter hurriedly at the last minute, he was told that he was too late for a stateroom. "The last one was just taken," announced that worthy.

"Stateroom?" queried the frightened passenger. "Who wants a stateroom? Give me a reserved seat in a lifeboat." —Buffalo Express.

A Painful Process.

Little Prescott had been leaning out of an upstairs window.

"Come away from the window, son," his father said sternly. "You might fall out and get a hump on your back—like the camels you saw yesterday."

The little boy was silent for a few minutes. Then he asked, "Father, do all the little camels have to fall out the window to get their humps?" —New York Post.

Argued Too Long.

"Why did you permit yourself to be drawn into a long argument with your assailant?" asked the policeman.

"A long dispute was just what I was trying to avoid when I called him a liar," explained the man on the hospital cot.—Buffalo Express.

Too Soon and Too Late.

"What became of that play you wrote five years ago?"

"The managers decided it was too daring to produce."

"Send it on again."

"I did. They say it's too tame now." —Pittsburgh Post.

The man who pays an income tax
With total quite surprising
Now finds he's getting stacks and stacks
Of gilt edged advertising.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Everything I touch turns into money."

"Keep away from me, then. I don't want to be known as a vulgar display of wealth."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Jaws of lots of girls remind us
That we might be going some
If we only had behind us
All the coin they've spent for gum.
—Fuck.

Wallace's good spices make good pickles. Everything fresh and good at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

Canadian National Exhibition

PEACE YEAR

America's Greatest Livestock Show
Acres of Manufactures
Exhibits by the Provinces
Exhibits by Dominion Government
Exhibits by West Indies

Grenadier Guards Band

Dragoons' Musical Ride
Auto-Polo Matches
Circus and Hippodrome
Dozen Shows in Single Hour
Boy Scouts' Review
Canada's Biggest Dog Show

BABYLON

Greatest Oriental Spectacle
ever presented on Continent

Paintings from England, Scotland,
United States and Canada
Educational Exhibits
Goods in Process of Making
Athletic Sports
Aero-Hydroplane Flights
Grand Water Carnival

Creator's Famous Band

Score of other Bands
Dozen Band Concerts Daily
Chesapeake and Shannon
Biggest Midway ever
Peace Year Fireworks

International Peace Tattoo
10 Bands 400 Musicians

Aug. 29 1914 Sept. 14
TORONTO

Rich Hair

Long, thick, heavy hair. Want this kind?
Ayer's Hair Vigor promotes growth.
Does not color the hair.
Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer Co.,
Montreal, Canada.

DURABLE--Fire grates are three-sided,
last three times as long. Shaped in the

McClary's
Sunshine
Furnace to grind up clinkers
when "rocked". See
the McClary dealer or write for booklet. 32

Sold by **BOYLE & SON.**

L U M B E R LATH - AND - SHINGLES

ALL GRADES

Hardwood Flooring. Interior Trim.
Sash Verandah Work.
Doors. Wall Board Ready Roofing.

MACHINE WORK TO ORDER.

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.

NORTHERN GROWN TREES

Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach,
Small Fruits, Ornamentals,
Roses, Flowering Shrubs,
etc. Everything in the nur-
sery line. Catalogue Free. Send list of
your wants for prices. Agents wanted
everywhere for terms.

J. H. WISMER, Nurseryman,
Port Elgin, Ontario. 43-5m

FASHION AND MISERY.

A Pitiful Tragedy That Revealed an
Incongruous Combination.

One of the standing subjects of hu-
morous remarks among New York
theatergoers is the weekly article on
men's fashions, published over the nom-
de-plume of Beau Brummel, in the
programs of the theaters of the better
class.

Some people think Beau Brummel is
a woman, while others believe him to
be merely a haberdasher with a drug
habit. However that may be, it is a
reasonable supposition that no one
wears any of the clothes that Beau
Brummel writes about. It couldn't be
done. If any man ever arrayed him-
self in one week's output of the Beau
Brummel fashions and started down
Broadway he'd land in jail or the psy-
chopathic ward at Bellevue.

The case of Beau Brummel is merely
funny. But here is a grim and pitiful
little tragedy which is in a way related
to it. In a small tenement, at the
eastern and poverty stricken end of
Fifty-sixth street, the police found
John Conwell and his old mother, dead
from gas. The man was past middle
age and unmarried. They lived alone,
and he idolized the woman—a poor, old
drunkard. The neighbors said he used
to cry hysterically when she would
stagger home, stupefied with drink. At
last he turned on the gas while she
slept and died with her.

He wore cotton overalls at the time
of his death, and the few articles of
his wearing apparel found in the apart-
ment were worn and ragged. Yet the
letters and papers which the police
took possession of proved that he earned
a livelihood for himself and his
mother by writing articles on the lat-
est fashions in men's dress.—New York
Letter in Cincinnati Times-Star.

OLD FORT MARION.

America's Only Medieval Castle a
Landmark in St. Augustine.

For more than 200 years St. Augus-
tine was the Spanish capital of Flor-
ida, and the Florida of those days ex-
tended from the Chesapeake Bay to the
Pacific ocean. It was an impregnable
stronghold all of those years.

Old Fort Marion, begun in 1592 and
finished in 1750, is the only medieval
castle in America. It cost an enormous

SURPRISED THE CAPTIVE.

An Incident That Aroused Varied Emo-
tions All Around.

In his "Reminiscences" General Basil
W. Duke of the Confederate army tells
of an incident he witnessed just after
the close of the war:

"One morning about 9 o'clock I was
sitting on the platform of a station
waiting for my train when my atten-
tion was attracted to a squad of Fed-
eral soldiers who had evidently been
on guard during the night, but were
now getting their breakfast. They
were well supplied with rations and
seemed in high spirits.

"Just then I caught sight of a lank,
hungry looking fellow who was unmis-
takably an ex-Confederate. He wore
a ragged, faded gray jacket, with the
buttons cut off, a pair of most dilap-
idated blue trousers and an old canvas
haversack, as empty as extra-sidereal
space, hung around his neck. If he
had eaten a square meal within six
months appearances were deceitful.
He was partially hidden behind a cot-
ton bale, whence he watched the Yan-
kee spread with eyes that threatened
to protrude across the intervening dis-
tance.

"About the time I saw him the
'Yanks' also caught sight of him. They
held a short consultation; then one of
them sprang up, started toward him
and shouted out:

"'Hello, reb! Come this way; we
want you!'

"For some reason—perhaps because
I was sick and peevish—I conceived
the idea that they wanted to arrest
him, and my blood boiled with indig-
nation at so totally an unprovoked act
of oppression.

"The 'Johnnie' evidently entertained
the same opinion, for he began a rather
rapid retreat. 'A fresh summons, how-
ever, re-enforced by a volley of threats,
induced him to turn and approach the
party, with an attempted dignity of
demeanor that was ludicrous compared
with his hasty retrograde movement.

"When he reached the spot where
the 'grub' was the Yanks seized him,
made him sit down and began to ex-
ert themselves to appease his manifest
hunger. I have known some extraordi-
nary feeders, but I honestly believe I
have never seen any other two men
eat as much as that fellow did. He
kept at it steadily for not less than an
hour, while the Yanks aided and en-
couraged him to the utmost. He drank
six tin cupsful of coffee. He swelled
visibly, and I wondered how his frail
garments stood the tension.

"When at length he finished his cap-
tors crammed his weatherbeaten old
haversack full of hard tack and bacon
and sent him on his way rejoicing.

"It is scarcely necessary to say that
my own feelings in regard to the in-
cident had very materially changed
during its progress."

The Gallery's Verdict.

In the old days the proprietor of a
music hall always used to walk up
and down the center gangway during
the performances and restrain the ex-
uberance of his patrons. One night a
lady singer began a doleful ballad in
a still more doleful voice, and at once
received "the bird" from the gallery.
"That'll do, boys," said the proprietor.
"Order, please! Give the artiste a
chance." But when the performance
was finished he took off his hat, bowed
to the gallery and remarked, "I beg
pardon, you were quite right."—Lon-

EARTHLY WEALTH HEAVENLY RICH

Love and Benevolence Integ-
Parts of Righteousness.

Ours the Wealthiest Period of H-
tory—Faith and Godliness on
Decline—Great Increase of S-
ishness—An Integral Part of
—Lesson to the Church of Chr-
—Removal of the Stony Heart.



PASTOR RUSSELL

July 26.—1
ports from mo
than one hundi
cities indic
great interest
the Photo-Dra
of Creation. T
noble effort
call attention
the Word of G
is being high
appreciated. W
ever sees it is
resistibly dra
toward Him w
gave His we
beloved Son i

man's redemption.

To-day Pastor Russell's text wa
"So is he that layeth up treasure i
himself, but is not rich toward God
—Luke 12:21.

The discourse opened with the d-
claration that the world to-day po-
sesses wealth beyond anything i-
corded in history, and in every co-
ceivable way is growing richer. A
brief enumeration of modern i-
provements and conveniences whi-
would amaze our forefathers w-
followed by a series of questio-
which appeal to every thought

Are we as a race, the Pastor as-
ed, growing rich toward God? Is n-
the very reverse true? Are not fai-
and godliness on the decline? Is
not true that within the last fif-
years the love of money, which S-
Paul declares is "a root of all evil
has intensified? Although we a-
better housed, fed and clothed th-
were our forefathers, yet there is
general unrest due to trust in rich-
Despite police, detectives, telegraph
telephones, etc., human lives a-
property are still in peril because
the hunger for wealth everywhere
prevalent.

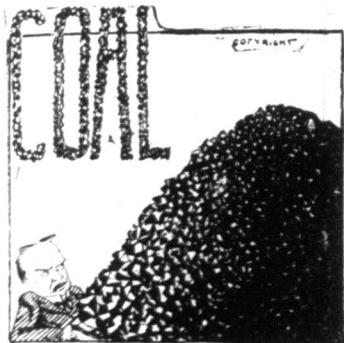
"Whose Shall These Things Be?"

Taking up his text, the Past-
then discussed the parable from
which it is taken. In it our Lo-
pictures a man whose lines we-
fallen in pleasant places and who-
wealth increased under sun an-
shower. But instead of growing ric-
in character through the cultivati-
of noble qualities by using his o-
portunities for helping those le-
favored than himself, this rich ma-
permitted selfishness to domina-
him. Instead of dispensing wise
the wealth which Divine providen-
gave him, he accumulated more fo
himself.

Many to-day are following his e-
ample, the speaker regretted to sa-
In this parable the Master has draw-
a picture of practically every man i-
the world, some of whom are real-
doing these things, and others are
longing for the opportunity.

Hear the Lord's Estimation.

Commenting upon the Master
estimation of this foolish rich ma-
the Pastor asked, If the Lord co-
sidered the rich man of His parabl-
a fool, what may we suppose is H-
estimate of the masses to-day—
blasted as never before, and then



YOU CAN SAVE \$1.00 on
every 4 tons you order
NOW.

Call at office and see samples.

CHAS. STEVENS,

COAL and WOOD Merchant

Phone 104.

Office opposite Campbell House.



So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.

See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert

Was WRONG

So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.

See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert repairing and guarantee satisfaction absolutely. 50 years continuous experience at the bench.

A watch is perfectly dry in 15 minutes and should be overhauled.

Try us if you are not now a customer

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store

Quality Counts.



Bay of Quinte Ry.

NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE
Effective June 13th, 1914.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points. Connection at TRENTON for PICTON and C. O. Railway Stations: 5:55 a.m.; 4:30 p.m. 5:40 p.m. Sunday only.

For TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 12:00 noon.

For BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PICTON, COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:50 noon.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: 4:35 p.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON and other intermediate points: 4:30 p.m.

For DESERONTO, 1:30 a.m., daily; 4:20 p.m., daily, except Sunday; 4:50 a.m., daily, except Sunday; 8:15 p.m., daily, except Sunday; 5:40, Sunday only; 11:50 a.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2:05 p.m., 10:35 p.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 10:35 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From MAYNOOTH and intermediate stations: 10:35 p.m.

From BELLEVILLE, DESERONTO and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.; 2:05 p.m.; 10:35 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: 9:50 a.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 3:50 p.m.

From DESERONTO, 6:50 a.m., 12:20 a.m., 12:40 p.m., 11:20 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

To The Poultryman.

Give your young chicks and turkeys a fair start by freeing them from lice with Instant Louse Killer. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store Limited.

OLD FORT MARION.

America's Only Medieval Castle a Landmark in St. Augustine.

For more than 200 years St. Augustine was the Spanish capital of Florida, and the Florida of those days extended from the Chesapeake bay to the Pacific ocean. It was an impregnable stronghold all of those years.

Old Fort Marion, begun in 1502 and finished in 1756, is the only medieval castle in America. It cost an enormous sum of money. Repeated heavy drafts of the builders caused the king of Spain to inquire if they were building Fort Marion of gold dollars. The castle stands today in perfect condition, guarded by the United States government. The keeper conducts visitors through the castle, down into the dungeons and shows you rings in the walls where victims of Spanish oppression were chained to die. Report, fairly well authenticated, has it that when the castle fell into the hands of the British two skeletons were found in one of these dungeons chained to the wall. One was of a man, the other a woman. There is something uncanny about these dungeons that cannot be described by word of mouth.

While there has been great improvement in old St. Augustine, the ancient landmarks have been preserved. The old city gate is intact; the Spanish monuments hundreds of years old attract the lover of antiquities. Narrow streets characterized all Spanish towns of medieval times. There are streets in St. Augustine not more than ten or a dozen feet wide, each side lined with the same type of buildings that were the custom three or four centuries ago.

Maud—I've been losing quite a lot of my hair lately.

Marie—You should lock it up, dear.—Boston Transcript.

He gently touched the ivory keys
(The critics say he scored),
And, being under twenty-one,
He struck a minor chord.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

"Miss Peach is a decided blond, isn't she?" remarked Mr. Dubbe.

"Yes," replied Miss Crabbe. "She decided to become one about a month ago."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Know thyself" is fine advice
For use through life,
But here is some beyond all price—
Study your wife.
—Kansas City Journal.

"He looks like a fool!" "But, papa, he asked me to marry him." "He has? Well, don't ever tell me I can't size up people."—Houston Post.

My, but the carpenter is slow!
With him my patience fails.
He even stops his work to go
And manicure his nails.
—Boston Record.

"Do you believe in women in the home coming to the front?"

"You can't prevent 'em if there's a wedding in the neighborhood."—Baltimore American.

You may break, you may shatter,
The moth ball at will,
But somehow the odor
Will cling to clothes still.
—Florida Times-Union.

Blobbs—That fellow Bjones is a highly quarrelsome sort of fellow.
Slobbs—Yes, even his own statements conflict.—Philadelphia Record.

Did you ever hear a story so queer?
The strangest one ever invented!
A pious old gent got married in Lent
And when Lent was over relented.

music hall always used to walk up and down the center gangway during the performances and restrain the exuberance of his patrons. One night a lady singer began a doleful ballad in a still more doleful voice, and at once received "the bird" from the gallery. "That'll do, boys," said the proprietor. "Order, please! Give the artiste a chance." But when the performance was finished he took off his hat, bowed to the gallery and remarked, "I beg pardon, you were quite right."—London Express.

Life.

In certain of its essential respects, a madhouse; in others, a pageant; in still others, a commonplace succession of bumdrum incidents. At times you are quite sure it is all a gray monotony; again it begins to arise and spread itself like an Arabian night. And the unexpected breaks loose—a series of strange encounters, flashes of vivid color, bright eager personalities jostling and strutting in excess of vitality. —Harper's Weekly.

Hats and the Sexes.

A woman can take a dime to the liver counter of the butcher's shop and strike a better bargain than a man could make; but a man can wear a two dollar hat till it turns green, while a woman can wear a twenty-five dollar one only till her friends know it by sight.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Favor She Won't Ask.

"Aunt Clara," said four-year-old Flossie, "I want to ask a favor of you." "Well, what is it, dear?" asked her aunt.

"When I grow up," continued the little miss, "will you lend me one of your long skirts until I can have mine let down?"—Chicago News.

How to Tell.

"How can you tell when a woman is only shopping?"

"When they intend to buy they ask to see something cheaper. When they're shopping they ask if you haven't something more expensive in stock."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"I feel all run down."
"Never mind. I met your wife a few minutes ago and told her that I had seen you taking lunch yesterday with a strange woman. She'll blow you up."—Chicago Record Herald.

There was a young man from Racine
Invented a tango machine.
It glided and leapt
While the gentleman slept
And saved his exertion, I ween.
—New York Evening Sun.

"Pa, what does it mean to climb the social ladder?" "It means a lot of hard work for father, son."—Baltimore Sun.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a piano, organ, talking machine, or sewing machine, see us. We have different makes of pianos. You can see the different styles and hear the different tones. If you can't come to see us drop us a card, and we will send an auto after you (if roads will permit) and bring you to town to see our goods. We have the finest talking machines on earth. See the new one with automatic stop, and we have beautiful cabinets for records, also records. Vanlunen Bros., show rooms first corner north of Brisco Hotel, Napanee, also Moscow. 12-11 P.S.—A large farm (630 a-cres) for sale

ample, the speaker regretted it. In this parable the Master has a picture of practically every r the world, some of whom are doing these things, and other longing for the opportunity.

Hear the Lord's Estimate

Commenting upon the M estimation of this foolish rich the Pastor asked, If the Lord sidered the rich man of His p a fool, what may we suppose estimate of the masses to- blessed as never before, and fore responsible as men never were responsible in the u money? He fears that the I not well pleased with the scr for wealth witnessed everywh

The speaker then explained the Lord does not address H proof to the world, but to His C —the consecrated few. The e declared, is about to learn a lesson. Having sown to the seed of selfishness, it is ab reap the whirlwind of trouble fruitage of selfishness, in whic interests of rich and poor will in the conflict between those have secured wealth and those will strive to take it from th "a Time of Trouble such as w since there was a nation."

According to Scripture, God now appealing to the world; fo He knows that so intense i spirit of avarice that such an would be useless. By the time the poor world has learned th isness is an integral part o even as love and benevolence integral parts of righteousness will be ready to cry for Divine s ance. Then God's means of s ance, the Messianic Kingdom, w inaugurated and will bring b results of love, joy, peace and will amongst men.

To the Church—God's saintly ple both in and out of sects, ps etc.—the Lord says, Let not treasures be of an earthly spend and be spent in the inter others and in the service of God thus seek to share with Me, not in the sufferings of the present in the glory, honor and immor of the future.

"Take Away the Stony Heart"

The Pastor concluded his disc after showing that during Mes Millennium Reign humanity's heartedness will gradually be solved. Satan will be bound an curse removed. The stress lifted, mankind will rise from present condition of selfishness to the image of God, lost in l redeemed at Calvary. As the s tures declare, God will remove stony heart and give them a of flesh—kind, sympathetic. Bu incorrigible will He destroy in Second Death.

As originally created in the D image and likeness, man was te: hearted, sympathetic. But afte had entered the world and the for a living began, selfishness ually became the predominat fluence, producing hard-hearted —carelessness in respect to th terests of others—self love.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR

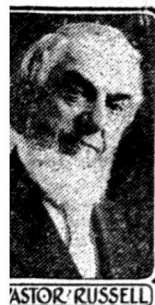
Come and inspect
Brilliant Vacuum Clean
which sells at \$24
complete.

THE SEYMOUR POWER
ELECTRIC CO., Limited

ARTHLY WEALTH HEAVENLY RICHES

Love and Benevolence Integral Parts of Righteousness.

ars the Wealthiest Period of His-
tory—Faith and Godliness on the
Decline—Great Increase of Self-
ishness—An Integral Part of Sin
—Lesson to the Church of Christ
—Removal of the Stony Heart.



ASTOR/RUSSELL

July 26. — Reports from more than one hundred cities indicate great interest in the Photo-Drama of Creation. This noble effort to call attention to the Word of God is being highly appreciated. Who ever sees it is irresistibly drawn toward Him who gave His well-beloved Son for

an's redemption. To-day Pastor Russell's text was, so is he that layeth up treasure for himself, but is not rich toward God." Luke 12:21.

The discourse opened with the de-
claration that the world to-day pos-
sesses wealth beyond anything re-
corded in history, and in every con-
siderable way is growing richer. A
brief enumeration of modern im-
provements and conveniences which
could amaze our forefathers was
followed by a series of questions
which appeal to every thoughtful
ind.

Are we as a race, the Pastor ask-
ed, growing rich toward God? Is not
a very reverse true? Are not faith
and godliness on the decline? Is it
true that within the last fifty
years the love of money, which St.
Paul declares is "a root of all evil,"
is intensified? Although we are
better housed, fed and clothed than
our forefathers, yet there is a
moral unrest due to trust in riches.
Espionage, police, detectives, telegraphs,
phonographs, etc., human lives and
property are still in peril because of
the hunger for wealth everywhere
evalent.

'Whose Shall These Things Be?'

Taking up his text, the Pastor
then discussed the parable from
which it is taken. In it our Lord
describes a man whose lines were
laid in pleasant places and whose
wealth increased under sun and
power. But instead of growing rich
in character through the cultivation
of noble qualities by using his op-
portunities for helping those less
fortunate than himself, this rich man
permitted selfishness to dominate
him. Instead of dispensing wisely
of the wealth which Divine providence
gave him, he accumulated more for
himself.

Many to-day are following his ex-
ample, the speaker regretted to say.
In this parable the Master has drawn
picture of practically every man in
the world, some of whom are really
doing these things, and others are
waiting for the opportunity.

Hear the Lord's Estimation.

Commenting upon the Master's
estimation of this foolish rich man,
the Pastor asked, if the Lord con-
sidered the rich man of His parable
fool, what may we suppose is His
estimate of the masses to-day—
classed as never before, and there-

AGASSIZ AND A HERRING.

And a Student Who Finally Succeeded
In Making a Discovery.

A student enrolled in Agassiz's class.
For several days Agassiz paid no atten-
tion to him whatever. At length, tired
of standing around idle, the student
asked Agassiz to give him something to
do. Agassiz's reply was to hand him a
herring and to say, "Study this." The
student was bewildered, but set about
"studying" it. The next day Agassiz
asked him what he had learned about
the herring. The student replied that it
had two eyes, so many fins and such
and such markings.

"No, no!" Agassiz cried. "Study it
more. Those things are not important."
The next day and the next the expe-
rience was repeated. The fourth day
Agassiz again demanded information
about the now rotting specimen. In a
desperate attempt at humor the stu-
dent replied, "Well, it's the same on
both sides."

"That's it!" shouted Agassiz. "That's
it! A starfish isn't the same on both
sides, an oyster isn't, thousands of
specimens of the sea are not. When
you find one that is, you've found a
starting point in a new stage in the
evolution of life."

Obviously, that student learned more
from that one lesson about the scien-
tific method of study than he would
have learned in a year's reading and
lectures. The textbooks would have
taught him the facts; Agassiz taught
him the method of learning all facts.—
World's Work.

Lighting a Picture.

The hall in the Rijks museum, in
Amsterdam, which contains Rem-
brandt's "The Night Watch," painted
in 1642, was specially built to hold the
picture that the lighting might be as
perfect as possible. The picture is al-
ways lighted, the hall always dark.
Originally the picture was arranged
badly as to light and space. When, in
1715, it was transferred from the Doel-
en to the town hall it was made to fit
into its new position by having strips
cut off the canvas on either side and
off the top, which destroyed the bal-
ance.

Had to Be.

Little five-year-old Bessie was telling
about some medicine she had taken
while ill.

"Yes," she said, "I took some com-
pulsion of cod liver oil, and"—

"You mean emulsion, don't you,
dear—not compulsion?" said the vis-
itor.

"Well," rejoined Bessie, "there was a
good deal of compulsion about it."—
Pittsburgh Press.

Unsympathetic.

"Willie," whispered auntie in the
street car, "why don't you get up and
give your seat to your father? Doesn't
it pain you to see him reaching for the
strap?"

"Not in a car," responded the young-
ster, settling back comfortably in his
seat.—People's Home Journal.

Laughs First.

"What makes you begin to laugh
every time you see me?" asked Mr.
Growcher.

"I'm taking time by the forelock," re-
plied his wife. "I know there won't be
a chance in the world for me to laugh
after I have talked with you for five
minutes."—Washington Star.

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Altho war fever
today sent the wheat market coursing
higher by far than had previously been
known since the crisis began, the ascent
was out of all proportion to the amount
of business transacted. The trade is still
a good deal short of what would be a
normal aggregate under ordinary condi-
tions, and it did not take much selling to
bring about a decided reaction from top
prices. The close was unsettled at 2c to
2½c above Saturday night's level. Corn
finished at a net decline of ¼c to 2½c,
oats off ¼c to ½c, and provisions irregu-
lar, ranging from 90c loss to a rise of
17½c.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel.....	\$1 00 to \$...
Barley, bushel.....	0 60 to 0 64
Peas, bushel.....	0 82
Oats, bushel.....	0 45 to 0 46
Rye, bushel.....	0 65
Buckwheat, bushel.....	0 70 to 0 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. sq. 0 26	0 28
Butter, creamery, solid, 0 24	0 26
Butter, separator, dairy, 0 23
Eggs, new-laid, 0 14
Cheese, new, lb. 0 14

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 10.—Wheat prices
were stronger on unfavorable weather
conditions in the Canadian west, and in
sympathy with prices in the American
markets. By the gift of a million bags
of flour to Great Britain by the Cana-
dian Government the flour trade locally
will not be affected, is the consensus of
the millers' opinion.

Trading in all lines was quiet, there
was a good existing demand for all grades
of cash wheat, but offerings were nil, and
owing to this being a bank holiday busi-
ness was restricted. Winnipeg wheat
opened ¾c to 2½c higher, and closed 2½c
to 4½c higher.

Cash wheat closed 3½c to 4½c higher
for contract grades. Cash barley un-
changed. The number of cars inspected
on Saturday was 90, as against 198 last
year. Frosts at seven points were re-
corded in Manitoba and Saskatchewan,
varying from freezing point to four de-
grees.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, Aug. 10.—A very firm
feeling prevailed in the local grain mar-
ket today, with a good demand from local
and country buyers for supplies, and a
fairly active trade was done. The fea-
ture of the flour situation continued to be
the great scarcity of winter wheat grades;
in fact, supplies are exhausted at spot,
and dealers state that it is impossible to
get any offers from Ontario millers for
either prompt or future shipment, and
buyers in consequence find it difficult to
fill their requirements. The demand for
spring wheat flour continues active, and
a large volume of business is doing for
local and country account at firm prices.

The Dominion Government purchase of
1,000,000 bags have been pretty evenly
divided up with all the leading Canadian
mills of spring wheat flour. The trade
in millfeed is very active, and the tone
of the market is firm, with prices tend-
ing towards a higher level. Rolled oats
are firm and fairly active. Butter is
strong, with a fairly active trade passing.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 10.—Wheat—
Sept., \$1.05½; Dec., \$1.07½; No. 1 hard,
\$1.10½; No. 1 northern, \$1.11½ to \$1.17½;
No. 2 northern, \$1.12½ to \$1.15½;
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 79½c to 80c.
Oats—No. 3 white, 39½c to 40c.
Flour—Fancy patents, \$6; first clears,
\$5; second clears, \$3.25; shipments, \$5.70
barrels.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

DULUTH, Aug. 10.—Wheat—No. 1 hard,
\$1.10½; No. 1 northern, \$1.15½; No. 2
northern, \$1.13½; Sept., \$1.07½; Dec.,
\$1.08½.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Aug. 10.—Receipts of
live stock at the Union Yards were
160 cars, comprising 3168 cattle,
1091 hogs, 1087 sheep and lambs
and 265 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers sold at \$8.50 to
\$8.85, with one straight load and a few
lots at \$9; good loads at \$8.25 to \$8.50;

medium to good at \$7.75 to \$8.15; com-
mon to medium at \$7.25 to \$7.60; com-
mon, light, inferior at \$7; cows, choice,
at \$7 to \$7.25; good cows at \$6.50 to \$6.75;
medium cows at \$6.25 to \$6.50; common
cows at \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters
at \$3 to \$4.50; bulls at \$5 to \$7.50.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice steers at \$7 to \$7.40; medium
steers at \$6.75 to \$7; stockers at \$5.75 to
\$6.50.

Milkers and Springers.

The number of milkers and springers
on sale yesterday was not large, and
prices ranged from \$45 to \$90, the bulk go-
ing at \$65 to \$75. There were two choice
cows reported at \$90.

Veal Calves.

Choice veals sold at \$9.50 to \$10.50;
good at \$8.50 to \$9.50; medium at \$7.50
at \$8.50; common at \$6.50 to \$7.50; in-
ferior at \$5 to \$6.

Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep: Prices—Fleeced ewes, sold at
\$5 to \$6.50; heavy ewes and rams at \$4
to \$5; yearlings at \$7.50 to \$8.25; lambs
at \$9 to \$9.50, the bulk selling at \$9.25;
cull lambs at \$7.50 to \$8.50.

Hogs.

The market for hogs was firmer. Selects
fed and watered sold at \$10.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Aug. 10.—At the Montreal
stock yards, the end market, the re-
ceipts of live stock for the week ending
Aug. 8 were 1500 cattle, 2500 sheep and
lambs, 2500 hogs and 1100 calves. The
offerings on the market this morning for
sale amounted to 1250 cattle, 1700 sheep
and lambs, 1350 hogs and 750 calves.

A feature of the cattle trade today was
the good demand for culling stock. The
offerings were fairly large, but owing to
the keen competition between Canadian
and American buyers the feeling in the
market was strong and prices ruled fully
25c per 100 pounds higher than this day
week, with sales of common bulls at \$5.25
to \$5.50 and cows at \$3.75 to \$4.50 per 100
pounds. There was no actual change in
the condition of the market for butchers'
cattle, but the feeling was very firm
under a good demand with ample sup-
plies to fill all requirements, and an ac-
tive trade was done. Demand was prin-
cipally for good steers and sales of car-
loads were made at \$8.25 to \$8.50, while
fairly good stock changed hands at \$7.75
to \$8 per 100 pounds.

Owing to the stronger feeling in the
Toronto market for hogs at the latter
part of last week and the advance in
prices of 15c to 25c per 100 pounds, a
much stronger feeling developed in the
local market and prices advanced 25c to
50c per 100 pounds.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Receipts,
12,000; market, higher; beefs, \$7.25 to
\$10.40; Texas steers, \$6.50 to \$9.10; stock-
ers and feeders, \$5.50 to \$8; cows and
heifers, \$3.80 to \$9.40; calves, \$3.50 to
\$11.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; market, higher;
light, \$9.60 to \$10.20; mixed, \$9.15 to
\$10.15; heavy, \$8.85 to \$10; rough, \$8.85
to \$9.10; pigs, \$8.25 to \$9.80; bulk of sales,
\$9.35 to \$9.90.

Sheep—Receipts, 24,000; market, steady;
native, \$3.30 to \$6.15; yearlings, \$6.10 to
\$7.25; lambs, native, \$6.75 to \$8.85.

Uhlans Disarmed.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 11. — Fifty
Uhlans have been captured and disar-
med at Maastricht, capital of the
Province of Limburg.

Its Moral Advantage.

"Aviation is usually conducive to the
control of one's temper."

"How so?"

"It would never do when several hun-
dred feet up in the air for one to get
put out, would it?"—Baltimore Ameri-
can.

Settlement Work.

"Did you hear about Muggins taking
up settlement work?"

"Yes. He usually works his creditors
for 50 cents on the dollar."—Town Top-
ics.

Your own words and actions are the
only things you will be called to ac-
count for.—A Kemps.

Wednesday, Half-Holidays.

Don't forget your Wednesday half-
holiday package—a box of Willard's
chocolates, and an Eastman non-cul-
ing film, at Wallace's Drug Store,
or you will not thoroughly enjoy your
outings.

ster, setting back comfort to his seat.—People's Home Journal.

Laughs First.

"What makes you begin to laugh every time you see me?" asked Mr. Growcher.

"I'm taking time by the forelock," replied his wife. "I know there won't be a chance in the world for me to laugh after I have talked with you for five minutes."—Washington Star.

Hear the Lord's Estimation.

Commenting upon the Master's estimation of this foolish rich man, the Pastor asked, If the Lord considered the rich man of His parable fool, what may we suppose is His estimate of the masses to-day—lessed as never before, and therefore responsible as men never before ere responsible in the use of money? He fears that the Lord is not well pleased with the scramble for wealth witnessed everywhere.

The speaker then explained that the Lord does not address His reproof to the world, but to His Church—the consecrated few. The world, he declared, is about to learn a great lesson. Having sown to the wind the seed of selfishness, it is about to reap the whirlwind of trouble, the ultimate of selfishness, in which the interests of rich and poor will clash in the conflict between those who have secured wealth and those who will strive to take it from them—a Time of Trouble such as was not once there was a nation."

According to Scripture, God is not now appealing to the world; for well he knows that so intense is the spirit of avarice that such an appeal would be useless. By the time that the poor world has learned that selfishness is an integral part of sin, even as love and benevolence are integral parts of righteousness, it will be ready to cry for Divine assistance. Then God's means of assistance, the Messianic Kingdom, will be inaugurated and will bring blessed results of love, joy, peace and good will amongst men.

To the Church—God's saintly people both in and out of sects, parties, etc.—the Lord says, Let not your treasures be of an earthly kind; spend and be spent in the interest of others and in the service of God; and thus seek to share with Me, not only the sufferings of the present, but the glory, honor and immortality of the future.

"Take Away the Stony Heart."

The Pastor concluded his discourse after showing that during Messiah's Millennial Reign humanity's hard-heartedness will gradually be dissolved. Satan will be bound and the curse removed. The stress being lifted, mankind will rise from their present condition of selfishness back to the image of God, lost in Eden, redeemed at Calvary. As the Scriptures declare, God will remove the only heart and give them a heart of flesh—kind, sympathetic. But the incorrigible will He destroy in the second Death.

As originally created in the Divine image and likeness, man was tender-hearted, sympathetic. But after sin had entered the world and the strife of a living began, selfishness gradually became the predominated influence, producing hard-heartedness—carelessness in respect to the interests of others—self love.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Come and inspect our
brilliant Vacuum Cleaner
which sells at \$24.50
complete.

THE SEYMOUR POWER &
ELECTRIC CO., Limited.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Aug. 10.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 160 cars, comprising 3168 cattle, 1091 hogs, 1087 sheep and lambs and 265 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers sold at \$8.60 to \$8.85, with one straight load and a few lots at \$9; good loads at \$8.25 to \$8.50;

lots of calves at the Union Yards.

Your own words and actions are the only things you will be called to account for.—A Kempis.

Wednesday, Half-Holidays.

Don't forget your Wednesday half-holiday package—a box of Willard's chocolates, and an Eastman non-curling film, at Wallace's Drug Store, or you will not thoroughly enjoy your outings.

Genuine "Dustbane" comes in big tins like this—lithographed in black and yellow. 2 sizes: 10c. and 35c.



You don't have to take substitutes for **DUSTBANE** *"Catches Sweeping Dust"*

IF you ask for Dustbane, and are offered a substitute, don't take it! Instead, write us, telling the name of the dealer who offered you the imitation, and the date, and we will send you, by parcels post, a big tin (regular 35 cent size) of Dustbane absolutely free.

There are no strings whatever to this offer. A few unscrupulous dealers have been palming off cheap imitations to customers who have asked for Dustbane, because they have unwisely bought stocks of the inferior goods and are anxious to get rid of it. If you accept imitations offered as being "just as good" as Dustbane, you will be dissatisfied, and may jump to the conclusion that all sweeping powders are alike.

That is why we are anxious for you to get genuine Dustbane, because you will be so well pleased with it that you will never sweep without it again. We also want to know the names of any dealers who use Dustbane's popularity as a means to get rid of stocks of imitation goods.

Dustbane is made under Canadian patents Nos. 89,819 (Nov. 1st, 1904), 95,497 (Oct. 10th, 1905), 102,643 (Dec. 18th, 1906) and 107,575 (Sept. 24th, 1907). These patents absolutely protect its formula, and no other sweeping powder can contain the ingredients which make it possible for Dustbane to kill germs, prevent sweeping dust from rising, purify the air, and brighten floors and carpets.

Good dealers won't try to give you substitutes. If they are out of Dustbane they will frankly tell you so, and get it for you as quickly possible.

But remember!

If you ask for Dustbane, and are offered a substitute, write us about it and we will send you a full-sized

35c. Tin Absolutely Free.

ADDRESS:

DUSTBANE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED, OTTAWA.

A Tangled Web

BY MRS. ALEXANDER

Author of "Beaton's Bargain," "His Perfect Trust,"
"By Another Name," "Her Heart's Idol,"
"Half a Truth," "H's Rival."

She must have sustained a mental shock of some description, the doctor said, but no one could surmise what had caused it. Mrs. Ruthven had had sufficient foresight, feeling terribly ill, to tear the letter into minute fragments, and burn them, and from her speech little could be gathered save that she repeatedly accused Shirley and others of stealing her jewels.

This relapse was a great additional trouble to Lady Dorrington, who was at her wits' end to discover its origin.

"Some of those horrible letters, no doubt," she confided to her husband. "I wish she never had had them; at such a time the absence of some confidential attendant is very awkward. You see, we know nothing of her former life and connections."

Still the wealthy widow held on surprisingly, but after this second attack, recovery was very slow, and the doctors complained of want of vitality.

All this time, in gray foggy London, Marsden's wooing prospered, and Nora grew quite accustomed to his daily presence.

He was himself cautious and self-restrained. He took care not again to startle her by such a passionate outburst as had disturbed her on the day she had accepted him. He watched with infinite care and tact his opportunity for winning a caress, and flattered himself he was daily advancing in her affection, and becoming more necessary, yet there came at intervals torturing spasms of doubt, when it was borne in upon him that he was only liked, endured, and slightly feared; such moments made him savage, exacting, unreasonable. He strove hard to resist these moods, knowing well how much of what he had built up with infinite care they undid.

Through all, Nora was so sweet, so patient, so compliant, that he grew more passionately fond of her day by day, even while he longed for her to show him some caprices, some little tyrannies indicative of pleasure in her sense of power over him. She did not love him yet—not yet—but she would be true to him, and love would come.

On one point Nora was steady, she would not marry till she had attained her twenty-first year, and on this Marsden was obliged to give way. As their marriage was not to take place immediately, he was anxious it should not be talked about. There was no use in bringing a storm of congratulations and questions upon them before the time, but he promised to speak to Lady Dorrington on the subject, as soon as he could intrude on her duties to her sick guest.

"You ought to tell her before any one else, Clifford," urged Nora.

A fortnight had slipped away, and as yet no whisper of Marsden's engagement had got abroad.

There was no one in town, and Mrs. and Miss L'Estrange were scarcely known in Marsden's world.

Winton slowly withdrew his eyes from her; and, after looking down for a minute in silence, began to talk of Mrs. Ruthven and her illness, her relapse and her final recovery. Then he spoke of going to see his uncle, in Yorkshire; and they glided easily from one subject to another.

On rising to say good-night, he asked Mrs. L'Estrange at what hour he should find her next day.

"I don't think I shall be in much before four. I have a dreadful business before me in a visit to the dentist with poor little Bea, and we are to ransack Cremer's for some reward to encourage her drooping spirits! But, about four, you will find us at tea."

"Very well," he returned, and bid them good-night.

"I do not think you are looking so ill, Nora," said Mrs. L'Estrange, when he had gone.

"Oh, no! It was only Mr. Winton's fancy. There is nothing really the matter with me."

As soon as Mrs. L'Estrange with Bea and her governess had departed, after an early luncheon, Nora took a book and a comfortable corner of the sofa, determined to think only of the story, which was interesting and well told. She felt unaccountable weary, and was not at all surprised that Winton should have thought her looking ill. What an ungrateful, unaccountable creature she was! How happy most girls would be, in her place! But she was going to read, and not think about herself. So, with an effort, she fixed her attention on the page before her. She had not read long, when the unexpected announcement of "Mr. Winton" made her heart stand still. Why—why had he come so early? She started up in haste, and went to meet him, reading in his observant eyes the same questioning expression which had struck her the evening before.

"I am afraid Helen will not be in just yet," said Nora, with a friendly smile.

"Yes, I know I am rather early, but, if I don't interrupt you, I will wait," returned Winton, speaking more rapidly than usual. He drew a chair near her sofa, laying his hat on the floor, but still holding his stick, with which he seemed to trace the pattern of the carpet. "How is your cold—better?"

"Yes, thank you."

"When do you return to Brookdale?"

"Our plans are very uncertain," returned Nora, coloring, for she knew it was Marsden's wish they should remain in town and have a very quiet wedding.

How she wished some one would tell him she was engaged to Clifford! There was a pause, while Nora sought in vain for something to say.

"Did Mrs. L'Estrange tell you I was inclined to go off straight to India with Colonel and Mrs. Romero?"

"Yes, she did."

"But I felt I could not go with-

Could she bring him no comfort? The pain in his voice still vibrated on her ear. Even if she could break with Clifford—he, too, loved her well, and she would not willingly hurt him; but oh! how her heart ached for Mark Winton! There was no music in his voice, but what a ring of truth and sincerity! His words were few and simple compared to Clifford's eloquence; but what earnestness they expressed! How did she come to believe so implicitly in Winton's attachment to Helen? Surely Clifford Marsden, who knew both before Helen was married, he ought to know the real facts.

Could Mark Winton have forsaken Helen for her? No; that was impossible! And various important trifles, indicative of his interest in herself from the very beginning of their acquaintance, recurred to her painfully excited memory. Why—why did she allow herself to be so easily misled? How did Clifford come to be so deceived? Did he indeed believe what he asserted? Was she not base, to suspect her affianced husband of trickery because she was miserable herself? And if, as she believed only yesterday, Helen was attached to Winton, the round of wretchedness would be complete! Why had she been so precipitate? Turn which way she would, she was hemmed in by the misery she had caused others. How was she to bear her life? She must let Winton believe in her indifference to him, her love for Marsden. After all, her duty and consideration ought to be for the man she had promised to marry, when she thought another was preferred by the man she loved! Where could she turn for counsel or comfort? None could give it to her. Her wisest, justest course, would be strictest silence as to Winton's amazing avowal. Then there would be no disturbance. Helen would remain on the same friendly terms with Winton, perhaps he might learn to love her. At any rate, she had always heard that men never suffered long from such disappointments.

It was all too, too cruel! To think that through a mistake so slight, so easy to have avoided, she had missed the road that led to happiness—happiness full, complete, soul-satisfying—and made him she loved so well suffer as bitterly as she did herself!

It was an hour of intense, blackest despair, a night of anguish to which there would be no succeeding dawn. To the sorrows, as to the joys, of youth there are no to-morrows. In grief it indignantly rejects the idea of consolation, of being so heartless as to forget, while the suggestion of prudence in pleasure, lest dark days may come, is resisted with scornful certainty of permanent bliss. To Nora the only possible mood that could succeed her present suffering would be the numbness and indifference of mental death! In the bitterness of her remorse for her own hasty action, she wrung her hands, and the splendid engagement-ring, which Marsden had placed upon her hand in addition to the signet he still wished her to wear, fell to the ground unnoticed.

At length she tried to think what she had better do to hide herself from the kindly inquiring eyes of her step-mother. She could think of nothing more original than the inexhaustible excuse—headache; but it would not do to lie down in the safe solitude of her own room. No; she dared not so indulge herself. She would go out and shop. There was plenty to do in that way. She rang, and called for the ever-ready Watson, and explained that she thought the air would do her good, and sallied forth, leaving a message for Mrs. L'Estrange to the effect that Mr.

fatal. She is anxious to go away to the south of France, or the Riviera, but I trust she will not alone."

"No; she had much better get so pleasant companion. You will find her one, I dare say. You always have such a supply of admirable persons on hand fitted to fill every possible position."

Lady Dorrington darted an angry warning glance at her brother, addressed him no more than that evening.

When breakfast was over on morning, as the frost was too hard for hunting, Marsden sauntered in the billiard-room, and was knocked the billiard-balls about by him when the inevitable message reached him:

"My lady would be glad to see you sir, in the boudoir."

"I have been waiting for you this half hour, Clifford."

"So sorry; I did not like to intrude on you till you sent for me he returned, coming up to the fireplace, and leaning easily against the mantelpiece. "Do you know you are looking wonderfully well, in spite of your nursing worries?"

"My looks are of small consequence," said Lady Dorrington sternly. "I want some serious conversation with you, Clifford; your conduct is very unaccountable and unfeeling. What, may I ask, is your motive for staying in town all this time?"

"Oh, because—because I like it."

"There is something more than that—or rather there is some strong attraction—which I do not understand, to keep you in London! Pray has it anything to do with Mr. L'Estrange and Nora?"

"They are very agreeable relatives, and I see a good deal of them," returned Marsden, in a laudatory way, most irritating to his sister.

"Why, Clifford, you surely would not be so unprincipled as to delude Nora, your own cousin, with the notion that you are in love with her and you could not be so insane as to think of marrying her? I shall certainly warn Mrs. L'Estrange against you, you are too regardless of everything except your own amusement."

"In this case, I have thought more of my own happiness."

"What do you mean?" in a tone of alarm. "Do you mean to say you have taken one of your whimsies to poor, dear Nora?"

"I do; and what is more, I have persuaded 'poor, dear Nora' to taste me for better or worse."

"Good God!" cried Lady Dorrington. She sat a moment staring him in silence, as if dazed. Marsden was quite unmoved. "Clifford gasped Lady Dorrington at last, your conduct is most dishonorable toward Mrs. Ruthven!"

"How do you make that out?"

"When she was at Evesleigh, even one thought, judging from your manner—your attentions—that you were engaged."

"Then every one was mistaken."

"I, myself, believed that you were determined to marry Mrs. Ruthven."

"Why? Because I flirted with her? Don't you understand that she is the sort of a woman to whom the end and aim of existence is to flirt? She would not thank you for friendship, however true; for service, however kindly, if you did not offer her the homage of overt flirtation. I never intended to marry Mrs. Ruthven."

"Then you have behaved abominably, and just think of your own interests. Nora—L'Estrange has nothing, or next to nothing."

"She has all I want."

"She has nothing you really want. She is a mere distant relative,

As their marriage was not to take place immediately, he was anxious it should not be talked about. There was no use in bringing a storm of congratulations and questions upon them before the time, but he promised to speak to Lady Dorrington on the subject, as soon as he could intrude on her duties to her sick guest.

"You ought to tell her before any one else," Clifford urged Nora. A fortnight had slipped away, and as yet no whisper of Marsden's engagement had got abroad.

There was no one in town, and Mrs. and Miss L'Estrange were scarcely known in Marsden's world.

Mrs. L'Estrange was much and most agreeably occupied with her little daughter, and pleased with her surroundings, making quietly the meanwhile preparations for the anticipated event, and had little time to notice how pale and thin Nora had grown, that her face looked all-eyes, that she started nervously if suddenly spoken to, and that her hands held nothing very steadily. All seemed to promise fair and well. In the midst of this contentment Winton arrived from Florence, grayer and gaunter than ever.

It happened that the day he first called, Marsden had received from his sister an earnest request to go to her at once, and he had started, intending to visit Evesleigh on his way back. Mrs. L'Estrange had been a little puzzled by Marsden's wish to let Evesleigh, she had no idea that retrenchment was so necessary to him. Still, neither she nor her step-daughter saw anything to object to in the proposition. Indeed, Nora thought she would prefer traveling with him to settling down in the country; she was moreover most anxious that he should clear his estate and retrieve his fortunes.

It seemed to her, she knew not why, fortunate that Clifford should have been called away as Mark Winton came. She longed to hear him talk with her step-mother, once just once—in the old, quiet, sensible way, without interruption. When Marsden was present she was never quiet at ease; she felt he was watching her, that he was ever on the lookout for her notice or her avoidance. She dreaded slighting him, and feared the passionate delight which any little show of kindness on her part excited. To be still and tranquil for an evening or two was very charming; though she was distressed to find what pleasure it gave her to hear Winton's deep, somewhat harsh, voice, to listen even to his most trifling remarks. When—when would he speak to Helen, and put another final barrier between them? The all-absorbing topic of her own engagement had prevented any animadversion on Winton's letter; moreover, as Helen did not make any remark respecting it, Nora did not like to broach the subject.

It was late, and Bea was beginning to say good-night—a process which usually lasted some time—when Winton appeared. He had only arrived that evening, and apologized for intruding so late.

Beatrice, of course, greeted him rapturously, and her departure to the realms of sleep was postponed. When she had disappeared, and they were quiet, Winton looked round the room and said:

"It is almost like being at Brookdale, only I miss some of the furniture and ornaments."

"And the room is smaller," added Mrs. L'Estrange.

"Have you been ill?" were his next words, addressed to Nora, with an earnest look.

"No! Why do you ask? Do I look ill?"

"I think you do. London does not agree with you!"

"I have a slight cold, scarce worth mentioning," she returned.

your cold—better."

"Yes, thank you."

"When do you return to Brookdale?"

"Our plans are very uncertain," returned Nora, coloring, for she knew it was Marsden's wish they should remain in town and have a very quiet wedding.

How she wished some one would tell him she was engaged to Clifford! There was a pause, while Nora sought in vain for something to say.

"Did Mrs. L'Estrange tell you I was inclined to go off straight to India with Colonel and Mrs. Romer?"

"Yes, she did."

"But I felt I could not go without trying my luck in London. May I tell you why?"

"He is going to confide in me," thought Nora.

"Certainly, Mr. Winton," she said very kindly. "Perhaps I have some idea why already."

Winton looked at her steadily, with surprise.

"You may have, though I doubt it." Another pause, then with an evident effort Winton began, growing more composed and collected as he went on. "You may think me a presumptuous ass, but I will not lose the faintest chance for any false pride. Miss L'Estrange, though we have always been good friends, especially when I first knew you, I acknowledged you have never given me any hope that you would ever let me be more than a friend. And lately I have imagined, or rather felt, that you were changed in some way; perhaps that ought to have been enough to silence me, but, you see, when a man's whole future hangs on 'Yes' or 'No,' it is hard to be content with uncertainty, and there is a degree of sympathy between us on some subjects. In short, I can not leave without asking if there is any hope for me, for," looking straight at her with solemnity, "I love you well."

"Me!" exclaimed Nora, who had listened in increasing amazement. "Are you sure you mean me?"

"Who else could I mean?"

"Mr. Winton," rising to her feet in the agony of that terrible moment, and white even to her lips, "I have promised to marry Clifford Marsden in February."

Winton also rose and stood before her, a grim, dark expression gathered in his face.

"I never anticipated this!"—he broken off abruptly. "Then I have only to apologize, which I do most humbly, for having intruded myself and my feelings on you. I shall trouble you no more."

There was a moment's silence.

"I am grieved to grieve you," said Nora, in a voice so low and trembling that she scarce heard herself.

"I believe it, you have a kind true heart. I was presumptuous in hoping to win it. God grant Marsden may make you happy! None can wish you all possible prosperity more warmly than I do. Pray forget that I have momentarily distressed you."

He paused, and looked at her intently. "Nora, are you faint? You tremble, you can hardly stand."

He made a movement as if to catch and support her.

"No, no!" she exclaimed. "You must go—you must leave me!"

"I must, indeed," returned Winton. He took and gently kissed her hand, said softly, "I will never intrude on you again. Good-bye, dear, good-bye!" seized his hat, and was gone. Then Nora sunk upon the sofa and buried her face in her hands; her heart filled with the blackest despair. If he had come but three weeks, even a fortnight ago! What was to become of her? Was there no escape?

still wished her to wear, fell to the ground unnoticed.

At length she tried to think what she had better do to hide herself from the kindly inquiring eyes of her step-mother. She could think of nothing more original than the inexhaustible excuse—headache; but it would not do to lie down in the safe solitude of her own room. No; she dared not so indulge herself. She would go out and shop. There was plenty to do in that way. She rang, and called for the ever-ready Watson, and explained that she thought the air would do her good, and sallied forth, leaving a message for Mrs. L'Estrange to the effect that Mr. Winton had called and could not come to tea.

It was dusk when she returned, feeling utterly worn out.

"My dear Nora," cried her step-mother, "here is a letter from Mr. Marsden. I wonder what he would say if he knew that you had let the beautiful ring he gave you drop and had not taken the trouble to pick it up?"

"Did I?" with a bewildered look.

"Yes! Bea trod on it as she came in. It is fortunate she is so light."

"Ah! my fraulein, it is not a good omen!" cried the little German governess.

"Oh! we must not talk of omens! How did Bea behave at the dentist's, Helen?"

"Like a little heroine!" cried Mrs. L'Estrange proudly, "and she has chosen a proportionate reward—a monstrous Noah's ark, with the most accurately correct animals ever made out of wool and fur, and papier-mache. But, Norah, were you wise to go out?"

"Yes, quite. My head ached fearfully, now it is better."

"It may be; but you look wretched. I do not know what Mr. Marsden will say to me when he comes back. I wish you would read his letter. I am anxious to hear what Lady Dorrington says."

"Nothing very pleasant, I fear," said Nora, with a sigh.

"Why couldn't Mr. Winton come this afternoon?"

"Oh! he was obliged to go somewhere else. I imagine he is going away to see his uncle to-morrow."

• • • • •

Marsden had braced himself up for a stormy interview with his sister.

After carefully reviewing his position, and assuring himself there was no flaw in his armor, that the accounts of his trusteeship were in perfect order, he determined to announce his intended marriage to the world.

The first person to be informed was Lady Dorrington. That done, there was nothing more to fear.

He did not reach Chedworth till just in time to dress for dinner. There were one or two country neighbors to share that repast, and the conversation Lady Dorrington wished to have with her brother was postponed till the next morning.

Marsden observed that his sister looked very grave and portentous; but that in no way damped his spirits or lessened his efforts to amuse and interest his sister's guests, which were peculiarly successful. He listened with lively attention to the details Lady Dorrington poured forth respecting Mrs. Ruthven's sufferings and tedious recovery. She feared that the poor invalid would scarcely be able to see him. Marsden begged she might not be asked to do anything not quite agreeable to her.

"It is no question of what is agreeable," said Lady Dorrington severely. "It is of what will be safest for Mrs. Ruthven. You cannot imagine the weakness to which she is reduced. Any relapse now would be

determined to marry Mrs. Ruthven. "Why? Because I flirted with her. Don't you understand that she the sort of a woman to whom end and aim of existence is to flit. She would not thank you for frie ship, however true; for service, however kindly, if you did not offer the homage of overt flirtation. never intended to marry Mrs. Ruthven."

"Then you have behaved abominably, and just think of your own interests. Nora—L'Estrange has no ing, or next to nothing."

"She has all I want."

"She has nothing you really want, she is a mere distant relative, nobody; before six months are over you will be sick of her, and won't what madness induced you to yourself to her."

"I think the madness will last a couple of years," put in Marsden, a low tone, but his sister did not heed him.

"Do be advised by me, Clifford. Break off with Nora L'Estrange; can not care much about you in short a time; she is reasonable, unselfish; she would not like to condemn you and herself to the horrible fate of becoming pauper gentry. I protest you drive me to my wits' end; you will disgrace yourself wherever you do. I assure you you have contrived to impress Mrs. Ruthven with a conviction that you intend to marry her."

"I cannot help her being high imaginative, can I?" asked Clifford, quite unmoved. "I never said a certainly never wrote, anything, I was proaching a proposal. Now I have asked Nora to be my wife, and, of some prudent hesitation, she has consented. I can not back out of that."

"Hesitation! Good heavens!" ejaculated Lady Dorrington.

"As to poverty, well, we shall starve. I have almost come to an arrangement to let Evesleigh, with the shooting, etc., for six hundred per annum; that will help to keep the wolf from the door, eh? mine? Then, after a few years' wandering in pleasant places, I shall turn a free man, and hold high revels in the hall of my fathers."

"Let Evesleigh!" said Lady Dorrington, aghast, as if this was the lowest depth.

"Yes! Nora quite approves," continued Marsden serenely. "She is prudent, and very resolute for a youthful and charming woman. She will reform me, and my estate, depend upon it."

"And what—what am I to say, Mrs. Ruthven?" cried Lady Dorrington, pressing her large white hand together.

"Whatever occurs to you," said Marsden politely. "Only that you require no hints from me, I would suggest your telling the simple fact as a matter of ordinary gossip."

"How can you be so unfeeling, shameless?" exclaimed his sister, her eyes sparkling with indignation. "I would not answer for the consequences, were she told too sudden of your treachery. I dare not say her, with the knowledge of your base desertion in my heart. Do you know that she is worth two hundred thousand pounds, if not more?"

"Two hundred thousand!" repeated Marsden, slowly. "What a delightful rhythm there is in those words. Yes, my dear sister, no one knows better than myself her financial position. She is not quite so rich as that, but I confess, I wish her fortune were Nora's; still I dare say we shall manage an immense amount of enjoyment without it."

"Clifford!" exclaimed Lady Dorrington, rising in her wrath. "You have not the ordinary gentleman

1. She is anxious to go away
he south of France, or the Rivi-
but I trust she will not go
10." she had much better get some
sant companion. You will find
one, I dare say. You always
such a supply of admirable per-
on hand fitted to fill every pos-
sible position."

Lady Dorrington darted an angry,
ning glance at her brother, and
ressed him no more that evening.

en breakfast was over next
ning, as the frost was too hard
hunting, Marsden sauntered into
billiard-room, and was knocking
billiard-balls about by himself,
the inevitable message reached

dy lady would be glad to see you,
in the boudoir."

have been waiting for you this
hour, Clifford."

so sorry; I did not like to in-
e on you till you sent for me,"
eturned, coming up to the fire-
e, and leaning easily against the
telpiece. "Do you know you are
ing wonderfully well, in spite of
'nursing worries."

ly looks are of small conse-
ce," said Lady Dorrington,
ily. "I want some serious con-
ation with you, Clifford; your
uct is very unaccountable and
eling. What, may I ask, is your
ive for staying in town all this
?"

Oh, because—because I like it."

here is something more than
—or rather there is some strong
action—which I do not under-
d, to keep you in London! Pray,
it anything to do with Mrs.
strange and Nora?"

they are very agreeable rela-
s, and I see a good deal of
1," returned Marsden, in a lazy,
ferent way, most irritating to
sister.

Why, Clifford, you surely would
be so unprincipled as to delude
a, your own cousin, with the no-
that you are in love with her,
you could not be so insane as
hink of marrying her? I shall
only warn Mrs. L'Estrange
nst you, you are too regardless
everything except your own
siment."

in this case, I have thought more
y own happiness."

What do you mean?" in a tone
alarm. "Do you mean to say
have taken one of your wild
ies to poor, dear Nora?"

do, and what is more, I have
uaded 'poor, dear Nora' to take
or better or worse."

"Good God!" cried Lady Dorrington.
She sat a moment staring at
in silence, as if dazed. Marsden
quite unmoved. "Clifford,"
ed Lady Dorrington at last,
r conduct is most dishonorable
nd Mrs. Ruthven!"

low do you make that out?"

When she was at Evesleigh, every
thought, judging from my man-
y-our attentions—that you were
ged."

hen every one was mistaken."

Myself, believed that you were
ruined to marry Mrs. Ruthven."

Why? Because I flirted with her?"

"You understand that she is
sort of a woman to whom the
and aim of existence is to flirt?
would not thank you for friend-
—however true, for service, how-
kindly, if you did not offer her
homage of overt flirtation. I
r intended to marry Mrs. Ruth-

then you have behaved abomin-
ly, and just think of your own in-
s. Nora L'Estrange has noth-
er next to nothing."

She has all I want."

She has nothing you really want.
is a more distant relative."

sense of honor, you have not the
faintest regard for duty or justice,
you are a slave to the grossest self-
ishness, regardless of everything ex-
cept your own pleasure and self-in-
dulgence; you are weak beyond what
I should have expected, for you must
have yielded your better judgment to
Nora's wiles, for I never will believe
that she did not try to attract you."

Marsden laughed.
"You can take what view you like
of the matter," he said, watching her
with quiet eyes.

"Dorrington will be disgusted with
you, and I quite give you up. As to
Nora and Mrs. L'Estrange, I never
wish to see them again. I did be-
lieve they were well-bred gentlewo-
men."

"Do well-bred gentlewomen never
scheme?" asked Marsden innocently.

"If you had any honorable in-
stincts, I would hope to move you,"
continued Lady Dorrington. "As it
is, I give you up, and I beg you will
leave my house, where you will never
again be a welcome guest."

"Very well," looking at his watch.
"There is a train at three-thirty,
which will suit me. I will have
luncheon and bid you very heartily
farewell."

Lady Dorrington took up some
letters that lay on the table before
her, darted an angry, scornful look
at her brother, and left the room
without further speech.

Marsden's face grew graver and
softer when he was alone.

"A man can't help his nature, I
suppose?" he muttered to himself.
"I can not look on the cant and
shibboleths of society as constraining
truths, and I am certainly a bet-
ter man than most of my fellows.
How I hate unpleasant faces! The
worst of this storm in a tea-cup is,
that Isabel will not do the civil to
Nora, and Nora will worry herself
about it. At any rate, I have her
promise, and I feel I can trust her."

He rose, drew the writing materi-
als to him, and quickly traced these
words:

"Dear Mrs. Ruthven.—May I hope
to see you for a few moments, as I
am obliged to return to town im-
mediately. I should like to see with
my own eyes how you are, and shall
be most discreet."

To this, a verbal answer was re-
turned.

"Mrs. Ruthven's compliments. She
was sorry she did not feel equal to
see any one but would write when
able."

"Is luncheon ready?" asked Mars-
den, when the footman had delivered
this message.

"Not yet, sir. It will not be
ready for quite half an hour."

"Then you must give me something
to eat first, and tell them to bring
round a trap. I want to catch the
three-thirty up-train at Rockingham.
Send my man to me."

Lady Dorrington was in Mrs. Ruth-
ven's room, and Lord Dorrington
had gone down to the Home Farm,
when Marsden set forth. So he left
without leave-taking save from the
stately butler and his satellite foot-
men, with whom the easy-going,
open-handed, affable squire was a
prime favorite.

"Tant mieux," said Marsden to
himself, as he gathered up the reins
and drove off sharply. "I wonder if
Mrs. Ruthven scents the battle from
afar? Her message sounded war-
like."

CHAPTER XIII.

It was more than an hour before
Lady Dorrington felt sufficiently re-
covered from the excitement of her
interview with her brother to pre-
sent herself in the invalid's chamber.

Corson's Perfumes & Toilet Requisites



—When a Lady buys Perfume—

—She chooses it with as much discrimi-
nation as she does her gowns and hats.

It must be distinctive in character—it must breathe
refinement—and it must be of strictly high quality.

Corson's Toilet Requisites fill all these requirements,
whether in Perfumes, Toilet Waters, Face Creams,
or Talcs.

They are composed of the most expen-
sive materials, carefully compounded by
skilled chemists.

Corson's Perfumes & Toilet Requisites

Corson's "IDEAL ORCHID" and Corson's "POMANDER" line of
Perfume, Toilet Water, Talcum Powder, etc., are particular favorites.

Ask your druggist for 10c. sample of the Orchid odor.

1

SOVEREIGN PERFUMES LIMITED - - TORONTO, ONT.
(Exclusively engaged in the manufacture of Perfumes and Toilet Requisites)

What a question! What would she
not have given to be able to deny
the fact with scorn and indignation?
As it was, ought she not to be
thankful the ice was broken?

"Why, my dear Mrs. Ruthven, who
in the world told you?"

"Some one mentioned it in one of
the letters I have been reading."

"Shirley," thought Lady Dorrington.
"Viper."

"But is it true?" persisted Mrs.
Ruthven.

"Oh! I don't know what to think!
I am afraid there is something in it.
Indeed, I have been infinitely annoy-
ed." Lady Dorrington paused
abruptly, feeling inexpressibly awk-
ward.

"You are not inclined for this mar-
riage then?" said Mrs. Ruthven, a
peculiar and not very amiable smile
passing over her face.

"Inclined for it? Why it is the bit-
terest disappointment to me! You
must know that, my dear Mrs. Ruth-
ven."

"Ah! Miss L'Estrange has but a
small fortune, and it will take more
than an ordinary one to put your
brother's affairs in order."

"Besides that," cried Mrs. Dor-
rington, "there are other considera-
tions! Nora L'Estrange is quite un-

of her chair, and pressing her finger
tips together, while her face, which
had grown deadly white again, ex-
pressed cold, implacable displeasure.

"I am no sensitive young girl,
Lady Dorrington," she said at length,
with a kind of slow bitterness, "to
shrink from expressing my feelings,
and I think you will admit that
your brother has deceived me, basely,
treacherously. He no doubt found it
convenient to lead his creditors to
believe that he was on the point of
marriage with a rich widow, and so
gain time for the settlement of his
affairs. For this, he did not hesi-
tate to make me an object of remark
to all the company at his house
when I was his guest."

"I am not surprised at anything
you say," cried Lady Dorrington,
greatly distressed and even alarmed
at the suppressed concentrated fury
which she perceived under Mrs. Ruth-
ven's carefully preserved self-control.
"I am infinitely ashamed of Clifford;
but, indeed, he is in every way in-
capable of making the use you sug-
gest of his position with you. He is
the merest slave of his whims and
fancies. He was, I know, greatly tak-
en with you; and then all that hor-
rid business of the robbery kept you

to sort of a woman to whom the id and aim of existence is to flirt? he would not thank you for friendship, however true; for service, however kindly, if you did not offer her the homage of overt flirtation. I never intended to marry Mrs. Ruthven."

"Then you have behaved abominably, and just think of your own interests. Nora L'Estrange has nothing, or next to nothing."

"She has all I want."

"She has nothing you really want; she is a mere distant relative, a body, before six months, are over, you will be sick of her, and wonder that madness induced you to tie yourself to her."

"I think the madness will last a couple of years," put in Marsden in a low tone, but his sister did not heed him.

"Do be advised by me, Clifford! Break off with Nora L'Estrange; she is not care much about you in so short a time; she is reasonable and selfish; she would not like to condemn you and herself to the horrible life of becoming pauper gentry. I protest you drive me to my wit's end; you will disgrace yourself whatever you do. I assure you you have contrived to impress Mrs. Ruthven with a conviction that you intended to marry her."

"I cannot help her being highly imaginative, can I?" asked Clifford quite unmoved. "I never said and certainly never wrote, anything approaching a proposal. Now I have asked Nora to be my wife, and, after the prudent hesitation, she has consented. I can not back out of that."

"Hesitation! Good heavens!" ejaculated Lady Dorrington.

"As to poverty, well, we shall not arrive. I have almost come to an arrangement to let Evesleigh, with a shooting, etc., for six hundred a annum; that will help to keep a wolf from the door, eh! sister mine? Then, after a few years' wandering in pleasant places, I shall return a free man, and hold high reins in the hall of my fathers."

"Let Evesleigh!" said Lady Dorrington, aghast, as if this was the worst depth.

"Yes! Nora quite approves," continued Marsden serenely. "She is prudent, and very resolute for so youthful and charming a wood nymph. She will reform me, and my fate, depend upon it."

"And what—what am I to say to Mrs. Ruthven?" cried Lady Dorrington, pressing her large white hands together.

"Whatever occurs to you," said Marsden politely. "Only that you require no hints from me. I would suggest your telling the simple fact a matter of ordinary gossip."

"How can you be so unfeeling, so careless?" exclaimed his sister, her eyes sparkling with indignation. "I could not answer for the consequences, were she told too suddenly your treachery. I dare not face her, with the knowledge of your desertion in my heart. Do you know that she is worth two hundred thousand pounds, if not more?"

"Two hundred thousand!" repeated Marsden, slowly. "What a delightful thing there is in those words. Yes, dear sister, no one knows better than myself her financial position. She is not quite so rich as that, but, on the whole, I wish her fortune were larger; still I dare say we shall manage an immense amount of amusement without it."

"Clifford!" exclaimed Lady Dorrington, rising in her wrath, "you are not the ordinary gentleman's

time favorite."

"Tant mieux," said Marsden to himself, as he gathered up the reins and drove off sharply. "I wonder if Mrs. Ruthven scents the battle from afar? Her message sounded warlike."

CHAPTER XIII.

It was more than an hour before Lady Dorrington felt sufficiently recovered from the excitement of her interview with her brother to present herself in the invalid's chamber. Lord Dorrington, whom she had sought as the only possible recipient of her indignant complaints, was out, and his whereabouts uncertain. She felt dreadfully uncertain how to act. She was afraid to break the news of his engagement to the deserted widow, lest it might produce a fatal effect, yet she felt it incumbent on her to enlighten Mrs. Ruthven as to the true state of affairs.

When, at last, Lady Dorrington entered the sitting-room into which Mrs. Ruthven had been moved for a few hours daily since her strength could bear it, she found that lady writing on a movable desk attached to the arm of her easy-chair. She was very white, and looked already weary; a lace cap, with pale pink ribbons, covered her hair, which had been cut short, and a white cashmere wrapper, trimmed with cream lace over pink, hung loosely on her attenuated figure.

"My dear," exclaimed Lady Dorrington, "you are not surely trying to write?"

"I really am," a smile parting her pale lips. "Only a few lines, for I am certainly stronger. Do not fear any imprudence; I am too anxious to get well. I should like to see Sir Harley Portman again; he will tell me when I can move. I begin to be very anxious to deliver you from the long-endured incubus of a sick guest."

"Believe me, we only care to see you well. There is not the slightest need to hurry away."

"I know you are all goodness, but there are matters to be attended to that no one can do for me. I have been scribbling a few lines to my lawyer. Will you write for me to Sir Harley?"

"Certainly. But you know when he was here last he said—"

"Yes, yes, that I could not move for three weeks. But one has passed, and if he sees what progress I have made I am sure he will let me go on Wednesday or Thursday next. Wherever I go ultimately, I must take London on the way."

"All I beg, dear Mrs. Ruthven, is that you will not hasten your departure on our account. You know we are to spend Christmas with Aunt Ilminster, so there will be no party here! I am sure you are not equal to write, you look so weary."

Mrs. Ruthven lay back in her chair, and let her maid unfasten and remove the desk. When they were alone she said, as she lay back, her eyes closed, her figure very still:

"I had a message from Mr. Marsden just now."

"Indeed!" cried Lady Dorrington, feeling exceedingly uncomfortable. "He had no business to disturb you."

"He did not disturb me. I would not be disturbed. He asked to see me." There was a silence of nearly two minutes, while Lady Dorrington sought in vain for some wise and cautious words with which to reply before she found them. Mrs. Ruthven resumed very languidly, but opening her eyes and settling them on her hostess: "I suppose he wished to announce his engagement to Miss L'Estrange, if it is true. Is it true, Lady Dorrington?"

"You are not inclined for this marriage then?" said Mrs. Ruthven, a peculiar and not very amiable smile passing over her face.

"Inclined for it! Why it is the bitterest disappointment to me! You must know that, my dear Mrs. Ruthven!"

"Ah! Miss L'Estrange has but a small fortune, and it will take more than an ordinary one to put your brother's affairs in order."

"Besides that," cried Mrs. Dorrington, "there are other considerations! Nora L'Estrange is quite unfit to be Clifford's wife. He will tire of her in six months."

"That is very probable. He is not wise."

"And he actually talks of letting Evesleigh on a lease for years, and sinking into a Continentalized dilettante Englishman."

Mrs. Ruthven compressed her lips, and her pale cheeks flushed as she answered in a low, clear tone:

"Your brother is changeable and impulsive. After all, it is quite probable the marriage may never take place."

"He appears to have committed himself fully," said Lady Dorrington, who, now that the ice was broken, found it a relief to talk on this vexatious subject. Mrs. Ruthven was silent, leaning her elbows on the arms

when I was his guest."

"I am not surprised at anything you say," cried Lady Dorrington, greatly distressed and even alarmed at the suppressed concentrated fury which she perceived under Mrs. Ruthven's carefully preserved self-control. "I am infinitely ashamed of Clifford; but, indeed, he is in every way incapable of making the use you suggest of his position with you. He is the merest slave of his whims and fancy. He was, I know, greatly taken with you; and then all that horrid business of the robbery kept you apart; and he fell in with Nora—and—oh! it is all beyond my comprehension! It makes me perfectly ill when I think of Clifford's unutterable folly. I had, indeed, hoped to call you my sister."

"I think you are honest, and alive to the advantages that marriage with me offers. I shall always consider you my friend. As to your brother, I have made up my mind how to act. He will find I am not to be trifled with; but I must gather a little more strength before I can deal with the matter."

(To be Continued)

The Reliable Match---

Match it with any other match and you will see that the quality of the DOMINION is unmatched.....



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

W. S. MORDEN, President, C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Modernize your Kitchen

One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being put to rout through the instrumentality of gas. The modern kitchen—which means the all-gas kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around, and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every housewife desires to cook and heat water in the most economical way, in the quickest, most dependable way, with the least possible work.

The All-Gas way is the solution to the problem.

The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool, comfortable kitchen this summer come and select your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have ranges at all prices.

**The Napanee Gas Company,
Limited.
NAPANEE.**



For Headaches Here's the Reason and the Cure

Most people at some time or another suffer from headaches—disordered stomach, liver or bowels is the cause—any one can be cured—one woman says: Chamberlain's Tablets did more for me than I ever dared hope for—cured headaches—biliousness—and toned up my whole system—I feel like a new woman." No case too hard for these little red health restorers. 25c. a bottle. Druggists and Dealers, or by Mail.

Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto

5



CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS



[These articles and illustrations must not be reprinted without special permission.]

FEEDING THE TURKEY POULTS.

Mother Turkey should hatch, brood and do most of the feeding of poults, and the first thing to do when little turks are hatched is not to feed them, but to look for lice on them and their mother and to give them all a good dusting with Persian insect powder.

Put them in a roomy pen with sod for floor, this pen to be moved around often so they do not sleep on same spot.

See that water drains away from coop, and surround it with enough

do squeal and chase you all over the place.

You simply feed the little birds long enough to get started right and then let Mother Turkey do most of the rest until fattening time.

We find nothing better to start turks on than fresh, dry, steel cut, pinhead oatmeal. Throw a little of this down



Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

IN NATURE'S CRADLE.

with a small amount of fine grit the first two days. Serve them dry bread soaked in sweet milk and then almost squeezed dry.

Give them a meal of fresh cottage cheese and dry sweet bread, equal parts.

Take a hard boiled egg (one to eight poults) and the same amount of bread and as much tender onion tops or tender dandelion leaves, chop together and serve that as a meal.

Make oatmeal a standby. Go from that to cracked red wheat and then to whole wheat, and then shove them off on to Mother Turkey, giving them something at supper time to get them into the habit of coming home nights. Remember these points: Feed little, but often; feed builder; don't stuff them; keep down lice and follow nature.

DON'TS.

Don't stoop to anything that de means a man. If you do you rue.

Don't think money is all of life. While money in life has its part, it cannot take the place of heart.

Don't forget Mother Hen's comfort. She can't take good care of the chicks if you take poor care of her.

VANITY'S VAGARIES.

Sport coats have broad, soft collars.

Shirring seems to be popular.

For hair ornaments peacock feathers are worn.

Butterflies are worn on evening gowns and on hats.

The high Henry II. and renais sance collars of lace or mousse line appear on all classes of costumes.

Taffeta and crape dresses are trimmed with collars and cuffs of ecru batiste, embroidered.

Sealing wax red is a new shade.

Handkerchief linen blouses are made in colors—green, rose, pink, maize. Some have white organ die frillings.

The silk petticoats with yokes are new.

Coat buttons are of metal, bone or wood.

Sleeves grow less and less and very sheer.

BUYING A REFRIGERATOR.

The Selection Should Be Based on Common Sense.

The summer refrigerator or ice chest is the most important item of the kitchen outfit. A refrigerator should not be kept in the cellar. If there is no other place for it the cellar must be very dry, the floor level and a place found near a window so that light and air will be at hand.

A shed or outer kitchen is the best place for a refrigerator. Here it is within convenient reach and well ventilated.

Select an oak or white pine exterior. These are more durable even than ash, and oak is superior to any casing unless one feels like providing real white porcelain.

It is possible to buy a good sized oak refrigerator from \$15 upward which contains a separate ice chamber within convenient reach. Some models have the ice chamber at the top reached by a lid, so that it is necessary for the average woman to stand on tiptoe to look inside and remove the interior support for cleansing purposes.

With such an arrangement it is often necessary to remove the entire interior arrangement to get at the drain, and anything so awkward and complicated must be avoided, even if its care is not to be intrusted to the maid. In such a case the old fashioned ice chest is easier to handle, but the advantage of the ice chest is that while cheaper it is all practically one compartment, whereas the up to date refrigerator has its chambers all separate, with a well regulated system of cold air drafts reaching down from the ice chamber and outside air currents passing behind the side walls to give proper circulation.

TABLE NOVELTIES.

One of These Is the Bluebird China Whose Beauty Makes For Happiness.

Manufacturers of china are giving us more attractive table ware than ever before. Who could fail to feel happy partaking of luncheon or tea from one of these bluebird china sets, specimens of which are illustrated here? Even the heaviest food should taste better served in such dishes.

LAWLESS ALBANIA.

Blood Feud Is a Recognized Us In Balkan State.

The pluck of Prince William Wied, who has been chosen by Powers as the first sovereign of bania, and who is now endeavor to settle down at Dura-zo, the capi has aroused the admiration of rope. No man was ever faced with more stupendous task, for the Albians have never known a King, they certainly know no law. For most part the prince will find subjects half-civilized mountaine frank to a friend, vindictive to enemy, and every man a law u himself.

The Albanians live in a perpet state of anarchy. Even the peas in the fields bristles with weap for he loves warfare and brigand far better than cattle-rearing agriculture—hence the poor cult tion of the soil!

He is always on guard against enemies, and constantly seeking blood of those who have done him injury.

In all parts of Albania the v detta or blood feud is an establis usage, and a man would be disgra in the eyes of his friends and r tives if he did not kill an enemy had injured him or any of those longing to him. Delay in vengea is held dishonorable. The man will let years pass without kil his enemy becomes himself an cast. Furthermore, till he has ta vengeance he cannot marry, or li is married he may give neither sons nor his daughters in marri

The first task that confr Prince William is to stamp out blood feuds and endeavor to c some semblance of law into mountains. It is, however, an most impossible task, for the dut revenge is a sacred tradition har down to successive generations the family, village, and the ti The consequence is that neigh villages, and even the several q ters of the same town are consta at war with one another.

A single case of homicide o leads to a series of similar crime to protracted warfare between ne boring families and communities murderer, as a rule, takes refug the mountains from the avenge blood, or remain for years shut u his house. The latter is, in m cases, like a fortress, the only dows of which are loopholes rifles; and in these houses fam sometimes of a hundred people self-centred lives. Many men l not left their houses for years, food has to be brought into then their friends. Others again l taken to flight after killing an ene and unable to sleep in their home to till their fields, exist by bri dage, the latter being regarde quite a legitimate form of liveli

Sometimes a truce, either tem ary or permanent, is arranged by intervention of the clergy, and c sionally a general truce is procl ed. Between conflicting parties restoration of peace is celebr with elaborate ceremonies.

In some districts, however, the a fixed price for blood, and a may be avoided if the homicide r by way of compensation to the tives of his victim, sums ran from \$50 to \$100, according to district. Once a debt has been acquitted amicable relations are stored.

Curiously enough, although the banians are so lawless, they do make war on women. In fact a man may traverse a hostile dis without fear or injury, and is c



Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

HUNGRY FOR BREAKFAST.

screen to make a fair sized yard, where they may run on short grass.



Photo by C. M. Barnitz.

HUNGRY FOR BREAKFAST.

screen to make a fair sized yard, where they may run on short grass.

First select the right feed; then handle it with care.

Remember, you are about to build a big fowl with large frame, muscles, much blood, big organs and heavy plumage.

Then the turkey, too, is semiwild. It comes from a race that lived in the woods mainly on natural protein, and its digestive organs are especially fitted to digest just such food.

You must feed builder.

You must follow Mother Turkey's advice, Feed little, but often.

You should not feed for at least thirty hours after hatch, nor never as much as turks want even though they

out often; feed builder; don't stuff them; keep down lice and follow nature.

DON'TS.

Don't stoop to anything that degrades a man. If you do you rue.

Don't think money is all of life. While money in life has its part, it cannot take the place of heart.

Don't forget Mother Hen's comfort. She can't take good care of the chicks if you take poor care of her.

Kangaroo Tendons.

In Australia kangaroo farming is an important industry. The hides are valuable, and the tendons extremely fine. Indeed, they are the best known to surgeons for sewing up wounds, and especially for holding broken bones together, being much finer and tougher than catgut.—London Globe.

Defectives.

"Here's a story about a man with a cork leg, a cork arm, a rubber ear, a glass eye and a wig."

"He must be one of those defectives there's so much agitation about."—Buffalo Express.

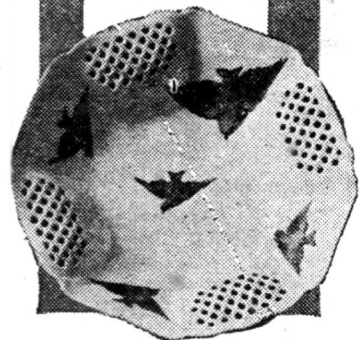
side walls to give proper circulation.

TABLE NOVELTIES.

One of These Is the Bluebird China Whose Beauty Makes For Happiness.

Manufacturers of china are giving us more attractive table ware than ever before. Who could fail to feel happy partaking of luncheon or tea from one of these bluebird china sets, specimens of which are illustrated here? Even the heaviest food should taste better served in such dishes.

Useful and attractive are the new English breakfast sets. A silver plated waiter, some sixteen inches long, is fitted to a pair of U shaped legs, which because of their very shape stand satisfactorily on a bed, making an excellent table for an invalid. When not in use the legs fold under. Two



BLUEBIRD CHINA.

sets of pretty china go with each tray. If one set becomes chipped or broken the second one is there to replace it.

In these sets come a small individual coffeepot fitted with a silver lid, as also are the marmalade and jelly jars. The sugar bowl is an open one and is only large enough to hold three blocks of sugar. It is quite complete with tiny sugar tongs, the cream jug is cute and pretty, while the combination bread and butter plate, with fitted toast rack above, is both attractive and novel. Another combination piece is the egg holder, which has tiny salt and pepper shakers inset into silver rims at each side. A coffee cup and breakfast plate complete this little breakfast set.

Home Helps.

Discolored bronze should be thoroughly cleaned of dust, then apply a mixture of two parts warm water and one part muriatic acid. Wipe dry with a chamolais skin.

A velvet hat can be kept in good condition by wiping it with a piece of black stocking after brushing.

Plenty of Hopeless Ones.

At the age of twenty-five a man can be forgiven for thinking he knows it all, but if he hasn't changed his mind at forty there is no hope for him.—Toledo Blade.

Faint Heart.

"Have you spoken to father yet?" "Certainly. I said 'Good evening' when I passed him in the hall."—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

Circumstances are beyond the control of man, but his conduct is in his own power.—Beaumont.

restoration of peace is celebrated with elaborate ceremonies.

In some districts, however, there a fixed price for blood, and a fee may be avoided if the homicide pay by way of compensation to the relatives of his victim, sums ranging from \$50 to \$100, according to district. Once a debt has been thus acquitted amicable relations are stored.

Curiously enough, although the banians are so lawless, they do not make war on women. In fact a woman may traverse a hostile district without fear or injury, and is often employed as an intermediary in the settlement of a feud.

Peculiarity of Snow.

The water which will allay a burning thirst augments it when coaxed into snow, so that it is stated by explorers of the Arctic region that the natives prefer enduring the utmost extremity of thirst rather than attempt to relieve it by eating snow. Yet if the snow be melted it becomes drinkable water. Nevertheless, though if melted before entering the mouth it assuages thirst like other water, when melted in the mouth has the opposite effect. To render this paradox more striking we have only to remember that ice, when melts more slowly in the mouth, very efficient in allaying thirst.

The Diving Bell.

The celebrated philosopher Aristotle speaks of a diving bell which was put over the head of the diver, but there is no proof of the use of the bell in ancient times. John Jannet, who lived in the early part of the sixteenth century, makes the earliest mention of the practical use of the diving bell in Europe. In all probability the first real practical use of the diving bell was in the attempt rescuing the treasures of the Spanish armada off the English coast, 1570 and on.

Fashion.

There exists a strict relation between class of power and the exclusive and polished circles. The latter are always filled or filling from the first. Fashion, though in a strange way, represents all manly virtue. Is virtue gone to seed, a kind of posthumous honor, a hall of the past. Great men are not commonly in fashion. They are absent in the field they are working, not triumphing. Fashion is made up of their children.—Emerson.

One Point Gained.

"Has that girl next door to you still got her parlor melodeon?" "No; she exchanged it for a cornet, I'm glad to say." "But, gracious, if she plays the cornet, that's worse, isn't it?" "Not at all. It's only half as bad. She can't sing while she's playing the cornet."

Happiness.

A happiness that is quite undisturbed becomes tiresome; we must have ups and downs.—Moliere.

A Question.

"The pen is mightier than the sword." "Then can the fellow with the fountain pen be said to be carrying concealed weapons?"—Town Topics.

Cured.

"I thought it was a case of love at first sight." "It was; but, then, I took a second look."—Buffalo Express.

Talent creates a work; genius keeps it from dying.—Emerson.

Concrete Fence Posts Last Forever

THEY never rot away in the ground. They stand the hardest knocks and never have to be replaced, for they are practically everlasting. They are easily and cheaply made and are the most satisfactory of all fence posts.

Concrete Drain Tile Cannot Decay

Concrete drains do not decay and are cheaper, because they do not crumble and stop up drains, hence they need no digging up or relaying.

Let us send you this free book, "What the Farmer can do with Concrete." It shows you how to make concrete fence posts and will save you many dollars when doing other building 'round the farm.

Farmer's Information Bureau
Canada Cement Company Limited
524 Herald Building, Montreal



LAWLESS ALBANIA.

Old Feud Is a Recognized Usage In Balkan State.

The pluck of Prince William of led, who has been chosen by the powers as the first sovereign of Albania, and who is now endeavoring to settle down at Durazzo, the capital, has aroused the admiration of Europe. No man was ever faced with a more stupendous task, for the Albanians have never known a King, and yet certainly know no law. For the best part the prince will find his subjects half-civilized mountaineers, unkind to a friend, vindictive to an enemy, and every man a law unto himself.

The Albanians live in a perpetual state of anarchy. Even the peasant fields bristles with weapons, for he loves warfare and brigandage better than cattle-rearing or agriculture—hence the poor cultivation of the soil!

He is always on guard against his enemies, and constantly seeking the blood of those who have done him an injury.

In all parts of Albania the vendetta or blood feud is an established age, and a man would be disgraced if he did not kill an enemy who had injured him or any of those belonging to him. Delay in vengeance held dishonorable. The man who will let years pass without killing his enemy becomes himself an outcast. Furthermore, till he has taken vengeance he cannot marry, or if he is married he may give neither his sons nor his daughters in marriage. The first task that confronts Prince William is to stamp out these old feuds and endeavor to carry the semblance of law into the mountains. It is, however, an almost impossible task, for the duty of vengeance is a sacred tradition handed down to successive generations in the family, village, and the tribe. The consequence is that neighbors, villages, and even the several quarters of the same town are constantly at war with one another.

A single case of homicide often leads to a series of similar crimes or protracted warfare between neighboring families and communities. A murderer, as a rule, takes refuge in the mountains from the avenger of blood, or remain for years shut up in a house. The latter is, in many cases, like a fortress, the only windows of which are loopholes for rifles; and in these houses families sometimes of a hundred people lead a life of centred lives. Many men have left their houses for years, and had to be brought into them by their friends. Others again have been taken to flight after killing an enemy, and unable to sleep in their homes or till their fields, exist by brigandage, the latter being regarded as a legitimate form of livelihood. Sometimes a truce, either temporary or permanent, is arranged by the intervention of the clergy, and occasionally a general truce is proclaimed.

Between conflicting parties the restoration of peace is celebrated by elaborate ceremonies.

In some districts, however, there is a fixed price for blood, and a feud may be avoided if the homicide pays, by way of compensation to the relatives of his victim, sums ranging from \$50 to \$100, according to the district. Once a debt has been thus settled amicable relations are restored.

Curiously enough, although the Albanians are so lawless, they do not make war on women. In fact a woman may traverse a hostile district without fear or injury, and is often employed as an intermediary in the

NEW ART FABRICS

They Make Striking and Attractive Summer Draperies.

NOVEL COLOR SCHEMES USED

Black and White Designs Carried Out In Geometrical Patterns So Fine They Look as if Etched—Novel and Attractive Gift Boxes.

Cretonne is a fabric we could ill do without in these days of brown bungalows and black furnishings. It gives the note of brightness and airiness to the somber and simple interior.

The importance of these fabrics in our furnishing scheme is due to the popularity of the rattan, reed, willow and wood sets with which we are adorning the summer porch and furnishing the summer home. Custom calls for cushions on the airy chairs and settees, and what material so useful as gay cretonne, which may be easily cleaned when soiled?

Seldom have these materials attracted so much attention as this season. They come in a wide range of colors and designs, but the fad is for the new art patterns, for which we have the German and Viennese schools to thank.

Black and white, dark blue and white and dark green and white are favored by the artists to whom the creation of the color schemes and patterns of these fabrics is an important matter. Each minute part is worked out with infinite care. The designs on some of these stuffs are as fine as though they had been etched there.

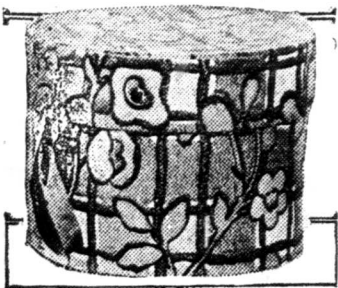
Flowers in their natural forms or in conventionalized shapes are the favorite motifs. Quaint uses are also made of birds and animals. One of the most remarkable of these fabrics is adorned with a forest scene in which deer, foxes, birds, etc., are cleverly intermingled. With such art are these interesting animals arranged that at a distance it looks like a Persian pattern.

Striped and square patterns are favored in these fabrics, which are carried out in geometrical lines, even when nature subjects are used for the backgrounds.

Not only is furniture for the summer upholstered with such art materials, but the fabrics are used for hangings, couch and table covers and for porch or hammock pillow covers.

They are useful for creating the many fancy articles which are usually fashioned with cretonne, their novelty making them especially popular.

In Paris the large dressmaking houses are giving away boxes covered with new art fabrics and handsomely



ROSE FESTIVALS.

These Are Ideal Ways of Entertaining the Little Folks.

OUTDOOR PARTIES POPULAR.

Plenty of Ramping and a Delicious Feast Served on the Porch or In Tents Help to Make and Keep the Kiddies Amused and Happy.

The lawn or garden party affords mothers of small boys and girls an ideal way of entertaining in summer. Indoor parties for the kiddies are apt to be noisy affairs, and unless all breakables are removed before the guests arrive there are apt to be accidents to bric-a-brac and pictures.

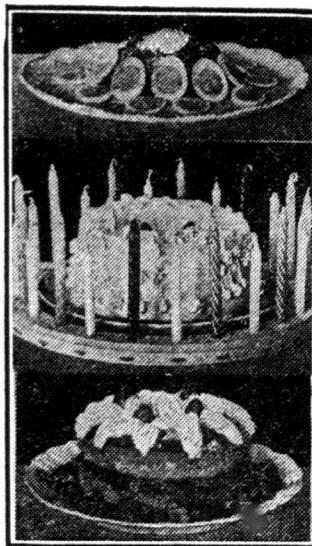
Given a large and attractive porch and a lawn of moderate dimensions, the settings for the affair are delightful. If the garden is one of ample size the little folks may be given a splendid party. Swings and hammocks may be provided. Croquet and tennis, if there is a court, may be played by the older children. Japanese and Chinese paper lanterns make suitable decorations.

The refreshments may be served on the porch or in tents put up on the lawn.

A rose party is just the kind to have in the month of June, when these blossoms are full blown. If the refreshments are served from a special table the color scheme for this should be pink. A great bowl of roses may ornament the center of the table. A crape paper cloth decorated with roses and rose sprinkled napkins of paper may be used.

A very pretty effect is obtained from the use of dillies and a centerpiece of rose patterned cretonne or chintz, as the edges can be plinked. They will serve from time to time and please children more than lace or embroidery.

Rose postal cards may be used for the invitations to a rose party. Another way is to cut sprays of roses and leaves from wall paper and paste them



PARTY SALAD AND CAKES.

on fine bristol board, cutting that out and writing the invitations on the plain side.

If you are giving a very large party

OWES HER LIFE TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Cured Both Stomach Trouble and Headaches

PALMERSTON, ONT., JUNE 20th. 1913.

"I really believe that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-tives'. Ever since childhood, I have been under the care of physicians and have been paying doctor's bills. I was so sick and worn out that people on the street often asked me if I thought I could get along without help. The same old Stomach Trouble and distressing Headaches nearly drove me wild. Sometime ago, I got a box of 'Fruit-a-tives' and the first box did me good. My husband was delighted and advised a continuation of their use.

Today, I am feeling fine, and a physician meeting me on the street, noticed my improved appearance and asked the reason. I replied, 'I am taking Fruit-a-tives'. He said, 'Well, if Fruit-a-tives are making you look so well, go ahead and take them. They are doing more for you than I can'.

MRS. H. S. WILLIAMS.

'Fruit-a-tives' are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box. 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

PARISIAN BEGGARS.

Clever Rogues Who Study the Weak Points of Their Victims.

An accomplished mendicant, like a clever salesman, studies his customers, discovers their weak points if he can and trades upon them. In this relation it is of interest to note the skillful methods whereby a certain class of Parisian beggars play upon the superstitions of their victims.

There is a common saying in France that giving alms brings good fortune, a saying that has not been overlooked by the Parisian beggar. If one visits the Sorbonne on the days of examination for the bachelor's degree he will see an interesting sight. The collegians approach, each with his dictionary under his arm, on his way to make the famous Latin version, on the success of which all his future depends. A crowd of beggars surround them.

"A sou, monsieur; a morsel of bread," the beggar will say to a collegian. "It will bring you happiness."

The candidate hurries on. "You will be blackballed, monsieur," the beggar continues.

This sinister prediction always takes effect. The collegian pulls out his purse, and the beggar turns away, chuckling.

A similar scene may be witnessed at the Hotel de Ville on the days of examination for certificate of ability for teaching. When there are no examinations in progress there may be races, and to them go the beggars, for gamblers and sporting men are notoriously superstitious.—Washington Star.

WIGS, HOODS AND CAPS.

Shapes, Colors and Significance of Old Egyptian Headgear.

The reliefs and paintings on the walls of the tombs and temples of the Egyptians show that that race of people

In some districts, however, there is fixed price for blood, and a feud may be avoided if the homicide pays, way of compensation to the relatives of his victim, sums ranging from \$50 to \$100, according to the strict. Once a debt has been thus quitted amicable relations are re-erected.

Curiously enough, although the Al- nians are so lawless, they do not like war on women. In fact a woman may traverse a hostile district without fear or injury, and is often employed as an intermediary in the settlement of a feud.

Peculiarity of Snow.

The water which will allay our rning thirst augments it when con- ealed into snow, so that it is stated explorers of the Arctic regions at the natives "prefer enduring the most extremity of thirst rather than empty to relieve it by eating snow." t if the snow be melted it becomes inkable water. Nevertheless, al- though if melted before entering the outh it assuages thirst like other ter, when melted in the mouth it s the opposite effect. To render is paradox more striking we have ly to remember that ice, which lts more slowly in the mouth, is ry efficient in allaying thirst.

The Diving Bell.

The celebrated philosopher Aris- le speaks of a diving bell which s put over the head of the diver, t there is no proof of the use of e bell in ancient times. John Jaes- er, who lived in the early part of e sixteenth century, makes the earl- t mention of the practical use of e diving bell in Europe. In all prob- bly the first real practical use of e diving bell was in the attempt at cuing the treasures of the Spanish nada off the English coast, 1590 d on.

Fashion.

There exists a strict relation be- een class of power and the exclu- e and polished circles. The last s always filled or filling from the t. Fashion, though in a strange y, represents all manly virtue. It virtue gone to seed, a kind of thumous honor, a hall of the past. eat men are not commonly in its ls. They are absent in the fields; y are working, not triumphing. shion is made up of their children. Emerson.

One Point Gained.

"Has that girl next door to you l got her parlor melodeon?" "No; she exchanged it for a cor- , I'm glad to say." "But, gracious, if she plays the net, that's worse, isn't it?" "Not at all. It's only half as bad. e can't sing while she's playing cornet."

Happiness.

A happiness that is quite undis- bed becomes tiresome; we must e ups and downs.—Moliere.

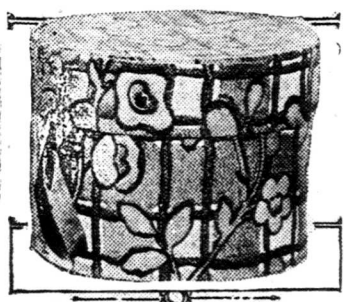
A Question.

The pen is mightier than the ord." Then can the fellow with the foun- pen be said to be carrying cou- led weapons?"—Town Topics.

Cured.

I thought it was a case of love at t sight." "It was; but, then, I took a second t"—Buffalo Express.

alent creates a work; genius keeps row dying.—Emerson.



FANCY GIFT BOXES.

lined. The boxes hold gifts and may be used for the accessories of the tol- let, such as neckwear, corsage bou- quets, necklaces, etc. Some of them are large enough to be used as hat boxes.

Cretonne sets are useful for the ta- ble. They are easily made, and if the cretonne is of a cool pattern in blue or one of yellow and the centerpiece of yellow or blue flowers to match a most attractive result will be obtained. Mark the plate size with the largest dinner plate and either crochet an edge to these or apply one of Irish crochet that can be bought for very little a yard at any of the shops.

Most attractive breakfast sets could be made of cretonne with a crocheted edge. The different sizes wanted are cut out of the cretonne. The edge is slightly rolled and worked with double crochet. Any desired edge of simple construction can be added.

Any particular color scheme can readily be carried out in these mats, and a simple crochet scallop would be a sufficient finish.

These cretonne sets are not only nice for breakfast use, but they are very appropriate for summer and seaside cottages.

If one would not care to crochet, a buttonholed scallop done in colored mercerized floss or a narrow braid could be used as a finish for the edge.

Every girl enjoys having dainty boxes in which to keep her belongings, and the handy needlewoman can easily make the chintz and cretonne covered boxes not only for herself, but as gifts for her less ingenious friend. Boxes of this kind can be made any size or shape, although the oblong ones are more easily constructed.

The Burned Church.

Jim (regarding damage to church by fire)—Good job it wasn't a factory. Bill. Bill—You're right, mate. Only one man put out of work, and he draws his money.—London Punch.

Probably an Accident.

"Did you notice how pale the bride- groom was?" "No. How did you happen to glance at him?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Not ignorant of misfortune, I learn from my own woes to aid the wretched. —Vergil.



PARTY SALAD AND CAKES.

on fine bristol board, cutting that out and writing the invitations on the plain side.

If you are giving a very large party for children and you feel that the en- tertainment of them is too much for you it would be wise to engage a kin- dergarten teacher to assist, as such a one is experienced in the work and would come for a small price. There are also innumerable games for chil- dren and other simple means of en- tertainment which any mother could suc- cessfully conduct.

Suggestions for the party menu need scarcely be made at a time when so many fresh fruits and vegetables are available. There may be a fresh vege- table salad garnished with sliced cold boiled eggs and mayonnaise dressing. Strawberry shortcake should appear on the table and if it is a birthday a cake with candles.

For the two latter the Boston Cook- ing School Magazine gives the follow- ing timely recipes:

According to this authority, a very fine strawberry shortcake is thus made: Sift together two cupfuls of sifted pas- try flour, half a level teaspoonful of soda, a slightly rounding teaspoonful of cream of tartar and half a teaspoon- ful of salt. With two knives work in one-third cupful of shortening; then mix to a soft dough with milk and spread the mixture smooth in two but- tered pans about seven and a half in- ches in diameter. Bake about twenty minutes. Spread the smoothest side of each cake generously with butter, put plenty of sugared berries on each and set one above the other. Pipe whipped cream above and surround with sugared berries. The cake will be at its best if the berries cut in halves are mixed with sugar half to a full hour before serving.

The birthday cake shown here is set in a ring, to which the candles are af- fixed, instead of, as usual, being placed on the cake. This handsome cake is made as follows: Cream two-thirds of a cupful of butter, gradually beat in one cupful of sugar, one cupful of hickory nut meats chopped, the beaten yolks of three eggs, one cupful of milk, three cupfuls of sifted flour, sifted again with two slightly rounding tea- spoonfuls of baking powder, and lastly the whites of three eggs beaten dry. Bake in a well greased pan with tube about forty-five minutes. When cold cover with confectioner's frosting and decorate with boiled frosting. Use a plain copper tube for stems, the leaf tube for leaves and a small five point- ed tin tube for the blossoms.

Eliminating Insect Pests.

To get rid of roaches try the follow- ing: To one part of sulphur add an equal amount of ground red pepper and five parts of borax. Mix well and dust into their runways, resting places and breeding places with a bellows.

Some housewives use with good re- sults a mixture of borax and red pep- per. The addition of sulphur to this is to be recommended. It fumigates the haunts of the marauders, besides be- ing disagreeable to them when they are alive.

animation for certificate of ability for teaching. When there are no examina- tions in progress there may be races, and to them go the beggars, for game- sters and sporting men are notoriously superstitious.—Washington Star.

WIGS, HOODS AND CAPS.

Shapes, Colors and Significance of Old Egyptian Headgear.

The reliefs and paintings on the walls of the tombs and temples of the Egyp- tians show that that race of people wore thick and elegant headdresses. Hats with brims were apparently un- known. Their headgear consisted of wigs, hoods and caps.

"The wigs were very likely made of hair or tow, for their great size could not have been made by dressing of a person's own hair; the caps were also very large and high and made of material which as to its kind can only be guessed at," says Charles E. Keater in a history and development of hats and headgear.

"The largest were cupola shaped, and their use was probably confined," he further says, "to those of royal blood. They were yellow, white and red. It is supposed that the yellow ones were made of brass and were a kind of hel- met, that the white was the crown of upper Egypt and the red the crown of lower Egypt. The pschent, a combina- tion of the white and red, was consid- ered as the symbol of the rule over the land. Lower flat crowned caps were worn both alone and over a hood, and sometimes with a strap under the chin to hold the headpiece in place. The huge wigs were probably worn upon the shaven heads, as it is supposed that the clean shaven head was as preva- lent in Egypt as it is now in tropical Asia."

A Reason For Tears.

An amusing story about Dr. Archib- ald Pitcairne, the physician, Jacobite and scholar, is told by Francis Watt in "The Book of Edinburgh Anecdote."

Dr. Pitcairne was not often a church- goer, but on one occasion he took ref- uge in a church from a shower of rain. The sermon was commonplace, but the preacher was emotional, and he wept copiously and, as it seemed to Pit- cairne, irrelevantly. He turned to the only other occupant of the pew, a stolid countryman, and whispered, "What on earth gars the man greet (weep)?"

"You would maybe greet yourself," was the solemn answer, "if you was up there and had as little to say."

Census Reports Take Time.

Each United States census report re- presents a compilation of statistics for the entire country, and much time is required to make an actual canvass and to publish the results. For exam- ple, in the census of manufacturers uniform reports must be secured from more than 270,000 establishments and in the census of agriculture from more than 6,000,000 farms. In collecting sta- tistics from manufacturers, farmers, electric light and power plants, electric railways and other interests it is nec- essary to allow a sufficient time to fill out the schedule so as not to interfere with the conduct of private business.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colic, and heals the throat and lungs. :: :: 25 cents.

Taking a Holiday ?

If you are don't fail to see our Big Range of Suit Cases and Club Bags. We have some big bargains to show you in Travelling Goods.

Imitation Leather Suit Cases, sizes 24 and 26 inch. Special..	\$1.00
Japanese Matting Suit Cases, sizes 24 inch. Special.....	1.25
Real Fibre Suit Cases, the nearest thing to leather yet made. Special	1.50
Genuine Leather Suit Cases, 22 inch 3.75. 24 inch.....	3.95
Black Walrus Grain Leather Suit Cases at	6.50, 7.00, 7.50 and 8.00
Black Walrus Grain Club Bags, full leather lined.....	3.50
Other good styles as high as.....	15.00

- - SPECIAL - -

45 PAIR Ladies' Tan Oxfords and Pumps \$1.98
Regular \$3.00, 3.50, and 4.00. To clear.....

THE J. J. HAINES, Shoe Houses,

Largest Shoe Dealers in this Section,
Napanee, Belleville, Trenton and Smith's Falls.

This is the Season for Fresh Fruit.

We are now offering

Cherries, Gooseberries, Red Currants, Red Raspberries, etc. Large Supplies. Prices Right.

Give me a call for Fresh Fruit.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Guns, loaded shells, new fresh loaded shells made expressly for our trade. Best of powder. BOYLE & SON

Excavation for the new army was started on Wednesday. A couple of teams and a bunch of men are engaged.

A full line of all grades of stationary correspondence cards and calling cards at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. P. S.—Buy your stationary by the pound and save money.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at St. Paul's Rectory, Stratford, on Thursday, August 6th, by Rev. Mr. Hudgins, when M. W. Clancy was united in marriage to Miss Annie Catherine Goettler. After the ceremony, the happy couple left for Toronto and Niagara Falls. On their return they will reside in Napanee.

A. S. Kimmerly has to hand a full car of seed corn of the following varieties : Giant, Prolific, Sweet Ensilage, Leaming, White Cop, Yellow Dent, Stowell's Evergreen, Longfellow, Comptons Early, North Dakota White Flint. I pay \$1 per bus. for wheat. Sugars still sell at old prices, as before the allowance.

The Rochester Park Band and the band of the Royal Artillery have been engaged at an enormous expense to supply music for afternoon and evening concerts at the Cobourg Horse Show on August 18 to 22. The proceeds of the show, after expenses are paid, will be given to the soldiers of this district, who go to war. More races, flat and hunter, will be a great feature of this year's show. Reduced fares on all railways.

FISHING TACKLE

New trolling spoons, and new lines and hooks. BOYLE & SON.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat: first class workmen: cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

THE LIBERAL LEADER'S ATTITUDE.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Statement to the People of Canada at the time of Crisis.

The position of the Canadian Liberal Party in the present crisis is put before the people in a statement given to the press by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. At that time, Great Britain was not involved in war but the Liberal leader had cut short his holiday stay in Quebec and had returned to Ottawa in order to be at the capital in the event of a serious crisis.

"The policy of the Canadian Liberal Party under such painful circumstances is well known. I have often declared that if the Mother Country were ever in danger, or if danger ever threatened, Canada would render assistance to the full extent of her power. In view of the critical nature of the situation, I have cancelled all my meetings. Pending such a grave question there should be a truce to party strife."

The meetings referred to by Sir Wilfrid were those to be held on a transcontinental tour which had been arranged for August and September. The list of meetings which have been cancelled included one to be held in each Province of the Dominion.

CANADA'S DUTY PLAIN.

The Dominion Must do Her Full Share in the Present Crisis.

There is no difference of opinion in Canada to-day as to the duty of the Dominion in the present crisis. For many reasons the people of Canada are hastening to the assistance of Great Britain. The war is not one of aggression on the part of Britain but a war of defence forced upon Britain and her Dominions by the German Emperor.

As a matter of self-interest Canada must do all in her power to meet successfully the possible attacks from the Empire's foes. Nor is this all.

Ranged side by side in the conflict are Britain and France, representative of the loftiest ideals and noblest practice in present-day civilization, the nations from which the two great races making up the vast majority of the Canadian people have sprung. Though the great accomplishments of other nations are not to be forgotten, defeat of these countries would mean a set-back to what is best in civilization, victory the widening of the bounds of liberty and progress.

For these reasons, if there were no others, Canada's duty is plain and there is no difference of opinion among Canadian leaders or the Canadian people as to prompt, whole-hearted action in its fulfilment.

Party differences fade into significance in the presence of the great crisis. The Liberal leader has declared "a truce to party strife." Among right-thinking Canadians it is everywhere recognized that this is not the time for party divisions, party debate and party struggle. Canadian public men and Canadian newspapers, for the most part, have recognized this fact and are proving true to the obligation it imposes upon them to forget partisanship and remember only the needs of Canada and the Empire. Unfortunately, there have been a few unworthy exceptions.

Unable to emulate the patriotic example of the statesmen and press of Britain, attempts have been made in Canada to engender party feeling at the threshold of the greatest crisis with which the British peoples have ever been faced. At least one Minis-

Prices for Pressing

Men's Suits . . .	50c
" Trousers . .	15c
" O'Coats . .	50c
Ladies' Suits . . .	75c
" Jackets . .	35c
" Skirts . . .	35c

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister

The Pastor, Rev. A. L. Howard will preach at both services.

Do not let us forget to worship this Christian country in times of war.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 16th.

Services at S. Mary Magdalene Church :

10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

7 p. m.—Evensong.

W. E. KIDD, M.A., Vicar

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs on Saturday, August 15th. Will pay \$9.25 and \$8.50 for sows. Am paying from 5 to 7 cts. per calves.

FRED WILSON.

Excursion to Picton.

Str. Lamonde will commence her Wednesday afternoon excursion: July 8th, 1914, and every Wednesday through July and August. Leave Napanee at 6 a.m., and 1 p.m., call at all way ports, giving half hour one hour in Picton. Fare for round trip, 35c.

Martin & Collier.

EGG PRESERVER—You get it right kind at Hooper's, Napanee. Largest Drug Store.



TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

COUCH HAMMOCKS.

We have a few left which to close we will sell at cost.

M. S. MADOLE.

When you're in a hurry, and want good goods, phone or write us, and we will get them to you in the shortest possible time. Don't wait. No. 64. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper

A Woman's Plea.

Say I'm getting old and I'll
Try to keep from being tearful.
Bravely I will try to smile
And pretend that I am cheerful.
Say my hair is turning gray.
Say I'm old—it will not matter—
Say my youth is gone, but pray
Do not say I'm getting fatter!
—Chicago Record-Herald.

Shrewd Deduction.

"She must have a very clever husband."
"What makes you think so?"
"Her paper on Browning was so well done."—Detroit Free Press.

show on August 15 to 22. The proceeds of the show, after expenses are paid, will be given to the soldiers of this district, who go to war. More races, flat and hunter, will be a great feature of this year's show. Reduced fares on all railways.

FISHING TACKLE

New trolling spoons, and new lines and hooks. BOYLE & SON.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat: first class workmen: cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Pickling Season.

Everything you need such as spices, vinegar, bottle wax, paraffin wax and corks at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Piano Pupils Wanted.

Miss Florence Stevens is prepared to teach a limited number of pupils. Special instruction and equipment in kindergarten music. Terms on application. Phone 32.

Hogs Wanted.

Messrs. J. W. Hall and C. W. Hambly will ship hogs on Monday, Aug. 17th, 1914. \$8.75 paid for select hogs. All hogs must be delivered before 1 o'clock.

Trinity Church Excursion.

August 26th, per steamer Brockville. Boat leaves at 9 a.m., sharp for Sans Souci Camp. And again at 1 p.m., will leave calling at Sans Souci Camp and going on down the Bay to Picton.

Entrance to Normal.

Group I.—J. Aylesworth, R. M. Barnes, E. R. Gordon, C. F. Hamm, F. E. Moore, G. E. Metzler, J. W. Milne, M. A. Milling, C. R. Salsbury, L. M. Wilson.

Group II.—A. G. Herrington.

Group III.—C. M. Campbell, E. M. Gleeson, G. E. Lewis, C. K. Perry, H. E. Salsbury, M. Thompson, C. R. Wilson.

and party struggle. Canadian public men and Canadian newspapers, for the most part, have recognized this fact and are proving true to the obligation it imposes upon them to forget partisanship and remember only the needs of Canada and the Empire. Unfortunately, there have been a few unworthy exceptions.

Unable to emulate the patriotic example of the statesmen and press of Britain, attempts have been made in Canada to engender party feeling at the threshold of the greatest crisis with which the British peoples have ever been faced. At least one Minister of the Crown and several newspapers have made such efforts. Such efforts invite reprisals but it is the part of a true patriotism to do nothing to rouse political strife at a time when there is need of a united front and united action in the Dominion and throughout the British Empire.

In due time effective reply can be made to present attacks upon Liberalism, and there can be full discussion of the course followed by Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues in abandoning in the face of a unanimous resolution of the House of Commons the policy already successfully commenced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues of a Canadian naval service to be available for the protection of Canadian coasts and trade routes and for co-operation in such a crisis as the present with other naval forces of the Empire. There can be discussion, too, of the reasons which have led to the inaction of the Ministry over a period of three years and the consequences of that neglect as they are evident to-day.

Have pity on your cattle and use Dr. Williams' Fly Oil. For sale by M. S. MADOLE.

Sir Thos. Shaughnessy Will Donate Hospital Ship to Canadian Women

The women of Canada have found an ally in Sir Thomas Shaughnessy in their undertaking to provide a hospital ship for the use of the Imperial navy during the present war. It was announced at the mass meeting of the Local Council of Women, held here to-night, that Sir Thomas would contribute the ship and that the women of the country would furnish the equipment for it.

Sir Thomas' gift will represent many thousands of dollars, and the women of Canada propose to supplement it by at least \$100,000. Various organizations throughout Ontario are working zealously to raise the required sum, and on Friday they will make their greatest effort to procure subscriptions.—Daily Mail and Empire.

Those in charge of the Fund in Napanee being collected under the auspices of the I. O. D. E., by the women of Canada, for a hospital ship for the Empire, hope to publish a full list of subscribers to this fund in next week's papers.

All those who have not yet seen or heard of the appeal being made to the public, are earnestly requested to contribute.

An appeal for the wounded in our Empire's cause should not be ignored. Much appreciation is expressed to those who have already subscribed.

Let everyone lend a helping hand.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Everything to catch the fly and hold him till you come at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.



NEW SPRING SUIT

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsted Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Style and guaranteed the Best Range \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'

Napanee, Ont.

MADI

Laces

8c Values 3 1-2c

3 Specials for Sat

No. 1—Saturday Special

patterns. These are, we think, 1 lot. We will, for Saturday only, 48c. See Window.

No. 2—Saturday Special,

Sale. These are all nice fine material to 8c yard. Saturday Special, 8c.

Wednesday Special Half

purple and saxe blue, finished with save your good skirt during the 49 cents each.

New Fall and V

Having placed into stock them. The range is the largest now. If you don't want it quite s

Bri

MADII

Do Not Leave the Receiver Off.

Some person may want to do business with you. Do you, Mr. Merchant, realize that when you cease to advertise you are leaving the receiver off? Many readers of the paper have requirement in your line and have the money to satisfy them. If you do not tell them what you have and what the prices are, they will naturally go to your competitor who gives them this information and invites their custom.

Do not leave the receiver off your telephone, and do not neglect your advertising if you wish to make it easy and pleasant to do business with you.

THE PRESS

PUBLICITY

Copyrighted 1914

SEICL SYNDICATE

Prices for Pressing

Men's Suits . . .	50c
" Trousers . .	15c
" O'Coats . .	50c
Ladies' Suits . . .	75c
" Jackets . .	35c
" Skirts . . .	35c

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

v. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister.
he Pastor, Rev. A. L. Howard,
preach at both services.
o not let us forget to worship in
Christian country in times of

SDAY, AUGUST 16th.

ervices at S. Mary Magdalene
rch :

3.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
p. m.—Evensong.

W. E. KIDD, M.A., Vicar.

is Wanted.

Vill ship hogs on Saturday, Aug-
15th. Will pay \$9.25 and \$3.50 for
s. Am paying from 5 to 7 cts. for
res.

FRED WILSON.

ursion to Picton.

tr. Lamonde will commence her
dnesday afternoon excursion: July
1914, and every Wednesday
ough July and August. Leaves
ance at 6 a.m. and 1 p.m., calling
ll way ports, giving half hour to
hour in Picton. Fare for round
35c.

Martin & Collier.

GG PRESERVER—You get the
it kind at Hooper's, Napanee's
gest Drug Store.



TRINITY & GRACE CHURCHES

UNION SERVICES

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., in charge
Sunday, August 16th.
10.30—Service in Grace Church.
7 p.m.—Service in Trinity Church.
All classes meet in Grace Church at
9.30.

Sunday School in each church at
the close of the morning service.
Each church will conduct its own
prayer service, and any other week
evening meetings.

A cordial welcome to all the ser-
vices.

PERSONALS

Mrs. S. G. Sills, Belleville, is the
guest of Mrs. Chas. Hambley.

Mrs. J. E. Robinson is visiting her
sister, at Baldwinsville, N. Y.

Mrs. A. F. Holmes, Mrs. Dr. Ward
and Miss Nellie Herring spent last
week with Mrs. Jas. Downey, Whitby.

Miss Heck is spending the month in
Muskoka.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Cliffe spent a
few days this week with Mr. and Mrs.
G. A. Blewitt at Sans Souci.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Smith, Boston,
Mass., are visiting his parents, Mr.
and Mrs. E. M. Smith, Morven.

Miss Ida Manion, Selby, is visiting
friends in Rochester.

Mrs. Zappe, Owen Sound, is visiting
her mother, Mrs. J. Chapman, Clarks-
ville.

Miss Jessie Gault and Mrs. Robt.
Hilliard, Toronto, have been spending
a week with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Perry.

Miss Margaret Armstrong has re-
turned home from a month's visit
at 1000 Islands, Clayton and St. Law-
rence.

Try Mrs. C. Oliver, first-class dress-
maker. First floor over Milling's
meat shop. 35-c-p

Miss Florence Beadle has returned
to St. Lawrence, N. Y., after spending
a week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F.
H. Perry.

Miss Edith Vine is visiting her
sister in Peterboro.

Miss Roberta Bell is spending her
holidays in Toronto and Hamilton.

Mrs. Stephen Gibson is visitig
friends in Belleville.

Miss Etna Baker has been appointed
principal of Hawkesbury public school.

Mrs. Harriet Clute, Deseronto, is
visiting her nephew, Mr. G. W. Shil-
bey, Thomas street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Cline and daughter,
Elsie, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs.
Cline's mother, Mrs. H. Meng, Bridge
street.

Mr. J. F. Smith and family have
returned from East Lake. They were
accompanied by their daughter, Mrs.
A. E. Beck, of Rochester.

A. E. Beck of Rochester, is visiting
J. F. Smith. They are leaving this
morning for a few days fishing at
East Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dr. Cart-
wright and Mr. Douglas Ham, spent
Sunday at "The Maples", Kingston.

Messrs. F. H. Carson, B. M. Black,
F. W. Vandusen and Chas. Switzer
are attending Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.
in Toronto this week.

Miss Kathleen Hunter is home from
Hartford, Conn., for a holiday.

Mr. Kenneth Ham returned on Sat-
urday after spending a month at Mr.
F. F. Miller's camp.

Mr. F. S. Boyes, Mr. and Mrs. C. I.
Maybee, Mrs. Wm. Maytee and Mr.
Can Shorey, had a very successful

Mr. Douglas Ham spent Wednesday
in Ottawa.

Dr. Elliott Vanalstine, Chicago, is
visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Irvine Vanalstine, South Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Palen, Ottawa, are
visiting his consins, Mr. and Mrs.
Harry Snider, Wilton.

Misses Florence and Edna Haviland
Toronto, are spending a couple of
weeks with Mr. F. H. Perry's family.

Mrs. Blanche Bowen returned to
Toronto last Wednesday, accompanied
by her sister, Miss Josephine Loucks,
who will spend a few weeks visiting
friends and relatives in the city.

Mrs. H. W. Kelly is visiting friends
at Gananoque.

Mrs. C. M. Warner and daughter,
Elizabeth, returned from England on
Tuesday and went to Glen Island
Wednesday.

Mr. Harvey Warner, Mrs. Sidney
Warner, Mrs. Eakins and Mrs. Lung
are spending a couple of weeks at
Glen Island.

Clarence C. Taylor of Detroit is
spending a few days visiting Mr.
Mack Williams.

Messrs. Harry and Ray Grooms,
Toronto, are visiting their parents,
Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms, Rich-
mond.

The Misses Bedell, Watertown, are
spending a month with Mr. and Mrs.
Z. A. Grooms.

Mrs. M. S. Madole spent last week
in Toronto.

Mrs. (Rev.) C. O'Dell Baylee, with
her two children, Miss Susan E. Bay-
lee and William O'Dell Baylee, of
Stellarton, N. S. are spending a
month with her brother, Robert H.
McGuinness, and other relatives,
Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Allen, New York,
are visiting at her father's, Mr. M. S.
Madole's.

Mr. Russell, Williams, Toronto, is
spending his holidays in town.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Cliff spent a
few days this week the guests of Mr.
and Mrs. G. A. Blewitt at Sans Souci.

Miss Helen Williamson, Kingston, is
visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. S.
Derry, at Sans Souci.

Miss Adelaide McGuinness, Belleville
Road, returned on Saturday from
Guelph where she was attending the
Rural Teachers' Conference at the
Agricultural College from Aug. 1st to
Aug. 7th.

PRESERVING TIME.

Sealers all sizes, also rubber and
zinc rings and glass tops.

M. S. MADOLE.

Mr. and Mrs. U. I. Flach left on
Friday last for St. Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Pringle and Mrs.
Jas. Craig spent Wednesday in Ot-
tawa.

BIRTHS.

COOKE—At Kingston General Hospit-
tal, on Wednesday, Aug. 5th, 1914, to
Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Cooke, a daughter.

KIDD—At Napanee, on Tuesday,
Aug. 11th, 1914, to Rev. W. E. and
Mrs. Kidd, a son.

LASHER—At Roblin, on Friday,
August 7th, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs.
Milton Lasher, a daughter.

DEATHS.

BONGARD—At Tyendenaga, on Sun-
day, Aug. 9th, 1914, William Bongard.

McNEIL—In Richmond, on Tuesday,
August 11th, 1914, Jane McNeill, aged
70 years, 10 months.

YOUNG—At Richmond, on Friday,
Aug. 7th, 1914, John Young, aged 72
years, 11 months, 26 days.

Pests Galore !

The grass hopper, army worm and
soon the rat looking for his winter-
home, in your cellar and barn; be
ready to welcome him with a bottle of
rat poison. Mummifies remains and
leaves no odor. 25c per bottle at
Wallace's Drug Store.

Notice.

A list of the names of all the mem-
bers of the South Fredericksburgh
Farmers' Club are being handed to
Boyle & Son's, Napanee. Members
desiring binder twine at the Club
order prices are requested to order the
amount and quality of twine they
require as early as possible

D. W. YOUNG,
Sec.-Treas.

Monuments !

All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at

The Napanee Marble &
Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzarello.

Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.

333m.





NEW SPRING SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsted, New
Tweed—Tailored in the Latest Styles
I guarantee the Best Range of
5.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

wright and Mr. Douglas Ham, spent
Sunday at "The Maples", Kingston.

Messrs. F. H. Carson, B. M. Black,
F. W. Vandusen and Chas. Switzer
are attending Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.
in Toronto this week.

Miss Kathleen Hunter is home from
Hartford, Conn., for a holiday.

Mr. Kenneth Ham returned on Sat-
urday after spending a month at Mr.
F. E. Miller's camp.

Mr. F. S. Boyes, Mr. and Mrs. C. I.
Maybee, Mrs. Wm. Maybee and Mr.
Can Shorey, had a very successful
fishing trip to Beaver Lake on Friday
last. Mr. Boyes made the run to
Beaver Lake in 55 minutes with his
new "Overland".

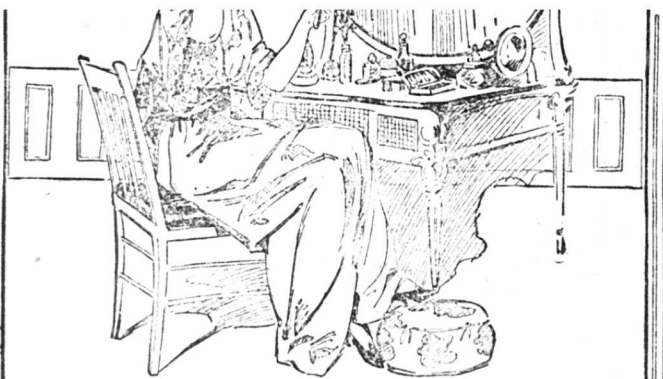
Mrs. Newby and daughter, Myrtle,
returned to their home in Chillawack,
B. C., on Thursday, after visiting
relatives and friends in town and
vicinity.

Mrs. Nicholas Vanalstine and daugh-
ter, Mrs. F. Hudson, returned on
Monday after spending the week end
visiting in Kingston.

Miss Mabel Dunbar is spending a
few days at Sans Souci camp with the
Misses Nesbitt.

Mrs. Geo. Savage and baby, are
visiting friends in Owosso, Mich.

Miss Alice Wanamaker returned
home on Saturday after spending two
weeks with Miss Jettah Gould. Miss
Gould accompanied her to Stirling
and intends to spend a few weeks in
those parts and attend the Toronto
Exhibition.



FOR THE TOILET TABLE

Our stocks of Creams, Powders, Toilet Waters, Perfumes, and other
essentials of the toilet table are fresh, complete, and moderately priced.
You will find it advantageous to buy from us.

Incidentally, it is just the right time to remark that there are many
ladies in this community who at this season of the year find it desirable
to brighten up certain articles in their wardrobe.

Diamond Dyes

Are Best for this Purpose

The Napanee Drug Co. SAVES YOU MONEY
HAS IT FOR LESS

MADILL'S THE SEASON'S MOST REMARK- ABLE SAVINGS.

Laces

Values 3 1-2c

Colored Underskirts

\$1.00 Values 49c

Ladies' Slip-on Aprons

\$1.00 Values 48c

Specials for Saturday, August 15th, and Wednesday the 19th, Half Holiday Sale

1---Saturday Special 8.30 a. m. \$1.00 Values, 48c. 10 dozen Ladies full size slip-on Aprons, short sleeves, round
neck, buttons down back, finished with white pipings, belt of self, blue ground white stripe
patterns. These are, we think, the biggest bargains you will see for some time, as we got a big cut in the wholesale price by taking the whole
We will, for Saturday only, offer the whole lot, 10 dozen, at about half what you would pay for them regular. \$1.00 values, 8.30 a. m.,
See Window.

2---Saturday Special, 8.30 a.m., Valenciennes Lace and Insertion. Values up to 8c yd. for 3 1-2c yard. 1000 yards Val Lace and Insertion for Saturday
These are all nice fine materials and patterns. Our only reason for this big cut in price, stock to heavy for this time of year. Regular up
c yard. Saturday Special, 8.30 a. m., your choice 3 1/2c yard.

Wednesday Special Half Holiday Sale, August the 19th. \$1.00 Values for 49c. 5 dozen Ladies' and Misses' Sateen
Underskirts 36 to 42 inches long, in colors paddy green, cerise,
blue and saxe blue, finished with deep flounce of self. A good strong skirt, medium light weight for the cool days of fall. Buy one or two and
your good skirt during the bad fall weather. These will be on display Monday afternoon. Sale Wednesday, sharp 8 a. m. \$1.00 values
cents each.

New Fall and Winter Coats.

New Fall and Winter Coats

Having placed into stock the very newest in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Fall and Winter Coats we invite you to come in and see
The range is the largest we have ever had, and we might mention they are all Northway Garments. Come in and make your selection
If you don't want it quite so early we will be pleased to put it aside for you.

Bring your Cards and get your September Designers.

MADILL'S

'PHONE 77.

NAPANEE